Attachment #1—Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Detailed Statement of Need and Reasonableness

Proposed Amendments to Minnesota Rules Governing Hazardous Waste, Chapters 7001 and 7045

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Pollution Control Agency Proposed Permanent Rules Relating to Hazardous Waste, Chapters 7001 and 7045

The [bracketed, bolded, shaded] discussion following each proposed rule change in the following extract describes the rationale for the proposed changes. This extract of the certified rule may contain errors associated with translation/editing. The certified rule is the official form of the proposed rule.

7001.0150 TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PERMITS.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Special conditions.** Each draft and final permit must contain conditions necessary for the permittee to achieve compliance with applicable Minnesota or federal statutes or rules, including each of the applicable requirements in parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, and any conditions that the agency determines to be necessary to protect human health and the environment. If applicable to the circumstances, the conditions must include:

[In subpart 2, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **General conditions.** Unless specifically exempted by statute or rule, each draft and final permit must include the following general conditions and the agency shall incorporate these conditions into all permits either expressly or by specific reference to this part:

[For text of items A to O, see M.R.]

P. Compliance with an <u>a</u> RCRA permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with subtitle C of RCRA except for those requirements not included in the permit which:

[In item P, the MPCA corrects grammar.]//

- (1) become effective by statute;
- (2) are adopted under parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, restricting the placement of hazardous wastes in or on the land; or

[In subitem (2), the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

- (3) are adopted under parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 regarding leak detection systems for new and replacement surface impoundment, waste pile, and landfill units, and lateral expansions of surface impoundment, waste pile, and landfill units. The leak detection system requirements include double liners, construction quality assurance programs, monitoring, action leakage rates, and response action plans, and will be implemented through the procedures of part 7001.0730, minor permit modifications; or [In subitem (3), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//
- (4) are adopted under parts 7045.0645, 7045.0647, and 7045.0648, limiting air emissions.

[In subitem (4), the MPCA adopts a reference to amendments being adopted in this rulemaking that correspond to the federally required amendments to RCRA regulations titled, "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers," with the EPA assigned RCRA Revision Checklist #154-1, item 34 (abbreviated hereafter in the following format: [required/optional] RCRA Amendment 154-1.34). Adopting this amendment makes this rule provision equivalent to Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, section 270.4(a)(4) (abbreviated hereafter in the following format: = 40 CFR 270.4(a)(4)). Hereafter, where the MPCA relies on the EPA's amendment rationale to establish the reasonableness of an amendment, the MPCA cites the supporting background discussion in the Federal Register (FR). The reasonableness of this specific amendment is supported at Volume 59, FR, pages 62896-62953 (abbreviated as 59 FR 62896), on December 6, 1994.]//

7001.0501 UNDERGROUND INJECTION.

References to underground injection of waste throughout this chapter are subject to Minnesota statutes and rules prohibiting the discharge of waste or pollutants to the saturated or unsaturated zones.

[In new part 7001.0501, the MPCA clarifies that, despite references to underground injection of waste found in chapter 7045 or incorporated federal regulations, underground injection is also subject to other Minnesota Statutes and Rules that prohibit underground injection of waste or pollutants. For example, part 7060.0100 prohibits the discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other waste to the saturated zone (groundwater) or unsaturated zone (soil above the water table). The purpose of such a restriction, as stated in part 7060.0100, is to preserve and protect underground waters by preventing pollution. Thus, it is reasonable to include in the hazardous waste rules a clarification that reference to underground injection in chapter 7045 is not only subject to hazardous waste rules but also to other statutes and rules governing underground discharges of waste or pollutants.]//

7001.0520 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Termination of eligibility for permit by rule.** The eligibility of an owner or operator of an elementary neutralization unit, a pretreatment unit, a wastewater treatment unit, or a combustion waste facility to be permitted under this part is subject to termination by the agency after notice and opportunity for a contested case hearing or a public informational meeting if the agency makes any of the findings set forth in items A to D. An owner or operator whose eligibility to be permitted under this part has been terminated shall apply for and obtain an individual permit under these parts. The following findings constitute justification for the commissioner to commence proceedings to terminate eligibility:

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. that under the circumstances, in order to protect human health or the environment, the permitted facility should be subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0452 to 7045.0544 7045.0450 to 7045.0551.

1	[In item D, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts
2	were added.]//
3	Subp. 5. Closure by removal. Owners or operators of surface impoundments, land
4	treatment units, and waste piles closing by removal or decontamination under parts
5	7045.0552 to 7045.0642 <u>7045.0651</u> must obtain a postclosure permit unless they can
6	demonstrate to the agency that the closure met the requirements for closure by removal or
7	decontamination in part 7045.0532, subpart 7; 7045.0534, subpart 7; or 7045.0536,
8	subpart 8. The demonstration may be made in the following ways:
9	[In subp. 5, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts
10	were added.]//
11	[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
12	[For text of subps 6 and 7, see M.R.]
13	
14	7001.0550 CONTENTS OF PART A OF APPLICATION.
15	Part A of the application must contain the following information:
16	[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]
17	[For text of tiems A to D, see M.R.]
18	E. a list of the waste designated under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155 as
19	hazardous to be treated, stored, or disposed of by the applicant and an estimate of the
20	quantity of each hazardous waste to be treated, stored, or disposed of annually by the
21	applicant;
22	[In item E, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts
23	were added.]//
24	[For text of items F to J, see M.R.]
25	
26	7001 0540 CENEDAL INFORMATION DECLIDEMENTS FOR DART D
26	7001.0560 GENERAL INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR PART B OF APPLICATION.
27	
28	Part B of the application must contain the following information:
29	[For text of item A, see M.R.]
30	B. Chemical and physical analyses of the hazardous wastes to be handled at the
31 32	facility. At a minimum, these analyses must contain all <u>the</u> information that is necessary must be known to treat, store, or dispose of the wastes properly in accordance with parts
33	7045.0450 to 7045.0551.
34	[In item B, the MPCA revises language slightly to improve clarity and corrects a
35	citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//
36	[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]
37	E. A copy of the general inspection schedule required by part 7045.0452, subpart 5,
38	item B, including, if applicable, the information in parts 7045.0526, subpart 5; 7045.0528,
39	subpart 7; 7045.0532, subpart 5; 7045.0534, subparts 5 and 6; 7045.0536, subpart 4;
40	7045.0538, subpart 5; 7045.0539, subpart 3; and 7045.0542, subpart 7; and the process
41	vent and equipment leak standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections
42	264.1033, 264.1052, 264.1053, and 264.1058, as amended, and sections 264.1084,
43	264.1085, 264.1086, and 264.1088, as incorporated in part 7045.0540.

[In item E, the MPCA adopts cross references to federal regulations relating to Organic Air Emissions that are being adopted in part 7045.0540 and which are based on required RCRA Amendments 154.51 and 154-1.35: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.14(b)(5), and justified at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996; and required RCRA Amendment 163.40: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 270.14(b)(5), and justified at 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997.]//

[For text of items F to U, see M.R.]

V. For land disposal facilities, if a case-by-case extension has been approved under part 7045.0075, subpart 8 by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.5, or a petition has been granted under part 7045.0075, subpart 9, a copy of the notice of approval for the extension or petition is required.

[In item V, the MPCA revises language to clarify an existing requirement relating to the granting of case-by-case extensions for land disposal facilities. Only EPA has the authority to issue case-by-case extensions for land disposal facilities because this aspect of the RCRA program is not delegable to the states. In this rulemaking, the MPCA has removed specific references to part 7045.0075, subpart 8, (which formerly directed the reader to the federal requirements) and replaced them with direct citations to the appropriate federal citation. This is a clarifying change that does not alter the effect of the existing rules.]//

7001.0570 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR FACILITIES THAT STORE CONTAINERS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

Except as otherwise provided in part 7045.0526, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes to store containers of hazardous waste, the applicant shall furnish the following information in addition to the information required by part 7001.0560:

[For text of items A to F, see M.R.]

G. Information on air emission controls as required in part 7001.0635.

[In item G, the MPCA adopts cross references to federal regulations relating to organic air emissions that are being adopted in this rulemaking in part 7045.0540 and which are based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.36: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.15(e); as supported by 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. In this rulemaking the MPCA is also revising the adopted federal phrase "emission control equipment" to read "emission controls" because this phrase is already used in existing part 7001.0635, and because this phrase is more descriptive of the content of the rule because the rule also applies to non-equipment types of air emission controls.]//

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7001.0580 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR STORAGE OR TREATMENT TANKS.

Except as otherwise provided in part 7045.0528, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes to use tanks to store or treat hazardous waste, the applicant shall furnish the following information, in writing, in addition to the information required by part 7001.0560:

[For text of items A to H, see M.R.]

- I. description of controls and practices to prevent spills and overflows, as required under part 7045.0528, subpart 6, item B; and
- J. for tank systems in which ignitable, reactive, or incompatible wastes are to be stored or treated, a description of how operating procedures and tank system and facility design will achieve compliance with the requirements of part 7045.0528, subparts 10 and 11; and

K. information on air emission controls as required in part 7001.0635.

[The reasonableness of this change is discussed in part 7001.0570, item G above.]//

7001.0590 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS.

Except as otherwise provided in part 7045.0532, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes to store, treat, or dispose of hazardous waste in surface impoundment facilities, the applicant shall submit detailed plans and specifications accompanied by an engineering report which collectively includes the following information in addition to the information required by part 7001.0560:

[For text of items A to J, see M.R.]

K. A waste management plan for hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soil contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, describing how the surface impoundment is or will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the requirements of part 7045.0532, subpart 10. This plan must address the following items as specified in part 7045.0532, subpart 10:

[In item K, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the correct, revised citation.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

[For text of items L and M, see M.R.]

N. Information on air emission controls as required in part 7001.0635.

[The reasonableness of this change is discussed in part 7001.0570, item G above.]//

7001.0600 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR WASTE PILES.

Except as otherwise provided by part 7045.0534, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes to store or treat hazardous waste in waste piles, the applicant shall furnish the information required by items A to M in addition to the information required by part 7001.0560:

[For text of items A to K, see M.R.]

2 soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and 3 F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, describing how a waste pile that 4 is not enclosed is or will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the requirements of part 7045.0534, subpart 10. This submission must address the following items as specified in part 7045.0534, subpart 10: 6 7 [In item L, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the correct 8 citation.]// 9 [For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.] 10 [For text of item M, see M.R.] 11 12 7001.0610 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR LAND 13 TREATMENT. 14 Except as otherwise provided by part 7045.0536, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes 15 to use land treatment to dispose of hazardous waste, the applicant shall furnish the information designated in items A to I in addition to the information required by part 16 17 7001.0560: 18 [For text of items A to H, see M.R.] 19 20 I. A waste management plan for hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and 21 22 F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, describing how a land treatment 23 facility is or will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the 24 requirements of part 7045.0536, subpart 11. This plan must address the following items 25 as specified in part 7045.0536, subpart 11: [In item I, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the correct 26 27 revised citation.]// 28 [For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.] 29 30 7001.0620 PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR LANDFILLS. 31 Except as otherwise provided by part 7045.0538, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes 32 to dispose of hazardous waste in a landfill, the applicant shall furnish the information 33 designated in items A to L in addition to the information required by part 7001.0560: 34 [For text of items A to I, see M.R.] 35 J. A waste management plan for hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and 36 soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, describing how a landfill is or 37 38 will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the requirements of part 39 7045.0538, subpart 13. This plan must address the following items as specified in part 40 7045.0538, subpart 13: [In item J, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the correct 41 42 citation.1// 43 [For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.] 44 [For text of items K and L, see M.R.]

L. A waste management plan for hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and

7001.0630 PART B INFORMATION AND SPECIAL PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THERMAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Except as provided in part 7045.0542, subpart 1, if the applicant proposes to treat or dispose of hazardous waste by using thermal treatment, the applicant shall fulfill the requirements of item A, B, or C in addition to the information requirements of part 7001.0560, and the commissioner shall fulfill the requirements of item D:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. The applicant shall perform an analysis of each waste or mixture of waste to be treated by using the analytical techniques set forth in the Environmental Protection Agency document SW_846, as referenced incorporated in part 7045.0065, or by using techniques found by the commissioner to be equivalent to them. The applicant shall submit all of the following information:

[In item C, the MPCA adopts language (a hyphen) to make the reference to SW-846 identical to the way the document is cited in the corresponding federal regulations. This change relates to required RCRA amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 270.19(c)(1)(iii); the EPA' s rationale appears in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. In addition, the MPCA changes the terminology from 'referenced' to 'incorporated' to reflect changes made to part 7045.0065. For an explanation of why the terminology has changed, see part 7045.0065.]//

(1) The results of each waste analysis performed, including:

[For text of units (a) to (d), see M.R.]

(e) an approximate quantification of the hazardous constituents identified in the waste, within the precision specified by Environmental Protection Agency document SW-846, as incorporated in part 7045.0065;

[In unit (e), the MPCA adopts language (a hyphen) to make the reference to SW-846 identical to the corresponding federal regulations. This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 270.19(c)(1)(iv); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994. The MPCA is also adding a reference to the rule that incorporates the reference documents.]//

[For text of units (f) and (g), see M.R.] [For text of subitems (2) to (8), see M.R.] [For text of item D, see M.R.]

7001.0635 SPECIFIC PART B INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR AIR EMISSION CONTROLS FOR TANKS, SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS, AND CONTAINERS.

Except as otherwise provided in part 7045.0450, owners and operators of tanks, surface impoundments, or containers that use air emission controls in accordance with the requirements of part 7045.0540 must provide the additional information described in items A to G.

42 <u>items A to G.</u>
43 **In this part**

[In this part, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This requirement corresponds to

federal language and is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); this is justified at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. The MPCA chooses to reject the federal use of "shall" in favor of the term "must" which is a convention of Minnesota rulemaking.]//

A. Documentation for each floating roof cover installed on a tank subject to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1084(d)(1) or (d)(2), as incorporated in part 7045.0540, that includes information prepared by the owner or operator or provided by the cover manufacturer or vendor describing the cover design, and certification by the owner or operator that the cover meets the applicable design specifications under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1084(e)(1) or (f)(1), as incorporated in part 7045.0540.

[In item A, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. In this rulemaking the MPCA is also adding a reference to the incorporated federal language and related conditions.]//

B. Identification of each container area subject to the requirements of part 7045.0540 and certification by the owner or operator that the requirements of this part are met.

[In item B, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

C. Documentation for each enclosure used to control air pollutant emissions from tanks or containers in accordance with the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1084(d)(5) or 264.1086(e)(1)(ii), as incorporated in part 7045.0540, that includes records for the most recent set of calculations and measurements performed by the owner or operator to verify that the enclosure meets the criteria of a permanent total enclosure as specified in "Procedure T - Criteria for and Verification of a Permanent or Temporary Total Enclosure" under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 52.741, Appendix B, as amended.

[In item C, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. In this rulemaking the MPCA is also adding a reference to the incorporated federal language and related conditions.]//

D. Documentation for each floating membrane cover installed on a surface impoundment in accordance with the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title

- 40, section 264.1085(c), as incorporated in part 7045.0540, that includes information
- 2 prepared by the owner or operator or provided by the cover manufacturer or vendor
- 3 describing the cover design, and certification by the owner or operator that the cover
- 4 meets the specifications under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section
- 5 <u>264.1085(c)(1)</u>, as incorporated in part 7045.0540.

- In item D, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. In this rulemaking the MPCA is also adding a reference to the incorporated federal language and related conditions.]//
 - E. Documentation for each closed-vent system and control device installed in accordance with the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1087, as incorporated in part 7045.0540, that includes design and performance information as specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 270.24(c) and (d), as amended.
 - [In item E, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953; December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. In this rulemaking the MPCA is also adding a reference to the federal language being incorporated at part 7045.0540.]//
 - F. An emission monitoring plan for both Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 60, Appendix A, Method 21, as amended, and control device monitoring methods. This plan shall include the following information: monitoring points, monitoring methods for control devices, monitoring frequency, procedures for documenting exceedances, and procedures for mitigating noncompliances.
 - [In item F, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a)(6); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//
 - G. The schedule of implementation required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1082, as incorporated in part 7045.0645, when an owner or operator of a facility subject to part 7045.0645 cannot comply with part 7045.0540 by the date of permit issuance.
- In item G, the MPCA adopts a requirement that a permit applicant must submit specific information regarding air emission controls. This language is based on required RCRA Amendments 154.52 and 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 270.27(a)(6); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by
- 45 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. The MPCA also has added a reference to the
- **federal language being adopted at part 7045.0645.]**//

7001.0650 INTERIM STATUS.

Subpart 1. **Qualifying for interim status.** Except as provided in subpart 2, during the period after the submission of Part A of a hazardous waste facility permit application to the Environmental Protection Agency or to the commissioner and before a final determination by the agency on the permit application, the owner or operator of an existing hazardous waste facility or a facility in existence on the effective date of statutory or regulatory amendments under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act that render the facility subject to the requirement to have a hazardous waste facility permit shall be considered to be in compliance with the requirement to obtain a permit if the commissioner finds that the Environmental Protection Agency has granted the owner or operator interim status or if the commissioner finds:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. that the owner or operator is in compliance with parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651;

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Prohibitions.** During the interim status period, an owner or operator shall not:

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. alter a hazardous waste facility in a manner that amounts to a reconstruction of the facility. For the purpose of this part, reconstruction occurs when the capital investment in the modification of the facility exceeds 50 percent of the capital cost of a comparable new hazardous waste facility. Reconstruction does not include changes made solely for the purpose of complying with the requirements of part 7045.0628, subpart 4, for tanks and ancillary equipment, or to treat or store in containers or, tanks, or containment buildings hazardous wastes subject to the land disposal restrictions under parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004, if the changes are made solely to comply with parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004.

[Subpart 4 prohibits certain activities at unpermitted facilities regulated under interim status. In item D, the MPCA prohibits reconstruction of a facility without obtaining a permit and then identifies certain activities that do not constitute reconstruction. The amendments being made to item D establish the fact that reconstruction does not include changes made to comply with two of the rules being added in this rulemaking. The first reference being added is to the containment building requirements that are being adopted in this rulemaking in part 7045.0650. This change is based on a change identified in required RCRA Amendment 109: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 270.42(e)(3)(ii)(B); as supported at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992. Because of organizational differences between the State and federal permit regulations, there is no direct federal counterpart to this subpart of the State rules. The federal counterpart to subpart 4 is found at 270.72(b)(6). Although the MPCA

Subp. 5. **Changes during interim status.** Except as provided in item F, an owner or operator who has interim status may conduct the activities prescribed in items A to F.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. The owner or operator may add new processes or change the processes for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste if, before implementation of the addition or change, the owner or operator submits a revised Part A of the permit application and an explanation of the need for the addition, and if the commissioner approves the addition or change in writing. The commissioner shall approve the addition or change if the commissioner finds that:

[For text of subitem (1), see M.R.]

(2) the addition or change is necessary for the owner or operator to comply with federal, Minnesota, or local requirements, including the interim status standards in parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as additional parts were added.]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

F. Except as specifically allowed under this item, changes listed under items A to E may not be made if they amount to reconstruction of the hazardous waste management facility. Reconstruction occurs when the capital investment in the changes to the facility exceeds 50 percent of the capital cost of a comparable entirely new hazardous waste management facility. If all other requirements are met, the following changes may be made even if they amount to reconstruction:

[For text of subitems (1) to (5), see M.R.]

(6) changes to treat or store, in tanks or, containers, or containment buildings, hazardous wastes subject to land disposal restrictions imposed by parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004, provided that the such changes are made solely for the purpose of complying with parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004.

[In subitem (6), the MPCA is providing a reference to the containment building requirements that are being adopted in this rulemaking in part 7045.0650. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 109: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 270.72(b)(6); as supported at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

Subp. 6. **Compliance with interim status standards.** During the interim status period the owner or operator shall comply with the interim status standards in parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

[In subpart 6, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as additional parts were added.]//

Subp. 7. **Termination of interim status.** Interim status terminates automatically when the agency has taken final administrative action on the permit application or when

terminated by Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 270.73(c) to (g), as amended. 2 The following constitute justification for the commissioner to commence proceedings to 3 terminate interim status: 4 [For text of item A, see M.R.] B. the commissioner finds that the owner or operator is in violation of any of the 5 6 requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 <u>7045.0651</u>. 7 [In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as 8 additional parts were added.]// 9 7001.0690 EMERGENCY PERMITS. 10 11 [For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.] 12 Subp. 6. **Requirements.** The emergency permit must incorporate, to the extent possible under the circumstances, all applicable requirements of parts 7001.0500 to 13 7001.0730, 7045.0452 to 7045.0544 <u>7045.0450 to 7045.</u>0551, 7045.0652, and 7045.0655. 14 In subpart 6, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as 15 16 additional parts were added.]// 17 [For text of subps 7 and 8, see M.R.] 18 19 7001.0700 HAZARDOUS WASTE THERMAL TREATMENT FACILITY 20 PERMITS. 21 [For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.] 22 Subp. 3. **Trial burn plan.** An applicant shall submit to the commissioner a trial burn 23 plan with Part B of the permit application. The trial burn plan must include the following 24 information: 25 A. the results of an analysis of each waste or mixture of wastes to be burned, that 26 uses the analytical techniques set forth in the United States Environmental Protection 27 Agency document SW-846 as referenced incorporated in part 7045.0065 or that uses 28 analytical techniques found by the commissioner to be equivalent to them. This analysis 29 must include: 30 In item A, the MPCA adopts a clarification to more specifically identify the fact that 31 the document SW-846 is incorporated as part of the rules and is not simply 32 referenced. For an explanation for this terminology change, see part 7045.0065.]// 33 [For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.] 34 (5) an approximate quantification of the hazardous constituents identified in the 35 waste, within the precision specified by Environmental Protection Agency document 36 publication SW-846, as incorporated in part 7045.0065; [In subitem (5), the MPCA adopts language (a hyphen) to make the reference to SW-37 38 846 identical to the corresponding federal regulations. This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 39 40 270.62(b)(2)(i)(D); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. The MPCA is also amending the existing language to more accurately reflect the nature of the 41 42 document and where it is found in the rules.]// 43 [For text of items B to I, see M.R.] 44 [For text of subps 4 to 11, see M.R.]

7001.0710 LAND TREATMENT DEMONSTRATION PERMITS.

Subpart 1. **Letters of approval.** A person who desires to conduct controlled laboratory demonstrations of hazardous waste land treatment for the purpose of collecting preliminary data shall request a letter of approval from the agency.

The agency shall issue a letter of approval if the demonstration will be conducted under supervised conditions in a closed system capable of providing adequate protection to human health and the environment, and if the data obtained will not be used as the only basis for the issuance of a facility permit. The letter of approval must specify the general conditions for conducting demonstrations, the duration of approval, and the specific waste types.

The letter of approval may only provide approval for controlled laboratory demonstrations of hazardous waste treatment and does not provide exemptions from the hazardous waste management and disposal requirements of chapter 7045. Materials resulting from the demonstration that meet the criteria of parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155 must be managed as hazardous waste.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subps 2 to 6, see M.R.]

7001.0730 MODIFICATION OF PERMITS; REVOCATION AND REISSUANCE OF PERMITS.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Minor modifications of permits.** In addition to the corrections or allowances listed in part 7001.0190, subparts 2 and 3, if the permittee consents, the commissioner may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances listed below without following the procedures in parts 7001.0100 to 7001.0130:

[For text of items A to K, see M.R.]

- L. to allow treatment of hazardous wastes not previously specified in the permit if the following conditions are met:
- (1) the hazardous waste has been prohibited from one or more methods of land disposal under parts 7045.1320 to 7045.1330 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.30 to 268.39, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or RCRA section 3004;
- [In subitem (1), the MPCA replaces references to rules being repealed in this rulemaking with citations to the corresponding federal land disposal restrictions that are being incorporated in part 7045.1390.]//
- (2) treatment is in accordance with part 7045.1310 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.4, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, if applicable, and part 7045.1305 section 268.3, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, and applicable standards established under parts 7045.1355 to 7045.1360 and part 7045.0075, subpart 10 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.41 to 268.49, and 268.5, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or, where no treatment standards have been established, treatment renders the waste no longer subject to the applicable prohibitions of part 7045.1330 Code of Federal

Regulations, title 40, section 268.32, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or RCRA section 3004;

[In subitem (2), first, the MPCA replaces several cites to rules that are being repealed in this rulemaking with new cites to the corresponding federal land disposal restrictions being incorporated by reference in this rulemaking. Also, the MPCA deletes a reference to part 7045.0075, subpart 10 because the MPCA no longer has a cross reference to the EPA petition process for alternative treatment standards. The EPA petition process is contained in 40 CFR 268.44 which is added above.]//

[For text of subitems (3) and (4), see M.R.]

M. to allow permitted facilities to change their operations to treat or store hazardous wastes subject to land disposal restrictions imposed by parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004, provided the treatment or storage occurs in containers or tanks and the permittee:

[In item M, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

- (1) requests a major permit modification under subparts 1 to 3;
- (2) demonstrates in the request for a major permit modification that the treatment or storage is necessary to comply with the land disposal restrictions of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 or RCRA section 3004; and

[In subitem (2), the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

(3) ensures that the treatment or storage units comply with the applicable standards of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390 pending final administrative disposition of the major modification request. The authorization to make the changes conferred in this item terminates upon final administrative disposition of the permittee's major modification request under subparts 1 to 3 or termination of the permit under part 7001.0180.

[In subitem (3), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of subps 5 and 6, see M.R.]

7045.0020 DEFINITIONS.

[For text of subps 1 to 9a, see M.R.]

Subp. 9b. **Combustible liquid.** "Combustible liquid" has the meaning given in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.115 173.120, paragraph (b), as amended. [In subpart 9b, following advice from the Minnesota Department of Transportation, the MPCA provides a corrected citation to a transportation related regulation.]//

[For text of subps 9c to 11, see M.R.]

Subp. 11a. **Containment building.** "Containment building" means a hazardous waste management unit that is used to store or treat hazardous waste under the provisions of parts 7045.0550 and 7045.0649.

[In subpart 11a, the MPCA adopts a definition of a containment building that is equivalent to the definition in 40 CFR 260.10. A definition is needed because the MPCA is amending its rules in parts 7045.0550 and 7045.0650 to incorporate federal

regulations on the storage of hazardous waste in containment buildings. It is reasonable to have the same definition that is in the federal regulations when the MPCA is adopting the same substantive standards as the EPA for containment buildings. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 260.10; as supported at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subps 12 to 22a, see M.R.]

Subp. 22b. Excluded scrap metal. "Excluded scrap metal" means processed scrap metal, unprocessed home scrap metal, and unprocessed prompt scrap metal.

[In subpart 22b, the MPCA adopts a definition of excluded scrap metal. This definition corresponds to a federal definition found at 40 CFR 261.1(c)(9). Adopting this definition is not required to maintain program authorization from EPA, but the MPCA believes it is reasonable to adopt into the State rules to provide clarification of the regulation of this type of scrap and also to maintain consistency between the State and federal regulations. This language is based on optional RCRA Amendment 157.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving Wastes, Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for Certain Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40 CFR 261.1(c)(9); as supported at 62 FR 25998-26040, May 12, 1997.]//

Subp. 22c. Existing drip pad. "Existing drip pad" means a drip pad that:

A. is or was used to manage hazardous waste with the waste code of F032 and was constructed, or for which the owner or operator had a design and had entered into binding financial or other agreements for construction, before December 6, 1990; or

B. is used to manage hazardous waste with the waste code of F034 or F035 and was constructed, or for which the owner or operator had a design and had entered into binding financial or other agreements for construction, before July 25, 1994.

[In subpart 22c, the MPCA revises rule numbering to accept added subparts.]//

Subp. 22e. 22d. Existing hazardous waste management facility or existing facility. "Existing hazardous waste management facility" or "existing facility" means a facility which was in operation or for which construction commenced on or before November 19, 1980. See subpart 10b for definition of "construction commenced."

[In subpart 22d, the MPCA revises rule numbering to accept added subparts.]//

[For text of subps 23 to 24a, see M.R.]

Subp. 24b. **Flammable liquid.** "Flammable liquid" has the meaning given in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.115 173.120, as amended.

[In subpart 24b, following advice from the Minnesota Department of Transportation, the MPCA provides a corrected citation to transportation related regulations.]//

[For text of subps 25 to 30, see M.R.]

Subp. 31. **Generator.** "Generator" means any person, by site, whose act or process produces hazardous waste identified or listed in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155, or whose act first causes a hazardous waste to become subject to regulation. "Generator" means all size generators including large quantity generators, small quantity generators, and very small quantity generators, unless specifically stated otherwise.

[In subpart 31, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

Subp. 37a. Home scrap metal. "Home scrap metal" means scrap metal as generated by steel mills, foundries, and refineries, such as turnings, cuttings, punchings, and borings. [In subpart 37a, the MPCA adopts a federal definition of home scrap metal that corresponds to language found at 40 CFR 261.1(c)(11). Adopting this definition is not required in order to maintain program authorization from the EPA, but the MPCA believes that it is reasonable to adopt into the State rules to maintain consistency with these federal regulations. This language is based on optional RCRA Amendment 157.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving Wastes, Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for Certain Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40 CFR 261.1(c)(11); as supported at 62 FR 25998-26040, May 12, 1997.]//

<u>Subp. 37b.</u> **Household.** "Household" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.96, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

Subp. 37b. 37c. **Household battery.** "Household battery" means a disposable or rechargeable dry cell, generated by a household and commonly used as a power source for household products. "Household battery" includes nickel-cadmium, alkaline, mercuric oxide, silver oxide, zinc oxide, zinc-air, lithium, and zinc-carbon batteries, but excludes lead-acid batteries.

Subp. 37c. 37d. **Household hazardous waste.** "Household hazardous waste" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.96, subdivision 1, paragraph (b).

Subp. 37d. 37e. Household hazardous waste collection site or collection site. "Household hazardous waste collection site" or "collection site" as used in part 7045.0310 has the meaning established under Minnesota Statutes, section 115A.96, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

Subp. 37e. 37f. Household waste. "Household waste" means any material including garbage, trash, and sanitary waste in septic tanks derived from households, including single and multiple residences, hotels and motels, bunkhouses, ranger stations, crew quarters, campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas.

[In subparts 37b to 37f, the MPCA revises rule numbering to accept added subparts.]//

[For text of subps 38 to 45, see M.R.]

Subp. 45a. [See repealer.]

[In subpart 45a, the MPCA is repealing the definition of "inorganic solid debris" because this term is no longer used in chapter 7045. This term may have been used in a rule that was previously repealed. Because this term is not used in the current rules, it is reasonable to remove it from the definitions. This change is consistent with required RCRA Amendment 109: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 268.2(h); as supported at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subps 45b to 64a, see M.R.]

Subp. 65. **Partial closure.** "Partial closure" means the closure of a hazardous waste management unit in accordance with the applicable closure requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 at a facility that contains other active hazardous waste management units. For example, partial closure may include the closure of a tank,

including its associated piping and containment systems, a landfill cell, surface

2 impoundment, waste pile, or other hazardous waste management unit, while other units 3 of the same facility continue to operate.

[In subpart 65, the MPCA corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subps 66 to 69, see M.R.]

Subp. 70. **Pile.** "Pile" means any noncontainerized accumulation of solid, nonflowing hazardous waste that is used for treatment or storage <u>and that is not a containment</u> building.

[In subpart 70, the MPCA adds a reference to "containment buildings" to this existing definition in order to maintain equivalency with the corresponding federal regulation found at 40 CFR 260.10. This change is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 260.10; as supported at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.1//

[For text of subps 70a to 71, see M.R.]

Subp. 71a. **Polychlorinated biphenyls, PCB, or PCB's.** "Polychlorinated biphenyls," "PCB," or "PCB's" are halogenated organic compounds defined have the meaning given "PCB" in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 761.3, as amended Minnesota Statutes, section 116.36, subdivision 4.

[In subpart 71a, the MPCA revises this definition to include the abbreviation "PCB" and to clarify that "PCB," "PCB's" and "Polychlorinated Biphenyls" mean "PCB" as defined in Minnesota Statutes section 116.36, subdivision 4, in lieu of the previously referenced definition from the federal Toxic Substance Control Act regulations. Since the term PCB is already defined in the Minnesota Statutes that govern the management of PCB's as hazardous wastes, it is reasonable to use the same Minnesota definition for purposes of Minnesota's hazardous waste rules that govern the management of PCB's. The MPCA removes the phrase, "halogenated organic compounds" as superfluous to the statutory definition. The style used by the Office of the Revisor of Statutes is that plurals of abbreviations or acronyms are made by adding an apostrophe followed by a lower case "s" (e.g., PCB's is plural of PCB in State rules).]//

Subp. 72. **Pretreatment unit.** "Pretreatment unit" means a device which:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. receives and treats or stores an influent wastewater which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; or generates and accumulates a wastewater treatment sludge which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; and

[In item B, the MPCA corrects 3 citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

C. meets the definition of "tank" as defined in subpart 90.

[For text of subp 72a, see M.R.]

Subp. 72b. **Processed scrap metal.** "Processed scrap metal" means scrap metal that has been manually or physically altered to either separate it into distinct materials to enhance economic value or to improve the handling of materials. Processed scrap metal

- 1 includes, but is not limited to, scrap metal that has been baled, shredded, sheared,
- 2 chopped, crushed, flattened, cut, melted, or separated by metal type (i.e., sorted) and fines,
- 3 drosses, and related materials that have been agglomerated. Shredded circuit boards being
- 4 sent for recycling are not processed scrap metal. When recycled, shredded circuit boards
- 5 are governed by part 7045.0125, subpart 4, item P.
- [In subpart 72b, the MPCA adopts a definition of processed scrap metal that 6 7 corresponds to 40 CFR 261.1(c)(10). Adopting this definition is not required to 8 maintain program authorization from EPA, but the MPCA believes that it is
- 9 reasonable to adopt into the State rules to provide clarification of the regulation of
- 10 this type of scrap metal and also to maintain consistency between the State and
- 11 federal regulations. This change is based on optional RCRA Amendment 157.4:
- "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving 12
- 13 Wastes, Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for 14
- Certain Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40
- CFR 261.1(c)(10); as supported at 62 FR 25998-26040, May 12, 1997. The adopted 15
- definition is slightly modified from the equivalent federal regulation because the 16
- 17 MPCA does not use the same approach as the federal regulations to define "solid
- waste." As a result, the MPCA does not adopt the portion of the federal definition 18
- 19 that removes "processed scrap metal" from the definition of solid waste.
- 20 Minnesota, this material remains a hazardous waste that is excluded only if
- 21 recycled.]//
- 22 Subp. 72c. Prompt scrap metal. "Prompt scrap metal" means scrap metal as
- 23 generated by the metal working or fabrication industries and includes such scrap metal as 24 turnings, cuttings, punchings, and borings. Prompt scrap metal is also known as industrial
- 25 or new scrap metal.
- 26 In subpart 72c, the MPCA adopts a definition of "prompt scrap metal that
- corresponds to the federal definition at 40 CFR 261.1(c)(12). The MPCA is not 27
- 28 required to adopt this definition to maintain program equivalence, but the MPCA
- 29 believes it is a reasonable addition to the State rules to more clearly address the
- 30 regulation of this type of scrap and to maintain consistency with federal regulations. This change is based on optional RCRA Amendment 157.4: "Land Disposal 31
- Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving Wastes, 32
- 33 Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for Certain
- 34 Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40 CFR
- 35 261.1(c)(12); 62 FR 25998-26040; May 12, 1997.]// 36
 - [For text of subps 73 to 84, see M.R.]
 - Subp. 84a. Sorbent or sorb. "Sorbent" means a material that is used to soak up free liquids by either adsorption or absorption, or both. "Sorb" means to either adsorb or
- 38 39 absorb, or both.

- 40 In subpart 84a, the MPCA adopts a definition of "sorbent or sorb" that is referred to
- 41 in the requirements that apply to hazardous waste liquids. This definition is the same
- as the federal definition in 40 CFR 260.10. This change is based on required RCRA 42
- Amendment 118.2: "Liquids in Landfills II" = 40 CFR 260.10; as supported at 57 FR 43
- 44 54452-54461, November 18, 1992.\//
- 45 Subp. 84b. **Speculative accumulation.** "Speculative accumulation" means
- accumulation of a hazardous waste before it is recycled. Speculative accumulation does 46

not include accumulation of a waste if there is a feasible method of recycling for the waste and at least 75 percent by volume or weight of the waste is recycled during a calendar year. The 75 percent requirement applies to each waste of the same type that is recycled in the same way.

Subp. 84b. 84c. Spent material. "Spent material" means a material that has been used and as a result of contamination can no longer serve the purpose for which it was produced without processing.

[In subparts 84b and 84c, the MPCA revises rule numbering to accept added subparts.]//

[For text of subps 85 to 98a, see M.R.]

Subp. 98b. <u>Underlying hazardous constituent</u>. "Underlying hazardous constituent" means any constituent listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.48, Table UTS - Universal Treatment Standards, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, except fluoride, selenium, sulfides, vanadium, and zinc, which can reasonably be expected to be present at the point of generation of the hazardous waste at a concentration above the constituent-specific UTS treatment standards.

[In subpart 98b, the MPCA adopts the federal definition of "underlying hazardous constituent" found at 40 CFR 268.2(i). The EPA requires the MPCA to adopt this definition in order to maintain program equivalence. The federal definition was the result of the following several amendments to the federal regulations:

- required RCRA Amendment 124.2: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Ignitable and Corrosive Characteristic Wastes Whose Treatment Standards Were Vacated" = 40 CFR 268.2(i); as supported at 58 FR 29860-29887, May 24, 1993;
- required RCRA Amendment 137.4: "Universal Treatment Standards and Treatment Standards for Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly Listed Wastes" = 40 CFR 268.2(i); as supported at 59 FR 47982-48110, September 19, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 242-302, January 3, 1995;
- required RCRA Amendment 151: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase III-Decharacterized Wastewaters, Carbamate Wastes, and Spent Potliners" = 40 CFR 268.2(i); as supported at 61 FR 15566-15660, April 8, 1996; as amended at 61 FR 15660-15668, April 8, 1996; 61 FR 19117, April 30, 1996; 61 FR 33680-33690, June 28, 1996; 61 FR 36419-36421, July 10, 1996; 61 FR 43924-43931, August 26, 1996; and 62 FR 7502-7600, February 19, 1997; and
- required RCRA Amendment 167A: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV— Treatment Standards for Metal Wastes and Mineral Processing Wastes" = 40 CFR 268.2(i); as supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//

<u>Subp. 98c.</u> **Unfit for use tank system.** "Unfit for use tank system" means a tank system that has been determined through an integrity assessment or other inspection to be no longer capable of storing or treating hazardous waste without posing a threat of release of hazardous waste to the environment.

Subp. <u>98c.</u> <u>98d.</u> **Universal waste.** "Universal waste" has the meaning given at Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 273.9.

Subp. 98d. 98e. Universal waste handler. "Universal waste handler" has the meaning given at Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 273.9.

Subp. <u>98e.</u> <u>98f.</u> **Universal waste transporter.** "Universal waste transporter" has the meaning given at Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 273.9.

[In subparts 98c to 98f, the MPCA revises rule numbering to accept added subparts.]//

[For text of subps 99 to 102b, see M.R.]

Subp. 102c. **Wastewater.** "Wastewater" means waste that contains less than one percent by weight total organic carbon (TOC) and less than one percent by weight total suspended solids (TSS), with the following exceptions:

A. F001, F002, F003, F004, or F005 wastewaters are solvent-water mixtures that contain less than one percent by weight total organic carbon or less than one percent by weight total F001, F002, F003, F004, or F005 solvent constituents listed in part 7045.1355 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.40, as incorporated in part 7045.1390;

[In item A, the MPCA is replacing a reference to a State rule repealed in this rulemaking with a citation to the equivalent federal regulation being incorporated by reference in this rulemaking. The MPCA also describes where it incorporates the federal language.]//

[For text of items B and C, see M.R.]

Subp. 103. **Wastewater treatment unit.** "Wastewater treatment unit" means a device which:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. receives and treats or stores an influent wastewater which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; or generates and accumulates a wastewater treatment sludge which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; or treats or stores a wastewater treatment sludge which is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; and

[In item B, the MPCA corrects 3 citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of item C, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 104 to 109, see M.R.]

7045.0065 INCORPORATION AND AVAILABILITY OF REFERENCES.

The documents referred to in this chapter may be obtained by contacting the appropriate offices as listed in this part. part are incorporated by reference. The documents are not subject to frequent change, unless otherwise noted, and are available online or through the Minitex interlibrary loan system, unless otherwise noted:

[The MPCA is revising part 7045.0065 "Availability of References," to incorporate by reference in item D below, the documents found in 40 CFR 260.11, (References to Standard Methods, as amended). Because this incorporation by reference is to a more comprehensive list of documents, the MPCA is also repealing existing items below that are either already addressed by the incorporated references listed in 40 CFR 260.11, or that are no longer referenced in the State rules. The MPCA is also revising the numbering to accept added items. Because certain of the referenced documents are not widely published, the MPCA has filed copies of those documents

with Minnesota's State Law Library, as required by Minnesota's Administrative Procedures Act, to assure their availability.]//

A. standards of the American Society for Testing and Materials, in the Annual Book of ASTM Standards, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, available at the Engineering Library of the University of Minnesota;

[The MPCA is removing this reference because references to the ASTM standards pertinent to this rule are now found in the newly incorporated federal references in 40 CFR 260.11.]//

B. Minnesota Uniform Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510; [The MPCA is removing this reference because it is not needed. Each reference to the Minnesota Uniform Fire Code found in these rules is accompanied by the statement, "as incorporated by reference in part 7511.0090," which references the current proper citation.]//

C. A. the implicit price deflator for gross national domestic product in from the Survey of Current Business, Bureau of Economic Analysis, United States Department of Commerce, 110 4th Street South, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55401, available at the Saint Paul Public Library. This document is subject to frequent change and is readily available at the Bureau of Economic Analysis Web site: www.bea.gov;

[In former item C, now item A, the MPCA deletes an obsolete address for obtaining this document. The document is subject to frequent changes and a current version is readily available at the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis Web site: www.bea.gov. Also, the MPCA is revising the term "gross national product" to the current federal replacement term, "gross domestic product."]//

D. The Manual on Disposal of Refinery Wastes, volume 1, issued by the American Petroleum Institute, (Washington, D.C., 1969), available at the state of Minnesota Law Library;

[The MPCA repeals the language in former item D because it is no longer necessary to incorporate this reference in the State rules. This manual was formerly identified in conjunction with a waste listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 3, item G, subitem (4). In the amendments to part 7045.0135, the MPCA incorporates the federal lists of hazardous waste by reference. In the incorporated federal lists, there is no longer a reference to this manual.]//

E. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, publication number 600/4-79-020, March 1979, issued by the Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, 26 West St. Clair, Cincinnati, Ohio 45268, available at the state of Minnesota Law Library;

[The MPCA is removing the reference to Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes, in old item E because this method is no longer found to be referenced in these rules.]//

F. Standard TM 01 69 of the National Association of Corrosion Engineers, P.O. Box 218340, Houston, Texas 77218, available at the state of Minnesota Law Library; [The MPCA is removing the reference to Standard TM-01-69 in old item F because this method is included in the standardized "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA publication number SW-846, that the MPCA incorporates through item D of this part.]//

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G. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, publication number SW 846 (Second Edition, 1982, as amended by Update I, April 1984, and Update II, April 1985) of the Office of Solid Waste, United States Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street S.W., Washington, D.C. 20460. The Second Edition of SW-846 and Updates I and II available at the Minnesota Law Library and from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161, (703) 487-4600 as Document number PB 87-120-291;

[The MPCA is removing old item G because the MPCA now incorporates this reference, "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA publication number SW-846, through item D of this part.]//

H. B. the most recent edition of the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits (Publication 290), 1975; published by the International Chamber of Commerce Publishing Corporation, Incorporated, 156 5th Avenue, Suite 820, New York, New York 10017; and

[The MPCA revises former item H, new item B, both to cite the most recent edition and to remove information about an address provided for obtaining the referenced material. Since physical addresses are subject to periodic change, the MPCA believes that it is reasonable to provide the document title and publisher information from which a reader may obtain the document. The reader can obtain the document through a library or by use of the internet. The MPCA corrects this reference to cite the most recent edition of the referenced material as this is what was intended by the existing rule language found in part 7045.0524.]//

<u>I. C.</u> Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President of the United States, available from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161 (1987); and

[The MPCA revises former item I, new item C, to remove information about an address provided for obtaining the referenced material. Since physical addresses are subject to periodic change, the MPCA believes that it is reasonable to provide the document title and publisher information from which a reader may obtain the document. The reader can obtain the document through a library or by use of the internet. The standard means for ordering this document is online via the publisher's Web site.]//

<u>D.</u> the documents found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 260.11, as amended.

[In added item D, the MPCA incorporates by reference the documents found in 40 CFR 260.11, "References to Standard Methods," as amended. Various State rules, many of which are based on federal regulations, refer to the federal standards or test methods. Since they can change over time, it is reasonable to make rules that incorporate the latest standards and test methods. The items incorporated by reference are either common and widely available, or the MPCA has filed copies with Minnesota's State Law Library to assure their availability. Item D includes language from the following RCRA amendments and results in equivalence to the language found in 40 CFR 260.11:

• required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 260.11(a); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. This is

1 related to former item G.;

- required RCRA Amendment 128: "Wastes From the Use of Chlorophenolic Formulations in Wood Surface Protection" = 40 CFR 260.11(a); as supported at 59 FR 458-469, January 4, 1994;
- required RCRA Amendment 132: "Wood Surface Protection; Correction" = 40 CFR 260.11(a); as supported at 59 FR 28484, June 2, 1994; and
- required RCRA Amendment 154-1.6-7: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 260.11(a-b); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

7045.0071 UNDERGROUND INJECTION.

References to underground injection of waste throughout this chapter are subject to Minnesota statutes and rules prohibiting the discharge of waste or pollutants to the saturated or unsaturated zones.

[In new part 7045.0071, the MPCA clarifies that, despite references to underground injection of waste found in chapter 7045 or in incorporated federal regulations, underground injection is also subject to other Minnesota statutes and rules that prohibit underground injection of waste or pollutants. For example, part 7060.0100 prohibits the discharge of sewage, industrial waste, or other waste to the saturated zone (groundwater) or unsaturated zone (soil above the water table). The purpose of such a restriction, as stated in part 7060.0100, is to preserve and protect underground waters by preventing pollution. Thus, it is reasonable to include in the hazardous waste rules a clarification that reference to underground injection in chapter 7045 is not only subject to hazardous waste rules but also to other statutes and rules governing underground discharges of waste or pollutants.]//

7045.0075 PETITIONS.

Subpart 1. **Petitions for equivalent testing or analytical methods.** Any person seeking to use a testing or analytical method other than those described in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143, 7045.0155 or 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 may petition under these provisions. The person must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the proposed method is equal to or superior to the corresponding method prescribed in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143, 7045.0155 or 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 in terms of its sensitivity, accuracy, precision, and reproducibility. Each petition must include:

[In subpart 1, the MPCA corrects six citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

E. comparative results obtained from using the proposed method with those obtained from using the relevant or corresponding methods prescribed in parts 7045.0100 to 7045.0102 to 7045.0143, 7045.0155 or 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651;

[For text of items F and G, see M.R.]

After receiving a petition for an equivalent testing or analytical method, the commissioner may request any additional information on the proposed method which the commissioner may reasonably require to evaluate the method.

Subp. 2. **Petitions to exclude a waste produced at a particular facility.** Petitions to exclude a waste produced at a particular facility are as follows:

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

E. If the waste is listed with code "T" in part 7045.0135, subitems (1) to (4) apply.

(1) The petitioner must demonstrate that the waste:

(a) does not contain the constituent or constituents <u>in part 7045.0141</u> that caused the agency to list the waste, using the appropriate test methods prescribed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, appendix III, as amended <u>"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA publication SW-846, incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D; or</u>

[In unit (a), the MPCA revises the rules to include a specific reference to part 7045.0141, where the hazardous constituent list is located, so that it can be easily found. The MPCA also provides the name and revised citation for the appropriate test method that was formerly located in repealed 40 CFR part 261, Appendix III, but which is now at 40 CFR 260.11, which the MPCA has incorporated by reference at part 7045.0065, item D. This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 260.22(d)(1)(i); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993.]/

[For text of unit (b), see M.R.]
[For text of subitems (2) to (4), see M.R.]
[For text of items F to H, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. Petition for reduced regulation of hazardous waste being speculatively accumulated or reclaimed prior to use. The agency may, upon presentation of a petition for those purposes, reduce any of the requirements of chapter 7045 applicable to reclamation, reuse, or recycling. The agency shall apply the standards and criteria set forth below in determining whether to grant a petition to reduce the regulatory requirements for the following recycled hazardous wastes.

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. Any person seeking a reduction in regulation of hazardous wastes that are reclaimed and then reused as feedstock within the original primary production process in which the hazardous wastes were generated if the reclamation is an essential part of the production process may petition under these provisions. The agency's decision regarding the petition shall be based on the following standards and criteria:

[In item B, the MPCA deletes the word "primary" from the discussion of feedstocks. Deleting the word "primary" is optional as the effect reduces regulatory stringency. The MPCA believes that adopting this federal change to allow a broader type of production process to qualify for feedstock reuse is reasonable and is adequately protective. This change relates to optional RCRA Amendment 137.5: "Universal Treatment Standards and Treatment Standards for Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly Listed Wastes" = 40 CFR 260.31(a-b); as supported at 59 FR 47982-48110, September 19, 1994; as amended at 60 FR 242-302, January 3, 1995.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (8), see M.R.]
[For text of item C, see M.R.]
[For text of subp 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. **Petition for use of alternate manifest.** A person who meets the criteria in item A may submit a petition to the commissioner for approval of the use of an alternate

manifest system as described in item B. The criteria the commissioner shall use in determining whether to approve the use of the alternate manifest system are provided in item C.

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. Upon approval, an alternate manifest system may be used in lieu of the manifest system described in parts 7045.0261 to and 7045.0265. The commissioner shall only approve alternate manifest systems meeting the following criteria:

[In item B, the MPCA revises language to clarify that there are currently no parts between parts 7045.0261 and 7045.0265.]//

(1) The alternate manifest system must include a manifest form to be used by the generator to notify the commissioner each time waste is transported under this subpart. The manifest form must include: a space for the generator's name, mailing address, telephone number, and identification number; a space for the transporter's name and identification number of the recycling facility; a space for the United States Department of Transportation shipping name, hazard class, and identification number, and packing group of the waste as specified in the United States Department of Transportation Code, title 49, parts 171 to 179 199; a space for the number and type of containers and total volume of the waste being shipped; a space for the waste identification number as specified in part 7045.0131, 7045.0135, or 7045.0137; a space for the signature of the generator or the generator's authorized representative affirming the correctness of the information; the mailing address of the commissioner; and a statement advising the generator to complete the form and submit it to the commissioner within five working days of transporting waste.

[In subitem (1), the MPCA corrects one of several citations to a range of regulations amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation. The MPCA also follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to revise language to conform with more recent changes to those federal regulations.]//

[For text of subitems (2) and (3), see M.R.]
[For text of item C, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 6 and 7, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. [See repealer.]

[The MPCA repeals subpart 8 because only the EPA may grant case-by-case extensions to an effective date for land disposal restrictions—the subject of this subpart. This repeal does not change the effect of the rule, which formerly referenced the EPA as the sole authority for granting this type of extension. The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to repeal this subpart since the State cannot accept the application or grant those types of extensions. The MPCA will refer anyone seeking this type of extension to the EPA.]//

Subp. 9. **Petitions to allow land disposal of a prohibited waste.** A person seeking an exemption from a prohibition for the disposal of a restricted hazardous waste in a particular unit or units must submit a petition to the agency and to the EPA demonstrating, to a reasonable degree of certainty, that there will be no migration of hazardous constituents from the disposal unit or injection zone for as long as the wastes remain hazardous. The demonstration to the EPA must include the provisions in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.6. The demonstration to the agency must include an

identification of the specific waste and the specific unit for which the demonstration will be made, a waste analysis to describe fully the chemical and physical characteristics of the subject waste, and a comprehensive characterization of the disposal unit site including an analysis of background air, soil, and water quality. The demonstration must also include a monitoring plan that detects migration at the earliest practicable time, and sufficient information to assure the commissioner that the owner or operator of a land disposal unit receiving restricted wastes will comply with other applicable federal, state, and local laws. The person seeking the exemption must also comply with items A to L.

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. If the owner or operator determines that there is migration of hazardous constituents from the unit, the owner or operator must immediately suspend receipt of prohibited waste at the unit and notify the commissioner in writing within ten days of the determination that a release has occurred. Within 60 days of receiving the notification, the commissioner shall determine whether the owner or operator can continue to receive prohibited waste in the unit and whether the variance is to be revoked. The commissioner shall also determine whether further examination of any migration is warranted under applicable provisions of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

[In item D, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items E to I, see M.R.]

J. Before the agency's decision, the applicant must comply with all restrictions on land disposal under parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390 when the effective date for the waste has been reached.

[In item J, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of items K and L, see M.R.]

Subp. 10. [See repealer.]

[The MPCA repeals Subpart 10 because only the EPA may grant petitions for alternate treatment standards or alternative technology, which are the subjects of the repealed subpart. This repeal does not change the effect of the rule, which formerly referenced the EPA as the sole authority for granting this type of petition. The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to repeal this subpart since the State cannot accept the application or grant those types of petitions. The MPCA will refer anyone seeking this type of extension to the EPA.]//

[For text of subps 11 and 12, see M.R.]

7045.0090 ADOPTION AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE.

Subpart 1. **Applicability.** Except as specified in subparts 2 and 3, the terms and standards identified in subparts 1a to 1e 1h apply whenever federal regulations are adopted or incorporated by reference in this chapter whether or not this part is specifically referenced. Terms used in incorporated Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, and defined in part 7045.0020 or in Minnesota Statutes have the meaning given in part 7045.0020 or in Minnesota Statutes.

The MPCA recently promulgated part 7045.0090 to address general conditions governing materials incorporated by reference and to list State counterparts to cited

federal regulations. Additional conditions specific to the incorporated material may appear in these rules at the place where the material is incorporated. The MPCA is revising part 7045.0090 in two ways. The first is to organize existing requirements by their federal part/topic. For example, subpart 1d addresses incorporated federal regulations that relate to hazardous waste generators, and subpart 1e addresses incorporated federal regulations relating to hazardous waste transporters. Organizing these subparts by their federal topic makes it easier for the reader to find conditions related to incorporated material. This type of change is only meant to clarify this part. The reasonableness of the existing material in this part was originally justified in the Statement of Need and Reasonableness for the rulemaking in which the MPCA first adopted this part (part 7045.0090 was originally adopted in a rulemaking, "Rules Governing Adoption of Rules by Reference, Corrective Action and Remediation Waste Management, Minnesota Rules Parts 7045.0020, 7045.0090, 7045.0450, 7045.0478, 7045.0485, 7045.0545, 7045.0546, 7045.0547, 7045.0548 and 7045.0552," dated September 8, 2004). In that rulemaking, the MPCA determined that it was reasonable to provide guidance on how cites and cross references within federal regulations would apply in rules when incorporated by reference. While the MPCA is now significantly rearranging existing guidance, the MPCA already established its reasonableness. The second type of change to this part addresses an expanded list of incorporations by reference in this rule. Below, the MPCA discusses added or revised references.]//

Subp. 1a. General Specific terms. Terms defined in Minnesota Rules and Minnesota Statutes that are also defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, The following terms and phrases have the meaning given in part 7045.0020 and the applicable Minnesota statute.

[The MPCA revises and restructures old item A, into a new subpart 1a, under which it defines specific terms.]//

A. "EPA" and "agency" mean the Pollution Control Agency and its commissioner. [In item A, the MPCA clarifies that when it incorporates federal regulations into rule by reference, references in federal regulations to "EPA" or to "agency" mean the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency. The MPCA removes a reference to "commissioner" in this subpart since commissioner is addressed in item B.]//

B. "Generator" has the meaning given in part 7045.0020.

[The MPCA moves this definition into item D.]//

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C. "Hazardous waste" has the meaning given in part 7045.0020.

[The MPCA moves this definition into item D.]//

D. B. "Regional administrator," "administrator," and "director" mean the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.

[In item B, the MPCA adds the term administrator because that term is sometimes used in federal regulations that are incorporated by reference and clarifies that this term also means the MPCA commissioner.]//

E. C. "State," "authorized state," "approved state," or "approved program" means Minnesota.

F. "Waste" has the meaning given in part 7045.0020.

[The MPCA moves this definition into a new item D.]//

- 1 <u>D. "Generator," "hazardous waste," and "waste" have the meanings given in part</u> 2 7045.0020.
- In item D, the MPCA consolidates terms that were previously defined in former items B, C, and F.]//
 - Subp. 1b. Hazardous waste management system general standards; Code of
- 6 Federal Regulations, title 40, part 260. References to the petition processes established
- 7 <u>in</u> "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 260, subpart C," or "Code of Federal

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- Regulations, title 40, or Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 260.20 to 260.41," mean the petition processes established in part 7045.0075.
 - [In subpart 1b, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to the petition process in 40 CFR part 260, subpart C, mean the State counterpart found in part 7045.0075.]//
 - Subp. 1c. Identification and listing standards; Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261.
 - A. References to <u>any section in</u> "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, <u>subpart C,"</u> " <u>subparts A to C, or to</u> Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 261.20 261.1 to 261.24," or "characteristic hazardous waste" mean the characteristics established in part parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0131 or part 7045.0214, subpart 3.
 - [In item A, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 261, subparts A to C, regarding the identification and listing of hazardous wastes, mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0131 and 7045.0214, subpart 3.]//
 - B. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.4," mean the exclusions listed in part 7045.0120.
 - C. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.6," mean the use, reuse, recycling, and reclamation requirements of part 7045.0125.

[In items B and C, the MPCA eliminates unnecessary quotation marks]//

- D. References to any section in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, subpart D, or to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 261.30 to 261.38, mean parts 7045.0135 to 7045.0145.
- [In item D, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 261, subpart D, regarding the lists of hazardous wastes, mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0135 to 7045.0145.]//
- Subp. 1d. Standards applicable to generators of hazardous waste, Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 262. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 262, or to any section in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 262.10 to 262.70, mean parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0325.
- [In subpart 1d, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 262, regarding generators of hazardous wastes, mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0325.]//
- Subp. 1e. Standards applicable to transporters of hazardous waste, Code of
- 42 **Federal Regulations, title 40, part 263.** References to any section in Code of Federal
- 43 Regulations, title 40, sections 263.10 to 263.31, mean parts 7045.0351 to 7045.0397.
- 44 In subpart 1e, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to
- 45 40 CFR sections 263.10 to 263.31, regarding the transportation of hazardous waste,
- mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0351 to 7045.0397.]//

Subp. 1d 1f. Permitted and interim status standards for owners and operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities; Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 264 and 265.

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A. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart F," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.90 to 264.101," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart F," or "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 265.90 to 265.94," mean the requirements of parts 7045.0484, 7045.0485, 7045.0590, and 7045.0592 relating to groundwater protection, monitoring, and corrective action for releases.

[In item A, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 264, subpart F, or to 265, subpart F, regarding the operation of hazardous waste facilities, mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0484, 7045.0485, 7045.0590, and 7045.0592.]//

B. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart H," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.140 to 264.151," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart H," or "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 265.140 to 265.150," mean the financial assurance requirements of parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624.

[In item B, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 264, subpart H, or to 265, subpart H, regarding financial assurance for hazardous waste facilities, mean the State counterparts found in parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624.]//

C. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart O," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.340 to 264.351," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart O," or "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 265.340 to 265.352," mean the thermal treatment standards of parts 7045.0542 and 7045.0640.

[In item C, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 264, subpart O, or to 265, subpart O, regarding thermal treatment facilities, mean the State counterparts in parts 7045.0542 and 7045.0640.]//

D. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart N," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.300 to 264.317," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart N," or "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 265.300 to 265.316," mean the landfill standards of parts 7045.0538 and 7045.0638.

[In item D, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 264, subpart N, or to 265, subpart N, regarding landfills, mean the State counterparts in parts 7045.0538 and 7045.0638.]//

Subp. 4e 1g. Permit requirements; Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 270. References to "Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 270, subparts A to H," "Code Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 270.1 to 270.230," or any other reference to a hazardous waste facility permit mean the hazardous waste facility permit requirements in parts 7001.0500 to 7001.0730.

[In subpart 1g, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 CFR part 270, subparts A to H, regarding hazardous waste permits mean the

State counterparts in parts 7001.0500 to 7001.0730.]//

1 Subp. 1h. Other standards. 2 The MPCA creates subpart 1h to address the adoption of standards that do not fit 3 into any of the existing categories.]// 4 A. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 273, mean part 5 7045.1400 (universal waste). [In new item A, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language 6 7 to 40 CFR part 273, regarding universal wastes, mean the State counterparts in part 8 7045.1400.]// 9 B. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 279, mean parts 10 7045.0692 to 7045.0990 (used oil). [In new item B, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language 11 to 40 CFR part 279, regarding used oil, mean the State counterparts in parts 12 13 7045.0692 to 7045.0990.]// 14 C. References to underground injection of waste in any Code of Federal Regulations incorporated in this chapter are subject to Minnesota Statutes and rules 15 16 prohibiting the discharge of waste or pollutants to the saturated or unsaturated zones. 17 In new item C, the MPCA clarifies that Minnesota statutes and rules prohibit underground injection of waste or pollutants. This is not a change but only a 18 19 clarification of existing rules and statutes.]// 20 D. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 266, subpart C, mean 21 part 7045.0665 (uses constituting disposal). 22 In item D, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 23 CFR part 266, subpart C, mean the State counterparts in part 7045.0665.\// 24 E. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 266, subpart F, mean 25 part 7045.0675 (precious metal recovery). 26 [In item E, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 27 CFR part 266, subpart F, mean the State counterparts in part 7045.0675.]// 28 F. References to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 266, subpart G, mean 29 part 7045.0685 (spent lead-acid batteries being reclaimed). 30 In item F, the MPCA clarifies that references in incorporated federal language to 40 31 CFR part 266, subpart G, mean the State counterparts in part 7045.0685.]// 32 [For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.] 33 Subp. 4. Applicable law. When federal regulations incorporated into this chapter cite 34 additional federal regulations and when this chapter does not address whether the cited 35 federal regulations or corresponding state rules apply, state rules shall apply. 36 In subpart 4, the MPCA clarifies that, unless otherwise specified, when either 37 Minnesota Rules or corresponding RCRA regulations could apply, the most stringent 38 rule or regulation governs.]// 39 7045.0102 MIXTURES OF WASTES. 40

- 41 [The MPCA revises part 7045.0102 to clarify the existing requirements and to make
- 42 the rule correspond more closely to parallel requirements in 40 CFR section 261.3.
- Except for several new federal exclusions being added to subpart 2, item E, subitems
- 44 (6) and (7), the revisions to this rule part are intended to clarify the rule without
- 45 changing its meaning. The MPCA intends to continue regulating the same mixtures

that were considered to be hazardous under the former rule, and, except for the newly added exceptions in Item E, to continue excluding those mixtures that were excluded from regulation under the former rule.]//

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Except as provided in part 7045.0665, subpart 1, mixtures of wastes are listed in subparts 2 and 3 identified in subpart 2.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA replaces the word "listed," which has a special meaning in this chapter, with the more appropriate term "identified." The MPCA also removes an obsolete reference to subpart 3 that was repealed in a prior rulemaking.]//

Subp. 2. **Mixtures of hazardous and nonhazardous wastes.** The mixing of a hazardous waste with a nonhazardous waste as described in this subpart constitutes treatment. Generators who mix hazardous and nonhazardous wastes on site must meet the requirements of part 7045.0211 for generators with on-site facilities. <u>Mixtures excluded under part 7045.0075</u>, subpart 2, are excluded from regulation. Wastes excluded under this subpart are subject to part 7045.1390, even if they no longer exhibit a characteristic at the point of land disposal.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA adds two new sentences. The first clarifies that wastes excluded through the petition process in part 7045.0075, subpart 2, are not further addressed by this mixtures rule. The existing rule, and corresponding 40 CFR section 261.3, repeated a similar phrase at different units throughout the part. In this introductory paragraph, the MPCA adds one reference to the waste petition process to consolidate several redundant references. In the second new sentence, the MPCA is adding a requirement that corresponds to 40 CFR 261.3(g)(3). This is based on RCRA Amendment 192A.2: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revisions" = 40 CFR 261.3(g)(3); as supported at 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001. This sentence helps the reader to understand that treatment standards for land disposal may be more restrictive than the criteria used for determining whether the waste is characteristic waste.]//

A. A mixture is a hazardous waste if it is a mixture of nonhazardous waste and any waste which is hazardous solely because it exhibits the characteristic of ignitability, corrosivity, oxidativity, or reactivity as described in part 7045.0131, unless the resulting mixture does not exhibit any of the characteristics of hazardous waste as defined in part 7045.0131 contains a waste that is hazardous solely because it exhibits any of the characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity, oxidativity, or reactivity identified in part 7045.0131, or contains a hazardous waste listed in part 7045.0135 solely because of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity, and the resulting mixture exhibits any characteristic of a hazardous waste identified in part 7045.0131.

[Former item A language stated that wastes that exhibit hazardous characteristics solely for ignitability, reactivity, corrosivity or oxidativity are not regulated as hazardous waste if, after mixing, they no longer display those characteristics. The MPCA intends the effect of item A to remain the same, however, it rephrases item A to make three changes.//

First, the MPCA changes the identified characteristics to plural form instead of singular in order to clarify that this item also applies when mixtures contain more than one of the characteristics (e.g., a waste that is both corrosive and ignitable).//

The use of the term "solely" is meant to clarify that the waste could only be hazardous because of those specific characteristics, not that it was limited to only one of those characteristics. To qualify for this provision, a waste must not be hazardous for any reason other than ignitability, corrosivity, oxidativity or reactivity (e.g., may not be characteristic for or listed based on toxicity or lethality).//

The second change is that the MPCA revised item A to address both listed and characteristic waste that, when mixed, continues to exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste. This was done by incorporating the contents of three former items into item A. Item A addresses mixtures of characteristic wastes that had been addressed in former item A and in the second part of former item C. It also addresses mixtures of listed wastes formerly addressed in the first part of former item C and former item B. Former item B stated that mixtures containing wastes that were listed for ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity were not hazardous if the resulting mixture was not characteristic. Former item E further addressed this concept by excluding from regulation sewered wastes that were listed for reasons of ignitability, corrosivity, and reactivity. The MPCA combines all of these types of mixtures into new item A.//

In new item A the MPCA addresses mixtures resulting from both categories of wastes—those that are hazardous because they are listed and those that are hazardous because they exhibit a characteristic. Regardless of how the waste is initially identified as hazardous, if, after mixing, the waste still exhibits one of the specified characteristics (ignitable, reactive, oxidative or corrosive), it continues to be regulated as a hazardous waste. A mixture of these types of wastes, whether it is derived from a listed waste or a characteristic waste, will be regulated as hazardous if the resulting mixture has a hazardous characteristic.//

Finally, the MPCA rephrases this part to use more affirmative language to state that the mixture is a hazardous waste if it exhibits a characteristic (in lieu of the previous language which said that it is a hazardous waste unless it does not exhibit a characteristic).//

Although the format of these mixture provisions has changed, the MPCA intends that mixtures of these types of waste are not hazardous wastes if they do not exhibit these characteristics of hazardous waste. This is not a changed requirement from the previous rule, but is only a rephrasing intended to simplify and clarify the existing requirement.//

The structure of the State mixtures rule differs significantly from the federal counterparts. However, there are many parallel elements, and the EPA determined that the State and federal rules are equivalent. The MPCA intends for its mixtures rule to continue to regulate the same wastes as the federal regulation and to remain equivalent to the federal mixtures rule.//

In addition to its initiative to reorganize and clarify its mixtures rules, the MPCA is also adopting changes based on changes the EPA made to corresponding federal

regulations. Further discussion of recent amendments to the federal mixtures language as it relates to the changes being made to this part are discussed in the following federal amendments:

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- RCRA Amendment 192A.2: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revisions" = 40 CFR 261.3(g)(1)-(3); as supported at 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001.
- RCRA Amendment 194: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revision II" = 40 CFR 261.3(g)(4); as supported at 66 FR 50332-50334, October 3, 2001.]//
- B. Except as provided in item D or E, a mixture is a hazardous waste if it is a mixture of nonhazardous waste and any waste listed in part 7045.0135 solely because of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity, unless: contains a waste listed for toxicity in part 7045.0135.
- (1) the resulting mixture does not exhibit any of the characteristics of hazardous waste as defined in part 7045.0131;
- (2) the resulting mixture has been excluded from regulation pursuant to part 7045.0075, subpart 2; or
- (3) the nonhazardous waste is exempt from regulation under part 7045.0120, item I, and the resultant mixture no longer exhibits any characteristic of hazardous waste as defined in part 7045.0131 for which the hazardous waste listed in part 7045.0135 was listed.

[Item B is significantly revised to only refer to mixtures of wastes that are listed for reasons of toxicity. Mixtures of wastes that are listed for toxicity were formerly regulated in former items C, D and E, and their regulatory status has not changed as a result of this revision. A mixture that contains a waste listed for toxicity remains a hazardous waste.//

Although this is not a new requirement and need not be justified, the MPCA believes it is reasonable to repeat the reasoning behind this requirement. Unlike other waste characteristics in new item A, there is no provision in new item B that a listed toxic waste will somehow, after mixing, not exhibit a characteristic and, therefore, be excluded from regulation. This is because the MPCA has special concerns about the nature of toxic wastes and about disguising toxicity through dilution. This is different than the concerns with other waste characteristics. The types of wastes that are listed for toxicity can include carcinogens and other extremely hazardous or insidious chemicals. A listing for toxicity can be based on very complex reasons and toxicity cannot be evaluated as simply as a characteristic such as corrosivity, reactivity or ignitability. If a waste that is ignitable, corrosive or reactive is mixed with another waste so that those original properties are no longer present (i.e., it will no longer burn, corrode or react) then it is reasonable to cease to manage it as a hazardous waste for those characteristics. But, if a waste contains a toxic or lethal component, such as a carcinogen or poison, it is not reasonable to simply allow it to be diluted through mixing below a regulatory threshold for that carcinogen or poison. A waste may be listed for toxicity through a number of routes and there is no way, other than a complicated delisting petition, to determine whether it is safe to cease to regulate it as toxic. For this reason, and because of the concern that dilution does not constitute proper treatment for toxic materials, it is reasonable to provide specific limits on the activity of mixing toxic wastes. The MPCA discusses regulating toxic wastes further below relating to changes to former item C.//

While the Minnesota-only characteristic "lethality" is related to toxicity, the MPCA provides no discussion of lethality in item B because lethality is solely a characteristic and is not currently used as the basis for any waste to be listed. The argument not to allow dilution of toxic waste would similarly apply to lethal waste.//

The MPCA adds the phrase, "except as provided in item E," to item B because it refers to specific exceptions for sewered wastes. These specific exceptions were formerly identified in old item F and are now provided in new item E.//

The MPCA is deleting the former introductory paragraph and former subitem (1) because those types of wastes are being addressed in new item A (a mixture containing waste listed for ignitability, corrosivity or reactivity is hazardous unless it no longer exhibits any of those characteristics).//

The MPCA is deleting former subitem (2) because its effect is addressed by a phrase added at the end of the introductory paragraph in subpart 2 (a mixture of a waste that has been removed from regulation as a hazardous waste as a result of a petition is no longer regulated as hazardous waste).//

The MPCA is removing former subitem (3) to delete the specific reference to mixtures of mining waste that are excluded from regulation in part 7045.0120, subpart 1, item I. The reference to this exclusion here is an unnecessary duplication, and is even confusing since the other exclusions in part 7045.0120 are not also referenced here. Wastes that are exempted from regulation in part 7045.0120 are not considered to be hazardous waste, and are not the subject of this mixtures rule. The type of mixture that was formerly addressed in this subpart (a mixture of a nonhazardous waste, excluded mining waste, and a waste that was listed for ignitability, reactivity or corrosivity) is now being addressed in new item A.//

C. Except as provided in item D, a mixture is a hazardous waste if it is a nonsewered mixture of nonhazardous waste and any waste listed in part 7045.0135 (other than wastes listed solely because of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity) or any waste which is hazardous because it exhibits the characteristics of toxicity or lethality as identified in part 7045.0131 unless the resulting mixture has been excluded from regulation pursuant to part 7045.0075, subpart 2 contains a waste that exhibits the characteristic of toxicity or lethality identified in part 7045.0131.

The MPCA has rephrased item C to more clearly state the existing requirement that mixtures of wastes that are characteristic for toxicity or lethality remain hazardous wastes. As discussed above for new item A, the MPCA believes that when mixtures contain wastes that are characteristic or listed for ignitability, corrosivity, oxidativity or reactivity and the mixture no longer exhibits any of those characteristics, it is reasonable to exempt these mixtures from regulation as a hazardous waste. However, as discussed in the note above, the MPCA views wastes that exhibit the characteristics

as discussed in the note above, the MPCA views wastes that exhibit the characteristics of toxicity or lethality differently. The MPCA views the mixing of wastes that exhibit

the characteristics of toxicity or lethality as dilution and not a valid treatment and is not proposing any change to the effect of this item.//

In item C the MPCA also removes the reference to "nonsewered" mixtures because the changes made in this part eliminate the need to distinguish between sewered and nonsewered waste management. Item D and new item E provide specific exceptions for sewered mixtures, but in all other cases, the regulation of the wastes under this subpart does not change depending on whether they are sewered or not. The MPCA has also deleted a phrase addressing mixtures of wastes that are listed for toxicity because those types of mixtures are addressed in new item B. The MPCA deleted a phrase addressing mixtures of wastes that are characteristic for either toxicity or lethality because those types of mixtures are more clearly addressed in this item as it is rephrased.]//

- D. A mixture is a hazardous waste if it is a sewered mixture of nonhazardous waste and any waste which is hazardous because it exhibits the characteristics of toxicity or lethality as defined in part 7045.0131 unless:
- (1) prior to entering the sewer the resulting mixture no longer exhibits the characteristic of toxicity or lethality; and
- (2) the sewering of the mixture has been approved by the agency pursuant to parts 7045.0221 to 7045.0255.

This provision does not apply to those mixtures defined as nonhazardous under item \mathbf{F} E.

E. Except as provided in item F, a mixture is a hazardous waste if it is a sewered mixture of nonhazardous waste and any waste listed in part 7045.0135 (other than wastes listed solely because of ignitability, corrosivity, or reactivity) unless the resulting mixture has been excluded from regulation under part 7045.0075, subpart 2.

[The requirements of former item E are being deleted, because the wastes that were identified in former item E (wastes that are listed for toxicity) are being addressed in new item B without changing the effect of the rule. New item B does not distinguish between whether the waste is sewered or not. Except as specifically excluded under item E, if a waste is listed for toxicity, it remains a hazardous waste regardless of whether the resulting mixture is sewered or nonsewered.]//

F. E. Except as otherwise provided in item A, B, or D, the following sewered mixtures of nonhazardous wastes and hazardous wastes listed in part 7045.0135 Except as otherwise provided in item A, B, or D, the following sewered mixtures are not hazardous wastes if the generator can demonstrate that the mixture consists of wastewater, the discharge of which is subject to regulation under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, United States Code, title 33, section 1317(b) or 1342, as amended either section 307(b) or 402 of the Clean Water Act, including wastewater at facilities which have eliminated the discharge of wastewater; and

[This new item E includes the provisions that were formerly in item F, mixtures of wastes that were discharged to the sewer under the Clean Water Act, without changing the effect of the existing rule. In this item the MPCA identifies a number of mixtures of specific listed hazardous wastes and excludes them from regulation as hazardous waste when they are discharged according to the Clean Water Act requirements. New item E and subitems (1), (2), (4) and (5) contain the same

provisions as the introduction and corresponding subitems found in former item F. Subitem (3) was also included in former item F, but has been revised to correspond to the exception provided in 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(C). Each exception in item E is based on the corresponding federal provision. Subitems (6) and (7) are new and are discussed below. The MPCA is also replacing an obsolete reference to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act with a reference to the Clean Water Act. The revised State language provides equivalence to the federal language and addresses changes found in RCRA Amendment 192A.2: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revisions" = 40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv); as supported at 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001.]//

(1) one or more of the following spent solvents listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item B: carbon tetrachloride, tetrachloroethylene, trichloroethylene; provided that the solvents are discharged into the wastewater stream as a result of normal manufacturing operations and provided further that the maximum total weekly usage of these solvents, other than the amounts that can be demonstrated not to be discharged to wastewater, divided by the average weekly flow of wastewater into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment system does not exceed one part per million; [In subitem (1), the MPCA corrects an existing citation to more accurately specify the correct listed wastes. The federal regulation that corresponds to this subitem (40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(A)) cites 40 CFR part 261.31, which correlates to part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item B.]//

(2) one or more of the following spent solvents listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item B: methylene chloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, chlorobenzene, o-dichlorobenzene, cresols, cresylic acid, nitrobenzene, toluene, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon disulfide, isobutanol, pyridine, spent chlorofluorocarbon solvents; provided that the solvents are discharged into the wastewater stream as a result of normal manufacturing operations and provided further that the maximum total weekly usage of these solvents, other than the amounts that can be demonstrated not to be discharged to wastewater, divided by the average weekly flow of wastewater into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment system does not exceed 25 parts per million;

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects an existing citation to more accurately specify the correct listed wastes. The federal regulation that corresponds to this subitem (40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(B)) cites 40 CFR part 261.31, which correlates to part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item B.]//

(3) heat exchanger bundle cleaning sludge from the petroleum refining industry, <u>EPA</u> Hazardous Waste No. K050 as listed in part 7045.0135, <u>subpart 1a</u>, <u>item C</u>; [The MPCA amends subitem (3) to clarify that the number, K050, is an EPA Hazardous Waste Number.]//

(4) a discarded commercial chemical product, or chemical intermediate listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item D, arising from de minimis losses of these materials from manufacturing operations in which these materials are used as raw materials or are produced in the manufacturing process. De minimis losses include those from normal material handling operations (such as spills from the unloading or transfer of materials from bins or other containers or leaks from pipes, valves, or other devices used to transfer materials); minor leaks of process equipment, storage tanks or containers; leaks from well-maintained pump packings and seals; sample purgings; relief device discharges; discharges from safety showers and rinsing and cleaning of personal safety equipment;

and rinsing rinsate from empty containers or from containers that are rendered empty by that rinsing; or

[In subitem (4), the MPCA corrects an existing citation to more accurately specify the correct listed wastes. The federal regulation that corresponds to this subitem (40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(D)) cites 40 CFR part 261.33, which correlates to part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item D. In addition, the MPCA is amending the rule to correspond to the federal regulation by changing this use of the verb "rinsing" to the more appropriate use of the noun "rinsate."]//

- (5) wastewater resulting from laboratory operations containing toxic wastes listed in part 7045.0135, provided that the annualized average flow of laboratory wastewater does not exceed one percent of total wastewater flow into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment system, or provided the waste's combined annualized average concentration does not exceed one part per million in the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment or pretreatment facility. Toxic wastes used in laboratories that are demonstrated not to be discharged to wastewater are not to be included in this calculation;
- (6) one or more of the following wastes listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item C: wastewaters from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes (EPA Hazardous Waste No. K157), provided that the maximum weekly usage of formaldehyde, methyl chloride, methylene chloride, and triethylamine, including all amounts that can not be demonstrated to be reacted in the process, destroyed through treatment, or is recovered (i.e., what is discharged or volatilized), divided by the average weekly flow of process wastewater prior to any dilutions into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system does not exceed a total of five parts per million by weight; or [In subitem (6), the MPCA adopts new language that corresponds to federal language found at 40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(F). The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to exclude these waste streams because their discharge is adequately regulated through the Clean Water Act. This language is based on an optional provision in RCRA Amendment 140: "Carbamate Production Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste'' = 40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(F); as supported at 60 FR 7824-7859, February 9, 1995; as amended at 60 FR 19165, April 17, 1995; and at 60 FR 25619, May 12, 1995.]//
- (7) wastewaters derived from the treatment of one or more of the following wastes listed in part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item C: organic waste, including heavy ends, still bottoms, light ends, spent solvents, filtrates, and decantates, from the production of carbamates and carbamoyl oximes (EPA Hazardous Waste No. K156), provided that the maximum concentration of formaldehyde, methyl chloride, methylene chloride, and triethylamine prior to any dilutions into the headworks of the facility's wastewater treatment system does not exceed a total of five milligrams per liter.
- [In subitem (7), the MPCA adopts new language that corresponds to federal language found at 40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(G). The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to exclude these waste streams because their discharge is adequately regulated through the Clean Water Act. This language is based on an optional provision in RCRA Amendment 140: "Carbamate Production Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste" = 40 CFR 261.3(a)(2)(iv)(G); as supported at 60 FR 7824-7859, February 9,

1995; as amended at 60 FR 19165, April 17, 1995; and at 60 FR 25619, May 12, 1995.]//

G. For the purpose of this part item, headworks refers to the influent plumbing of a privately owned national pollutant discharge elimination system, state disposal system, or pretreatment facility or to the facility's point of discharge to a municipal collection system when the treatment facility is a publicly owned wastewater treatment facility.

[The MPCA is amending former item G to become a paragraph at the end of new item E because the definition that it provides is only relevant to item E. The MPCA does not change the definition of "headworks" but clarifies that it applies only to item E, and not to all of part 7045.0102.]//

F. A mixture of used oil and a hazardous waste is a hazardous waste except as provided in part 7045.0800.

[The MPCA adds new item F, corresponding to 40 CFR part 261.3 (a)(2)(v), to address mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste. Item F does not provide new conditions for exceptions but instead refers readers to the rules that address used oil management. This item clarifies but does not change the regulatory status of used oil mixtures.]//

H. G. Any mixture of a waste from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals excluded under part 7045.0120, <u>subpart 1</u>, item I, and any other waste exhibiting a characteristic of hazardous waste under part 7045.0131 is a hazardous waste only if:

[The MPCA changes the numbering from former item H to item G. The MPCA also corrects the reference to accurately reflect that the citation is to part 7045.0120, subpart 1, item I.]//

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]
[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

7045.0120 EXEMPTIONS AND SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. **Exempt types of waste.** The following waste may be stored, labeled, transported, treated, processed, and disposed of without complying with the requirements of this chapter:

[For text of items A to H, see M.R.]

I. waste from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals, including coal, and including phosphate rock, and overburden from the mining of uranium ore. For purposes of this item, beneficiation of ores and minerals is restricted to the following activities: crushing; grinding; washing; dissolution; crystallization; filtration; sorting; sizing; drying; sintering; pelletizing; briquetting; calcining to remove water or carbon dioxide; roasting, autoclaving, or chlorination in preparation for leaching (except where the roasting, autoclaving, or chlorination/leaching sequence produces a final or intermediate product that does not undergo further beneficiation or processing); gravity concentration; magnetic separation; electrostatic separation; flotation; ion exchange; solvent extraction; electrowinning; precipitation; amalgamation; and heap, dump, vat, tank, and in situ leaching. For the purposes of this item, waste from the processing of ores and minerals includes only the following wastes as generated:

(1) slag from primary copper processing;

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              (2) slag from primary lead processing;
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              (3) red and brown muds from bauxite refining;
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              (4) phosphogypsum from phosphoric acid production;
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              (2)(5) slag from elemental phosphorus production;
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              (3) (6) gasifier ash from coal gasification;
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              (4)-(7) process wastewater from coal gasification;
 7
              (8) calcium sulfate wastewater treatment plant sludge from primary copper
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     processing;
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              (5) (9) slag tailings from primary copper processing;
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              (6) (10) fluorogypsum from hydrofluoric acid production;
              (11) process wastewater from hydrofluoric acid production;
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              (12) air pollution control dust or sludge from iron blast furnaces;
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              (7) (13) iron blast furnace slag;
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              (8) (14) treated residue from the roasting/leaching of chrome ore; and
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              (15) process wastewater from primary magnesium processing by the anhydrous
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      process;
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              (16) process wastewater from phosphoric acid production;
              (17) basic oxygen furnace and open hearth furnace air pollution control dust or
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     sludge from carbon steel production;
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              (9) (18) basic oxygen furnace and open hearth furnace slag from carbon steel
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     production;
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              (19) chloride process waste solids from titanium tetrachloride production; and
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              (20) slag from primary zinc processing.
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      [In subitems (1) to (20), the MPCA adopts language to clarify the exclusion of specific
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      mining wastes. The language of this item corresponds to 40 CFR 261.4(b)(7)(ii)(A)-
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      (T) (with the exception that the MPCA is not adopting a reference to 40 CFR 266.112,
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      dealing with Burning in Industrial Furnaces, because the MPCA has not yet adopted
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      provisions equivalent to that portion of the federal regulations. (Further information
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      regarding this amendment can be found at required RCRA Amendment 167E:
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      "Bevill Exclusion Revisions and Clarifications" = 40 \text{ CFR } 261.4(b)(7)(ii)(A)-(T); as
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      supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//
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        A residue derived from coprocessing mineral processing secondary materials with
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     normal beneficiation raw materials or with normal mineral processing raw materials
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      remains excluded under this subpart if the owner or operator processes at least 50 percent
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      by weight normal beneficiation raw materials or normal mineral processing raw materials
      and legitimately reclaims the secondary mineral processing materials;
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      [In this paragraph at the end of item I, the MPCA adopts a clarification of the
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      exclusions being added above it. The clarification corresponds to federal language
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      found at 40 CFR 261.4(b)(7)(iii) (The federal rule language is the result of two
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      amendments). Further information about the clarification can be found at required
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      RCRA Amendment 167E: "Bevill Exclusion Revisions and Clarifications" = 40 CFR
      261.4(b)(7)(iii); as supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998 and also at
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      required RCRA Amendment 179.3: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV --
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44
      Technical Corrections and Clarifications to Treatment Standards" = 40 CFR
45
      261.4(b)(7)(iii); as supported at 64 FR 25408-25417, May 11, 1999.]//
                                [For text of items J to S, see M.R.]
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T. spent wood preserving solutions that have been reclaimed and reused for their original intended purpose, and wastewaters from the wood preserving process that have been reclaimed and are reused to treat wood; if, prior to reuse, the wood preserving wastewaters and spent wood preserving solutions described in this item meet all of the following conditions:

[In item T, the MPCA adopts language that clarifies the exclusion of certain wood preserving solutions to narrow the scope of what is being excluded. This more stringent clarification corresponds to federal language found at 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii). This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 167 F: "Exclusion of Recycled Wood Preserving Wastewaters" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii); as supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//

(1) the wood preserving wastewaters and spent wood preserving solutions are reused on site at waterborne plants in the production process for their original intended purpose;

[In subitem (1), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(A). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T.]//

(2) prior to reuse, the wood preserving wastewaters and spent wood preserving solutions are managed to prevent release to land resources or waters of the state;

[In subitem (2), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(B). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T. The MPCA has revised the adopted language to change "land" to "land resources" and "groundwater" to "waters of the state" to use Minnesota terms without changing the intended meaning.]//

(3) any unit used to manage wood preserving wastewaters or spent wood preserving solutions prior to reuse can be visually or otherwise determined to prevent such releases;

[In subitem (3), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(C). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T. The MPCA has revised the adopted language to clarify that these wastewaters are from wood preserving.]//

(4) any drip pad used to manage the wood preserving wastewaters or spent wood preserving solutions prior to reuse complies with the standards governing drip pads in part 7045.0644; and

[In subitem (4), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(D). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T. The MPCA has revised the adopted language to clarify that these wastewaters are related to wood preserving. The MPCA replaces a federal citation with the corresponding Minnesota Rules citation. The MPCA has not adopted a reference found in the federal counterpart to a conditional exemption for generators of less than 100kg/month because this conditional exemption is not provided in the Minnesota Rules.]//

(5) prior to operating pursuant to this exclusion, the plant owner or operator submits to the commissioner a onetime notification stating that the plant intends to claim the exclusion, giving the date on which the plant intends to begin operating under the exclusion, and containing the following language: "I have read the applicable regulation

establishing an exclusion for wood preserving wastewaters and spent wood preserving solutions and understand it requires me to comply at all times with the conditions set out in the regulation." The plant must maintain a copy of that document in its on-site records until closure of the facility. The exclusion applies only so long as the plant meets all of the conditions. If the plant goes out of compliance with any condition, the plant owner or operator may apply to the commissioner for reinstatement. Reinstatement is conditioned on the commissioner finding that the plant has returned to compliance with all conditions and that violations are not likely to recur;

[In subitem (5), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(E). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T. The MPCA revises the adopted federal language to clarify that the owner or operator must submit the notification to the MPCA commissioner and that the owner or operator (not the plant) would need to apply for reinstatement. The MPCA clarifies that reinstatement is based on the plant returning to compliance with all conditions. An additional change to this subitem is based on required RCRA Amendment 213: "Burden Reduction Initiative" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(E); as supported at 71 FR 16862-16915, April 4, 2006. This change requires the owner/operator to keep a copy of the exemption notice onsite until closure of the facility instead of just 3-years from the date specified in the notice. It should cost very little to retain this record, and the ability to prove that the rule was followed should benefit the owner or operator and the regulating agencies.]//

[For text of item U, see M.R.]

[In subitem (5), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(E). This is a continuation of the same federal revision discussed in item T. The MPCA revises the adopted federal language to clarify that the owner or operator must submit the notification to the MPCA commissioner and that the owner or operator (not the plant) would need to apply for reinstatement. The MPCA clarifies that reinstatement is based on the plant returning to compliance with all conditions. An additional change to this subitem is based on required RCRA Amendment 213: "Burden Reduction Initiative" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(9)(iii)(E); as supported at 71 FR 16862-16915, April 4, 2006. This change requires the owner/operator to keep a copy of the exemption notice onsite until closure of the facility instead of just 3-years from the date specified in the notice. It should cost very little to retain this record, and the ability to prove that the rule was followed should benefit the owner or operator and the regulating agencies.]//

V. used oil rerefining distillation bottoms that are used as feedstock to manufacture asphalt products; or

[In item V, the MPCA removes the "or" to accommodate expanding this list.]//

W. sorbents, soil, and debris contaminated with petroleum fuel from spills and emergencies that are contained and reported in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 115.061, except for used oil spills and emergencies; or

[In item W, the MPCA replaces a period with a semicolon to accommodate expanding this list.]//

X. spent materials, other than hazardous wastes listed in part 7045.0135, generated within the primary mineral processing industry from which minerals, acids, cyanide,

water, or other values are recovered by mineral processing or by beneficiation, provided that:

[In item X, the MPCA adopts an exemption that corresponds to the federal regulations found at 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17). This exemption addresses spent materials generated in the mineral processing industry. Because this rule is essential to the operation of the Land Disposal Restrictions adopted later in this rulemaking, adopting this amendment is required to maintain program authorization. This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 179.3: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections and Clarifications to Treatment Standards" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17); as supported at 64 FR 25408-25417, May 11, 1999, and to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002.]//

(1) the spent material is legitimately recycled to recover minerals, acids, cyanide, water, or other values;

[In subitem (1), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(i). This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(i); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002.]//

(2) the spent material is not accumulated speculatively;

[In subitem (2), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(ii). This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(ii); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002.]//

(3) except as provided in subitem (4), the spent material is stored in tanks, containers, or buildings meeting the following minimum integrity standards: a building must be an engineered structure with a floor, walls, and a roof, all of which are made of nonearthen materials providing structural support (except smelter buildings may have partially earthen floors provided the spent material is stored on the nonearthen portion), and have a roof suitable for diverting rainwater away from the foundation; a tank must be freestanding, not be a surface impoundment, and be manufactured of a material suitable for containment of its contents; a container must be freestanding and be manufactured of a material suitable for containment of its contents. If tanks or containers contain any particulate that may be subject to wind dispersal, the owner or operator must operate these units in a manner that controls fugitive dust. Tanks, containers, and buildings must be designed, constructed, and operated to prevent releases to the environment of these materials;

[In subitem (3), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iii). This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iii); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002. The MPCA replaces "nonearthen" with "non-earthen" and "secondary materials" with "spent materials" to clarify the intended meaning of the federal counterparts.]//

(4) the commissioner may make a site-specific determination, upon application by the owner or operator and after public review and comment, that only solid mineral processing spent material may be placed on pads rather than in tanks, containers, or

- buildings. Solid mineral processing spent materials must not contain any free liquid. The
- 2 commissioner must affirm that pads are designed, constructed, and operated to prevent
- 3 releases of the spent material into the environment. Pads must provide the same degree of
- 4 <u>containment afforded by the tanks, containers, and buildings eligible for exclusion in</u> subitem (3):
- [In subitem (4), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv).
- 7 This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing
- 8 Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste"
- 9 = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002. The
- 10 MPCA adds language to clarify that the owner or operator must apply for a
- commissioner's determination (rather than an EPA Administrator's determination as
- would be required under the federal regulations). The MPCA also replaces one use of
- the term "secondary materials" with the term "spent materials" to be consistent
- within the paragraph.]//
 15 (a) the comm
 - (a) the commissioner must also consider if storage on pads poses the potential for releases via groundwater, surface water, and air exposure pathways. Factors to be considered for assessing the groundwater, surface water, and air exposure pathways are the volume and physical and chemical properties of the spent material, including its potential for migration off the pad; the potential for human or environmental exposure to
- 20 hazardous constituents migrating from the pad via each exposure pathway; and the
- 21 possibility and extent of harm to human and environmental receptors via each exposure
- 22 pathway;

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- 23 [In unit (a), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(A).
- 24 This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing
- 25 Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste"
- = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(A); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002;
- 27 also, to required RCRA Amendment 167 D REVISED: "Mineral Processing
- 28 Secondary Materials Exclusion" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(A); as supported at 63 FR
- 29 **28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//**
- 30 (b) pads must meet the following minimum standards: be designed of
- nonearthen material that is compatible with the chemical nature of the mineral processing spent material, be capable of withstanding physical stresses associated with placement
- and removal, have run-on/runoff controls, be operated in a manner that controls fugitive
- dust, and have integrity assurance through inspections and maintenance programs; and
- 35 [In unit (b), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(B).
- This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing
- 37 Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste"
- $\frac{1}{38} = 40 \text{ CFR } 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(B);$ as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002;
- 39 also, to required RCRA Amendment 167 D REVISED: "Mineral Processing
- 40 Secondary Materials Exclusion" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(B); as supported at 63 FR
- 41 **28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//**
- 42 (c) before making a determination under this subitem, the commissioner
- must provide notice and the opportunity for comment to all persons potentially interested in the determination in accordance with part 7001.0100, subpart 5;
- 45 [In unit (c), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(C).
- This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing

Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(C); 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002; also, to required RCRA Amendment 167 D – REVISED: "Mineral Processing Secondary Materials Exclusion" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(iv)(A); 63 FR 28556-28753; May 26, 1998.]//

 (5) the owner or operator provides a notice to the commissioner, providing the following information: the types of materials to be recycled, the type and location of the storage units and recycling processes, and the annual quantities expected to be placed in land-based units. This notification must be updated when there is a change in the type of materials recycled or the location of the recycling process; and

[In subitem (5), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(v). This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(v); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002; also, to required RCRA Amendment 167 D – REVISED: "Mineral Processing Secondary Materials Exclusion" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(v); as supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//

(6) for purposes of this item, mineral processing spent materials must be the result of mineral processing and may not include any listed hazardous wastes. Listed hazardous wastes and characteristic hazardous wastes generated by nonmineral processing industries are not eligible for the exemption in this item.

[In subitem (6), the MPCA adopts language corresponding to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(vi). This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.3: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(vi); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002; also, to required RCRA Amendment 167 D – REVISED: "Mineral Processing Secondary Materials Exclusion" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(17)(vi); as supported at 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.]//

- Subp. 2. **Special requirements.** The following waste is exempt from the general requirements of this chapter if managed as specified:
- A. waste collected as a result of a household hazardous waste management program under part 7045.0310;
 - B. spent or waste household batteries collected under part 7045.0686;
- C. waste collected as a result of a very small quantity generator hazardous waste collection program under part 7045.0320;
 - D. feedstocks and by-products under part 7045.0125, subparts 5 and 6;
- E. comparable fuels or comparable syngas fuels that meet the specifications and other requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.38, as amended, which is adopted and incorporated by reference; and

[In item E, the MPCA deletes the word "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//

F. universal waste managed under part 7045.1400-; and

[In item F, the MPCA replaces a period with a semicolon and adds the word "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//

G. hazardous waste containing radioactive waste when it meets the eligibility criteria and conditions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 266, subpart N, Conditional Exemption for Low-Level Mixed Waste Storage, Treatment, Transportation and Disposal, as amended. This exemption also pertains to:

(1) any mixture of a waste and an eligible radioactive mixed waste; and

(2) any waste generated from treating, storing, or disposing of an eligible radioactive mixed waste.

Waste exempted under this item must meet the eligibility criteria and specified conditions in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 266.225 and 266.230 (for storage and treatment), as amended, and 266.310 and 266.315 (for transportation and disposal), as amended. Waste that fails to satisfy these eligibility criteria and conditions is regulated as hazardous waste.

[In item G, the MPCA adopts an exemption for radioactive waste mixtures that corresponds to federal regulations found at 40 CFR 261.3(h)(1-3). The exemption is not required to maintain program equivalency but the MPCA believes that it is a reasonable clarification of the existing State hazardous waste requirements. Minnesota Statute, section 116.06, subdivision 11, says that hazardous waste does not include "source, special nuclear, or by-product material as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended." However, mixtures of radioactive waste and hazardous waste are regulated under the land disposal restrictions in part 7045.1390 of this chapter. This amendment clarifies that the EPA regulations apply to such mixtures. This change relates to RCRA Amendment 192A.2: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revisions" = 40 CFR 261.3(h)(1-3); as supported at 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001.]//

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7045.0121 TREATABILITY STUDY EXEMPTIONS.

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. Facilities and sample handling. A mobile treatment unit may qualify as a laboratory or testing facility subject to requirements of this subpart. Where a group of mobile treatment units are located at the same site, the limitations specified in this subpart apply to the entire group of mobile treatment units involved in treatability studies collectively as if the group were one mobile treatment unit. Samples undergoing treatability studies and the laboratory or testing facility conducting the treatability studies, to the extent the facilities are engaged directly in treatability studies and are not otherwise subject to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act requirements, United States Code, title 42, section 6901 et seq., as amended, are not subject to any requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 124, as amended; parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0685 except this part and applicable references; parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050; 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390; chapter 7001; or to the notification requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, United States Code, title 42, section 6930, as amended, providing that the conditions in items A to K are met. [In subpart 3, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that was repealed and is no longer applicable. There are several corrections to this citation in this rulemaking. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules. \//

41 [For text of items A to K, see M.R.]

7045.0125 MANAGEMENT OF WASTE BY USE, REUSE, RECYCLING, AND RECLAMATION.

[For text of subps 1 to 3a, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Management of specific hazardous wastes.** Management of the following wastes when recycled, is not subject to regulation under parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0695 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 <u>7045.1390</u>:

[In subpart 4, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. scrap metal and excluded scrap metal;

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[In item C, the MPCA is extending the exclusion of scrap metal to also include "excluded scrap metal." The corresponding federal exclusion is found at 40 CFR 261.4(a)(13). A definition of "excluded scrap metal" is being added in this rulemaking in part 7045.0020 and includes several categories of scrap metal that are also being defined through these amendments. Because excluding additional types of scrap metal makes the existing rules less stringent, the MPCA is not required to adopt this provision of the federal regulations to maintain authorization. However, the MPCA believes it is reasonable to exclude those types of wastes because they do not present an environmental risk when properly recycled. This change relates to RCRA Amendment 157.6: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving Wastes, Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for Certain Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(13) and 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(ii), as supported at 62 FR 25998-26040, May 12, 1997.]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

F. coke and coal tar from the iron and steel industry that contain EPA Hazardous Waste No. K087 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 3, item Q, subitem (2), (decanter tank tar sludge from coking operations) from the iron and steel production process EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. K060, K087, K141, K142, K143, K144, K145, K147, and K148, and any wastes from the coke by-products processes that are hazardous only because they exhibit the toxicity characteristic, specified in part 7045.0131, subpart 7, when, subsequent to generation, these materials are recycled to coke ovens, recycled to the tar recovery process as a feedstock to produce coal tar, or mixed with coal tar prior to the tar's sale or refining. This exclusion is conditioned on there being no land disposal of the wastes from the point they are generated to the point they are recycled to coke ovens, tar recovery, or refining processes or mixed with coal tar;

[The MPCA revises item F to delete the previous exclusion for coke and coal tar wastes and to adopt the more specific federal exclusion found at 40 CFR 261.4(a)(10). The adopted language is more specific regarding the types of wastes that are excluded and is required to maintain hazardous waste program authorization. This change is based on required RCRA Amendment 110.2: "Coke By-Products Listings" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(10); as supported at 57 FR 37284-37306, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of items G to M, see M.R.]

N. recyclable fuel, if the following conditions are met:

(1) the recyclable fuel is immediately removed from the generation site by a transporter in compliance with all applicable Minnesota Department of Transportation

requirements in Minnesota Statutes, sections 221.033 to 221.035 221.0355, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 179 199;

[In the amendments to subitem (1), the MPCA corrects a citation to a section of Minnesota Statutes that was repealed and provides the correct citation to the replacement section. The MPCA also follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to correct one of several citations to a range of regulations amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

[For text of subitems (2) to (4), see M.R.]

(5) if, because of a need to conduct waste analysis, recyclable fuel cannot be placed into the recycling process within 24 hours of receipt, the owner or operator of the fuel recycling facility shall contact the commissioner to request an extension of the storage time. A request for an extension can be for a single event or to address an ongoing need for additional time. A request for an extension must be submitted in writing to the commissioner and must include:

[For text of units (a) and (b), see M.R.]

(c) a description of how the waste will be managed during the storage period, including the measures that will be in place to prevent releases and how spills will be contained and cleaned up.

The commissioner's decision to approve holding the waste longer than 24 hours will be based on an evaluation of whether the owner or operator of the recycling facility can provide adequate protection of human health and the environment until the recyclable fuel is placed into the recycling process; and

[In unit (c), at the end of item N, the MPCA removes "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//

O. petroleum fuel filters if they are burned for energy recovery under subpart 3a, or recycled as scrap metal under item C, and are managed during accumulation and transportation according to in accordance with the requirements of part 7045.0990, subparts 3 to 5-; and

[In item O, the MPCA revises language to clarify the intended meaning. The MPCA also adds "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//

- P. circuit boards or shredded circuit boards being recycled, provided that they are:
- (1) stored in containers sufficient to prevent a release to the environment prior to recovery; and
- (2) free of mercury switches, mercury relays, and nickel-cadmium batteries and lithium batteries.

[In item P, the MPCA adopts a new exclusion for circuit boards that are being recycled. The MPCA has for many years excluded circuit boards that are being recycled from regulation by considering them to be scrap metal (which is excluded from regulation in the existing rules) and this amendment merely formalizes that previous interpretation. The exclusion corresponds to 40 CFR 261.4(a)(14). Because this is an exclusion from regulation and makes the State rules less stringent, the adoption of this federal provision is optional. However, the MPCA believes that adopting this amendment is reasonable as it clarifies the MPCA's existing interpretation of this rule. The MPCA also believes that it is reasonable to facilitate the recycling of circuit boards because proper recycling of circuit boards is protective of human health and the environment. This change relates to optional RCRA

Amendment 157.6: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV--Treatment Standards for Wood Preserving Wastes, Paperwork Reduction and Streamlining, Exemptions From RCRA for Certain Processed Materials; and Miscellaneous Hazardous Waste Provisions" = 40 CFR 261.4(a)(14); as supported at 62 FR 25998-26040, May 12, 1997.1//

Subp. 5. Requirements for use of hazardous waste as feedstock.

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 A. Except as provided in items B to D, hazardous wastes that are shown to be recycled by being used in a manner specified in subitems (1) to (3), are not subject to regulation under parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0990 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390. This subpart does not apply to wastes being accumulated speculatively as defined in part 7045.0020, subpart 84a, or being managed by use constituting disposal as regulated under part 7045.0665 or burning for energy recovery, as regulated in part 7045.0692.

Hazardous wastes are considered to be used as feedstock if they are:

[The MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

[For text of item B, see M.R.]

C. Transporters of hazardous wastes for use as feedstock must comply with all applicable requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 221.033 and 221.034 221.0341, and with 221.035 221.0355 if applicable, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 179 199, as amended.

[In item C, the MPCA corrects a citation to sections of Minnesota Statutes that were repealed and provides citations to the replacement sections. The MPCA also follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to correct one of several citations to a range of regulations amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. Requirements for reclamation of specific hazardous waste.

- A. A by-product or a sludge that is hazardous only because it exhibits a characteristic of hazardous waste as defined in part 7045.0131 and is reclaimed is subject to only the following requirements:
- (1) A generator of such a hazardous waste is subject to the requirements of subpart 5, item B.
- (2) Transporters of such a hazardous waste must comply with all applicable requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 221.033 and 221.034 221.0341, and with 221.035 221.0355 if applicable, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 179 199, as amended.

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects a citation to sections of Minnesota Statutes that were repealed and provides citations to the replacement sections. The MPCA also follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to correct one of several citations to a range of regulations amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

[For text of subitem (3), see M.R.]
[For text of item B, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 7 and 8, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. **Facility requirements.** Unless exempted specifically in this part or parts 7045.0692 and 7045.0790 to 7045.0990, owners or and operators of facilities which that recycle hazardous waste are subject to the following requirements:

[In subpart 9, the MPCA revises language to clarify the intended meaning.]//

A. If the recyclable hazardous waste is stored before it is recycled, the owners or operators are subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0534, 7045.0540, 7045.0547, 7045.0548, 7045.0552 to 7045.0632, 7045.0645, 7045.0647, 7045.0648, 7045.0652 to 7045.0686, and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, and chapter 7001. The recycling process itself is exempt from regulation except as provided in item C.

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that has been repealed and also provides the replacement citation for a range of rules being repealed in this rulemaking (the land disposal restrictions being added at part 7045.1390). The MPCA also adopts a number of cross references to requirements being added to the rules in this rulemaking. The references being cited identify rules that provide standards for organic air emissions from tanks, surface impoundments and containers and are discussed elsewhere in this SONAR where those air emission standards are being adopted. Further information about the added citations can also be found at required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1.39: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 261.6(c)(1); as supported at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; and as amended by 60 FR 26828-26829, May 19, 1995; 60 FR 50426-50430, September 29, 1995; 60 FR 56952-56954, November 13, 1995; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; 61 FR 28508-28511, June 5, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

[For text of items B to D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 10 to 13, see M.R.]

7045.0127 RESIDUES IN EMPTY CONTAINERS AND EMPTY INNER LINERS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Any hazardous waste remaining in an empty container or an empty inner liner removed from an empty container, as defined in subparts 2 to 4 is not subject to regulation under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.1030 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, or a hazardous waste facility permit. Any hazardous waste in a container or an inner liner removed from a container that is not empty, as defined in subparts 2 to 4, is subject to regulation under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.1030 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, and the agency's permitting procedures.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA provides the replacement citations for repealed ranges of rules.]//

Subp. 2. **Empty containers or inner liners; definition.** A container or an inner liner removed from a container that has held any hazardous waste, except a waste that is a compressed gas or that is identified as an acute hazardous waste in part 7045.0135, subpart 2, 3, or 4, item E 1a, items B and C, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.33(e), as incorporated in part 7045.0135, is empty if:

[In subpart 2, the MPCA replaces references to part 7045.0135, subparts 2, 3, and 4 (lists of hazardous wastes) which are being repealed and replaced with new citations that address the same requirements. The MPCA intends that the same lists are

addressed as in the former rules. By referencing 40 CFR 261.33(e), the MPCA provides a more accurate citation to a specific list in the federal regulations than can be provided by a reference to its State counterpart. The list of commercial chemical products in the federal regulations is being incorporated by reference in part 7045.0135 but that State citation is too general to identify this specific list. The final phrase in the amendment to subpart 2 refers to the rule part incorporating the federal reference so that any associated conditions of incorporation can be assessed.]//

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. Other empty containers or inner liners. A container or inner liner that has held an acute hazardous waste identified in part 7045.0135, subpart 2, 3, or 4, item E 1a, items B and C, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.33(e), as incorporated in part 7045.0135, is empty if:

In subpart 3, the MPCA replaces references to part 7045.0135, subparts 2, 3, and 4 (lists of hazardous wastes) which are being repealed and replaced with new citations that address the same requirements. The MPCA intends that the same lists are addressed as in the former rules. By referencing 40 CFR 261.33(e), the MPCA provides a more accurate citation to a specific list in the federal regulations than can be provided by a reference to its State counterpart. The list of commercial chemical products in the federal regulations is being incorporated by reference in part 7045.0135 but that State citation is too general to identify this specific list. The final phrase in the amendment to subpart 2 refers to the rule part incorporating the federal reference so that any associated conditions of incorporation can be assessed. \//

> [For text of items A to C, see M.R.] [For text of subp 4, see M.R.]

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7045.0131 CHARACTERISTICS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

26 27 Subpart 1. In general. A waste which is not excluded from regulation as a hazardous 28 waste under part 7045.0120 is a hazardous waste if it exhibits ignitability, corrosivity, 29 reactivity, toxicity, lethality, or is an oxidizer, as described in subparts 2 to 7. A 30 hazardous waste which is identified by a characteristic in this part is assigned every 31 hazardous waste number that is applicable. This number must be used in complying with 32 the notification requirements of section 3010 of the federal Resource Conservation and 33 Recovery Act and all applicable record keeping and reporting requirements under parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0205 to 7045.0642 and 7045.1300 7045.0651 and 34 35 7045.1390, and chapter 7001. For purposes of this part, the commissioner shall consider a 36 sample obtained using any of the applicable sampling methods specified in Code of 37 Federal Regulations, title 40, part 260 261, Appendix I or part 261, Appendix II, as 38 amended incorporated in part 7045.0155, or Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure, 39 Method 1311 in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA publication SW-846, incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D, 40 41 to be a representative sample. 42 In subpart 1, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 because that rule has been 43 repealed. The MPCA is also revising a citation to a range of rules that has changed as parts were added as part of this rulemaking, and that included an error. The error 44 was that previous reference to "...7045.0205 to 7045.0642 and 7045.1300" needed to 45

be extended to include added parts. Also, it should have included all of the land disposal restrictions—not just those found in part 7045.1300. The MPCA discovered this error as a result of this rulemaking and is changing it to include part 7045.1390, which incorporates all of the land disposal restrictions by reference. The MPCA is correcting an additional error by changing "40 CFR 260" to "40 CFR 261." 40 CFR Part 261 is the correct citation for the sampling methods identified in the corresponding federal regulations. The MPCA is changing a reference from Part 260, Appendix I to Part 261, Appendix I because that is the accurate cite. Finally, the MPCA is providing a reference to the State rule that incorporates and establishes any conditions regarding the federal Appendices to Part 261.]//

Subp. 2. **Ignitability.** A waste exhibits the characteristic of ignitability if a representative sample of the waste has any of the following properties:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. it is an ignitable compressed gas as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.300 173.115, as amended, and as determined by the test methods described in that regulation or equivalent test methods approved by the commissioner under part 7045.0075, subpart 1.

[In item C, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to correct an error in a citation to a regulation that was amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

A waste that exhibits the characteristic of ignitability has the hazardous waste number of D001.

[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Corrosivity.** A waste exhibits the characteristic of corrosivity if a representative sample of the waste has any of the following properties:

A. It is aqueous and has a pH less than or equal to 2.0 or greater than or equal to 12.5, as determined by a pH meter using either the test method Method 9040C in the "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency," EPA publication number SW_846 (First Edition, 1980 as updated by Revisions A (August 1980), B (July 1981), and C (February 1982) or Second Edition, 1982) also described in Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Waste issued by the Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, publication number 600/7-79-020 (March 1979), or an equivalent test method approved by the commissioner under the procedures set forth in part 7045.0075, subpart 1, incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D; or

[In item A, the MPCA is revising the rule to accurately identify the reference documents used in the determination of the corrosivity characteristic. This amendment is required to maintain consistency with the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 261.22(a)(1). This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 261.22(a)(1); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. The MPCA also provides a reference to part 7045.0065, item D, which incorporates and establishes any conditions regarding the specified test method.]//

B. It is liquid and corrodes steel (SAE 1020) at a rate greater than 6.35 mm (0.250 inch) per year at a test temperature of 55 degrees Celsius (130 degrees Fahrenheit) as determined by the test method specified in National Association of Corrosion Engineers

- 1 Standard TM-01-69 as standardized in Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste,
- 2 Physical/Chemical Methods," issued by the United States Environmental Protection
- Agency, EPA publication number SW-846 (First Edition, 1980 as updated by Revisions 3
- 4 A (August 1980), B (July 1981), and C (February 1982) or Second Edition, 1982) or an
- 5 equivalent test method approved by the commissioner under the procedures set forth in
- part 7045.0075, subpart 1, incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D. 6
 - In item B, the MPCA is revising the rule to accurately identify the reference documents used in the determination of the corrosivity characteristic. **This** amendment is required to maintain consistency with the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 261.22(a)(2). This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 261.22(a)(2); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. The MPCA also provides a reference to part 7045.0065, item D, which incorporates and establishes any conditions regarding the specified test method.]//

A waste that exhibits the characteristic of corrosivity has the hazardous waste number of D002.

Subp. 5. **Reactivity.** A waste exhibits the characteristic of reactivity if a representative sample of the waste has any of the following properties:

[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]

H. it is a forbidden explosive as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.51 173.54, as amended, a Class A Division 1.1 or 1.2 explosive as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.53 173.50, as amended, or a Class B Division 1.2 or 1.3 explosive as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.88 173.50, as amended.

A waste that exhibits the characteristic of reactivity has the hazardous waste number of D003.

[In item H, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to revise language and citations to conform with U.S. Department of Transportation amendments to the cited material.]//

[For text of subp 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Toxicity.** Toxicity is determined as follows:

A. A waste, except manufactured gas plant waste, exhibits the characteristic of [In this line of item A, the MPCA adds an exception for manufactured gas plant waste to the regulation of the toxicity characteristic. This exception corresponds to the federal regulations found at 40 CFR 261.24(a). Although this is an optional amendment, the MPCA is adopting it because the MPCA concurs with the reasoning presented by the EPA and because adopting the federal exemption will maintain consistency with the federal regulations. This change relates to RCRA Amendment 199.4: "Vacatur of Mineral Processing Spent Materials Being Reclaimed as Solid Wastes and TCLP Use with MGP Waste" = 40 CFR 261.24(a); as supported at 67 FR 11251-11254, March 13, 2002.]//

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- 42 toxicity if, using the test methods described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part
- 261, appendix II, as amended, or equivalent methods approved by the commissioner 43
- 44 under the procedures in part 7045.0075, subpart 1 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching
- Procedure, Method 1311 in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, 45
- Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA publication SW-846, incorporated by reference in part 46

7045.0155, subpart 1, item B, the extract from a representative sample of the waste contains any of the contaminants listed in subpart 8 at a concentration equal to or greater than the respective value given in that table contaminant values listed. Where the waste contains less than 0.5 percent filterable solids, the waste itself, after filtering using the methodology outlined in Method 1311, is considered to be the extract for the purpose of

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[In item A, the MPCA is revising the rule to accurately identify the reference documents used in the determination of the toxicity characteristic. The existing rule referenced the test method where it was formerly located in 40 CFR part 261, Appendix II. The federal regulations have changed so that this test method is no longer found at 261, Appendix II so the MPCA is here identifying the name of the test method and referring to the State rule where the test method is being incorporated by reference. This amendment is required to maintain consistency with the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 261.24(a). This change relates to required RCRA Amendment 126.6: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 261.24(a); as supported at 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993. The MPCA also refers to part 7045,0065, item D that incorporates and establishes any conditions regarding the specified test method. In this rulemaking, the MPCA is also deleting the phrase "or equivalent methods approved by the commissioner under 7045.0075, subpart 1." The MPCA believes that this is a reasonable deletion that does not change the effect of the rule or the availability of this option. The process for obtaining approval for the use of alternative test methods is still provided in 7045.0075. However, the federal regulations that correspond to this part have been amended to remove a specific reference to the petition process. The EPA explains in the August 31, 1993 Federal Register that this is a clarifying change and that removing this term does not alter the availability of the petition process to the regulated community.]//

[For text of items B and C, see M.R.]
[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]

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7045.0133 EXEMPTION FROM REGULATION DUE TO LETHALITY.

Subpart 1. **In general.** A generator's waste that exhibits the characteristics of lethality as described in part 7045.0131, subpart 6, may be exempted from regulation under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.1380 7045.1390 if the generator can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the agency that the waste is not capable of posing a present or potential hazard to human health and the environment if the waste were to be improperly treated, transported, stored, disposed, or managed under routine waste management methods.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

Subp. 2. **Factors to be considered.** In demonstrating that a waste should be exempt from regulation under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.1380 <u>7045.1390</u>, the generator must present information related to the following factors:

[In subpart 2, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]

Subpart 1. [See repealer.]

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In this part, the MPCA is incorporating by reference the corresponding federal regulations that list hazardous wastes. Maintaining equivalence with the federal lists of hazardous wastes is an essential component of maintaining the MPCA's program authorization from EPA. The State rules must, at a minimum, include the same wastes that are listed in the federal regulations. While the State rules may be more comprehensive, they cannot be less. The MPCA has, with the exception of a State listing for PCB wastes, maintained lists identical to the corresponding federal regulations and continuing that commitment in this rulemaking. The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to follow the federal lists closely, whether the EPA adds or removes wastes from the lists, to provide consistency between states to support interstate commerce. It would be difficult for regulators and the regulated community to manage wastes shipped between states with different lists of wastes as the EPA adds or removes wastes from regulation. To efficiently match federal changes, the MPCA believes it is reasonable to incorporate the federal lists prospectively by reference. This provides the regulated community with the most current and accurate list of wastes that are regulated as hazardous in Minnesota. The reasonableness of adoption by reference as amended, is further discussed in part IV of this Statement. In order to incorporate the corresponding federal lists, the MPCA repealed existing subparts 1, 2, 2a, 3 and 4.]//

Subp. 1a.**Incorporation by reference of federal regulations.** The following lists of hazardous wastes found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, subpart D, as amended, are incorporated by reference:

A. section 261.30, general;

B. section 261.31, hazardous wastes from nonspecific sources;

[In subpart 1a, the MPCA incorporates by reference, as amended, the hazardous waste lists found in 40 CFR 261, subpart D. In items A and B, the MPCA incorporates existing 40 CFR sections 261.30 (general listing information) and 261.31 (hazardous waste from nonspecific sources), and hazardous wastes added by EPA in the future. This incorporation picks up federal listings not yet adopted by Minnesota. Further information regarding one such listing addressing petroleum refining wastes can be found at optional RCRA Amendment 187: "Petroleum Refining Process Wastes – Clarification" = 40 CFR 261.31(a)/table; as supported at 65 FR 36365-36367, June 8, 2000.]//

C. section 261.32, hazardous wastes from specific sources;

[In item C, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR section 261.32 which identifies hazardous wastes from specific sources. The following RCRA Amendments discuss hazardous wastes added to this list since 1992:

- required RCRA Amendment 110.3: "Coke By-Products Listings" = 40 CFR 261.32; as supported at 57 FR 37284-37306, August 18, 1992;
- required RCRA Amendment 115.2: "Chlorinated Toluenes Production Waste Listing" = 40 CFR 261.32; as supported at 57 FR 47376-47386, October 15, 1992:
- Optional RCRA Amendment 159.2: "Conformance With the Carbamate Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261.32/table; 62 FR 32974-32980, June 17, 1997;

- RCRA Amendment 183.2: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections" = 40 CFR 261.32; as supported at 64 FR 56469-56472, October 20, 1999:
- Optional RCRA Amendment 185.4: "Organobromine Production Wastes Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261.32/table; as supported at 65 FR 14472-14475, March 17, 2000; and
- required RCRA Amendment 189.4: "Chlorinated Aliphatics Listing and LDRs for Newly Identified Wastes" = 40 CFR 261.32/table; as supported at 65 FR 67068-67133, November 8, 2000.]//
- D. section 261.33, discarded commercial chemical products, off-specification species, container residues, and spill residues thereof;

[In item D, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR section 261.33. The following RCRA Amendments discuss hazardous wastes added to this list since 1994:

- required RCRA Amendment 134.2: "Correction of Beryllium Powder (P015) Listing" = 40 CFR 261.33(e); as supported at 59 FR 31551-31552, June 20, 1994;
- Optional RCRA Amendment 159.3: "Conformance With the Carbamate Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261.33(f); 62 FR 32974-32980, June 17, 1997; and
- Optional RCRA Amendment 185.5: "Organobromine Production Wastes Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261.33(f)/table; as supported at 65 FR 14472-14475, March 17, 2000.]//
- E. section 261.35, deletion of certain hazardous waste codes following equipment cleaning and replacement; and
- [In item E, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR section 261.35. This federal list provides conditions under which certain listed wastes would not be regulated. The MPCA had previously included this federal list in the State rules at part 7045.0145.]//
 - F. section 261.38, comparable/syngas fuel exclusion.
- [In item F, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR section 261.38 This is a federal exclusion that specifies conditions relating to comparable/syngas fuel. The MPCA has, in a previous rulemaking, adopted an exclusion for comparable/syngas fuel and believes that it is reasonable to incorporate this supporting federal list into the State rules.]//
 - Subp. 2. [See repealer.]

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- Subp. 2a. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 2b. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated provisions.
- [In new subpart 2b, the MPCA provides exceptions to its incorporations in subpart 1a.]//
 - A. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.
 - [In new item A, the MPCA refers readers to a general part of the State hazardous waste rules that establishes conditions and criteria governing the adoption and incorporation by reference of federal rules into State rules.]//
- B. The hazardous waste number in the "U" listing for paraldehyde in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.33(f)/Table, should be U182.
- C. In Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.38, Table 1, under
- 44 "metals," in the listing for "cadmium, total," "ND" is the "composite value" and "1.2" is
- 45 <u>the "Concentration limit."</u>

[In items B and C, the MPCA lists corrections offered by EPA guidance for states that adopt RCRA rules by reference. The EPA has identified errors in two lists. The MPCA follows the EPA guidance to correct these errors when adopting these lists: item B clarifies that the hazardous waste number in the "U" listing for Paraldehyde should be U182, and item C clarifies that in 40 CFR 261.38, table 1, under "metals," in the listing for "cadmium, total," "ND" is the "composite value" and "1.2" is the "Concentration limit." The EPA had shifted the data in this row to the right one column in the table. The EPA compiles and periodically corrects errors in the federal regulations. These corrections should become moot when that occurs.]//

Subp. 3. [See repealer.]

Subp. 4. [See repealer.]

Subp. 5. **PCB wastes.** Requirements for PCB wastes are as follows:

[In existing subpart 5, the MPCA retains its listing of PCB waste as a hazardous waste. Minnesota Rules differ from the federal regulations which do not list PCB as a hazardous waste; rather, the EPA regulates PCB waste under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). In this subpart, the MPCA is revising existing language to improve clarity and to improve consistency with changes in Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b, for managing PCB waste. The specific changes are discussed in the paragraphs below.]//

A. For the purposes of this part, "PCB" means the class of organic compounds known as polychlorinated biphenyls at a concentration of 50 parts per million or greater and includes any of several compounds produced by replacing one or more hydrogen atoms on the biphenyl molecule with chlorine. "PCB" does not include chlorinated biphenyl compounds that have functional groups attached other than chlorine. subpart: [The MPCA revises item A to provide definitions of terms used in this subpart. In addition, the MPCA has moved the definition of PCB above to general definitions in part 7045.0020 because PCB is used elsewhere in chapter 7045. The specific level at which a PCB becomes a hazardous waste (50 parts per million or greater) is provided in new subitem (2) below. This is not a change in the regulatory status of PCB wastes in Minnesota, the same level was specified in revised item A.]//

- (1) "commercial storer of PCB waste" has the meaning given in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 761.3, as amended;
- [In subitem (1), the MPCA defines a "commercial storer of PCB waste" based on the corresponding federal TSCA definition. The MPCA adds this definition because in this rulemaking this term is added to part 7045.0208, item G, which allows certain generators to deliver their PCB waste to a commercial storer of PCB waste.]//
- (2) "PCB" means a substance that contains PCB's at a concentration of 50 parts per million or greater;
- [In subitem (2), the MPCA defines the point at which PCB's, generally defined in part 7045.0020, subpart 71a, become a listed hazardous waste in Minnesota. It is important to provide the threshold at which PCB's become regulated as a listed hazardous waste so generators can properly manage their PCB wastes. The MPCA is not changing the "50 parts per million or greater" concentration at which PCB's become a hazardous waste.]//
- (3) "PCB lighting ballast" means a device that electrically controls light fixtures and that contains a PCB small capacitor or potting material that contains PCB's; and

[In subitem (3), the MPCA defines PCB lighting ballast because it is a term used in item D and because Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b(a), which addresses the management of PCB wastes, states that PCB lighting ballasts are subject to MPCA requirements. The definition of "PCB small capacitor" limits the amount of dielectric material in a PCB lighting ballast. This definition applies to PCB lighting ballasts used in any type of lighting fixture. Potting material is an electrical insulating material used in lighting ballasts which may contain PCB's and is also identified as a potential PCB waste in the TSCA regulations at 40 CFR 761.3. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to ensure that all lighting ballasts that contain PCB's (including ballasts that contain PCB's in the potting material) are properly managed.]//

(4) "PCB small capacitor" means a capacitor that contains less than 1.36 kilograms (3 pounds) of PCB dielectric fluid.

[In subitem (4) the MPCA uses the same definition of "PCB small capacitor" used by TSCA in 40 CFR 761.3, because Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b(a), states that PCB small capacitors are subject to MPCA regulation. The MPCA believes that using the federal definition is reasonable to ensure consistency as these types of wastes are transported between states.]//

- B. PCB materials or items are hazardous waste if and when they are discarded or stored prior to being discarded.
- C. A generator of PCB wastes who stores on site prior to disposal is subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b, and is exempt from the agency's hazardous waste storage facility permit requirements and parts 7045.0292 and 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 for the storage of those wastes except for the following requirements:

[In item C, the MPCA revises language to clarify that Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b, apply to generators of PCB waste. Minnesota amended this statute to address issues of duplication and overlap within the State program for regulating PCB wastes. Most of the management requirements that apply to PCB wastes are imposed through TSCA and are applicable regardless of Minnesota rules or statutes. The statute imposes Minnesota-specific requirements for certain types of PCB wastes and management activities. The revised statute created confusion regarding the application of these subpart 5 requirements. In this rulemaking, the MPCA believes it is reasonable to delete obsolete requirements and to clarify which requirements apply. A person who generates waste containing PCB at a concentration of 50 parts per million or greater is subject to the federal TSCA requirements and is also subject to Minnesota's hazardous waste rules for proper disposal, licensing, and fees as described in this item.]//

- (1) the storage standards described in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 761.65, as amended; and
- (2) the requirements applicable to the generator based on generator size of part 7045.0292, subpart 1, 5, or 6, regarding proper labeling, personnel training, preparedness, prevention, and contingency planning. However, PCB items in use or in storage prior to disposal that are labeled as PCBs according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 761.40, 761.45, and 761.65, as amended, are not subject to the hazardous waste labeling requirements of part 7045.0292.

- (1) the hazardous waste management requirements of part 7045.0208;
- 2 (2) the evaluation requirements of part 7045.0214;
 - (3) the licensing requirements of parts 7045.0225 to 7045.0250; and
- 4 (4) the fee requirements of chapter 7046, unless a generator demonstrates 5 performance of a PCB phase-out agreement under Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07,

6 subdivision 2b, paragraph (b).

[The MPCA replaces existing subitems (1) and (2) with new subitems (1) to (4) which affirm the State requirements that apply to generators of PCB waste. These amendments are reasonable in order to clarify in rules the requirements already established in Minnesota Statutes, section 116.07, subdivision 2b(a). This statute requires that PCB generators comply with the State hazardous waste requirements for proper disposal, licensing and fees in addition to the federal requirements of TSCA. New subitems (1) and (2) address requirements that relate to disposing of hazardous waste. Subitem (1) refers to part 7045.0208, which is the rule that lists acceptable waste disposal options, including a new item G that specifically addresses PCB waste. Pointing to the existing requirement to evaluate waste in subitem (2) is reasonable because properly managing PCB waste requires evaluating the concentration of PCB in that waste. Subitem (3) identifies the rule parts that govern the issuance of licenses described in the governing statute. Finally, subitem (4) describes the hazardous waste fee provisions described in the statute. The intent is to clarify the applicability of existing requirements.]//

D. PCB wastes may be transported without a hazardous waste manifest if transportation is via the owner's own vehicle and if that transportation is between the owner's facilities or premises. In addition to the requirements of item C, a generator or commercial storer of PCB waste who generates or stores PCB ballasts or PCB small capacitors must comply with the requirements of part 7045.0566, subpart 2. A commercial storer of PCB waste storing only PCB ballasts and PCB small capacitors is not subject to the facility standards in parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0651, except for the requirements of part 7045.0566, subpart 2, or to the hazardous waste facility permit requirements in chapter 7001.

In item D, the MPCA is deleting the requirement regarding the transportation of PCB wastes by the owner's own vehicle. This provision is no longer needed because of the clarification regarding the application of the federal TSCA requirements governing PCB management. The federal regulations have always applied and have provided more comprehensive requirements regarding transportation. appropriate to delete this one particular transportation requirement to eliminate the potential misunderstanding that this is the only transportation related requirement that applies. The MPCA is adding new language to item D to address the generators or commercial storers of PCB waste, PCB ballasts or PCB small capacitors. Minnesota Statute section 116.07, subdivision 2b(a), establishes that PCB small capacitors and lighting ballasts are, in addition to the requirements for licensing, fees and proper disposal, also subject to State on-site accumulation requirements. The statute allows the MPCA to apply appropriate accumulation standards. accumulation standards applied to most hazardous wastes are found at part 7045.0292 and are based on generator size. They are protective for all types and characteristics of wastes that may be generated, including liquids and highly reactive and ignitable wastes. The MPCA believes it is more appropriate to apply the preparedness and prevention rules in part 7045.0566 to the accumulation of PCB ballast and capacitors. These rules, while less prescriptive than those in part 7045.0292, provide the MPCA with the authority to require reasonable precautions for the storage of PCB ballasts and capacitors. The MPCA believes that the requirements in part 7045.0566, subp. 2 provide adequate environmental protection for the accumulation of these types of wastes.]//

E. Thermal treatment of PCB wastes at concentrations less than 500 parts per million. High efficiency boilers as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 761.60(a), as amended, which are used for treatment of mineral oil dielectric fluid containing less than 500 ppm PCB, are exempt from the agency's hazardous waste facility permit requirements in chapter 7001 and parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0292, and 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 for storage and treatment of those wastes 7045.0651, except for the following requirements:

[In item E, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that was repealed by another MPCA rulemaking. The MPCA also corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

- (1) parts 7045.0526 and 7045.0528;
- (2) parts 7045.0556 and 7045.0558;
- (3) parts 7045.0564 to 7045.0588; and
- (4) parts 7045.0594 and 7045.0596.

[In subitems (1) to (4), the MPCA adds "and" to clarify that all of the requirements of the listed rule ranges apply to thermal treatment in this item]//

F. PCB wastes have the hazardous waste number of MN03.

7045.0139 BASIS FOR LISTING HAZARDOUS WASTES.

Subpart 1. **General.** The tables in subpart 2 list the constituents which caused the agency to list wastes as hazardous in part 7045.0135, subparts 2 and 3. The notation "N.A." indicates the waste is hazardous because it fails the test for the characteristics of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity, and the listing of a chemical name is not applicable. The basis for listing hazardous waste is found in part 7045.0155, subpart 1, item D, which incorporates Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, Appendix VII, Basis for Listing Hazardous Waste. Part 7045.0155, subpart 2, provides any applicable exceptions.

Subp. 2. [See repealer.]

[In part 7045.0139, the MPCA revises language to direct readers to a new part 7045.0150, Subpart 1, item D, which incorporates by reference the "basis for listing hazardous waste" in 40 CFR part 261, Appendix VII. The MPCA considered simply repealing part 7045.0139 in conjunction with the adoption of the same information in new part 7045.0150. However, the MPCA decided that there is value in retaining part 7045.0139, even though the text of the list is being deleted, because of the complexity of removing all existing cross references, and because this rule part still retains a listing of the topic in the chapter index which the MPCA believes will be an aid to readers.]//

7045.0141 HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS.

Subpart 1. Scope. Hazardous constituents and their corresponding Chemical Abstract Service registry numbers and hazardous waste numbers, if available, are listed in subparts 2 to 22. The hazardous constituents list is found in part 7045.0155, subpart 1, item E, which incorporates Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, Appendix VIII, Hazardous Constituents. Part 7045.0155, subpart 2, provides any applicable exceptions.

- Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 3. [See repealer.] 8

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- 9 Subp. 4. [See repealer.]
- 10 Subp. 5. [See repealer.]
- 11 Subp. 6. [See repealer.]
- 12 Subp. 7. [See repealer.]
- 13 Subp. 8. [See repealer.]
- 14 Subp. 9. [See repealer.]
- 15 Subp. 10. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 11. [See repealer.] 16
- 17 Subp. 12. [See repealer.]
- 18 Subp. 13. [See repealer.]
- 19 Subp. 14. [See repealer.]
- 20 Subp. 15. [See repealer.]
- 21 Subp. 16. [See repealer.]
- 22 Subp. 17. [See repealer.]
- 23 Subp. 18. [See repealer.]
- 24 Subp. 19. [See repealer.]
- 25 Subp. 20. [See repealer.]
- 26 Subp. 21. [See repealer.]
- 27 Subp. 22. [See repealer.]
- 28 Subp. 23. [See repealer.]

In part 7045.0141, the MPCA revises language to point readers to a new part 7045.0150, Subpart 1, item E, which incorporates by reference the "hazardous constituents" list in 40 CFR part 261, Appendix VIII. The MPCA considered simply repealing part 7045.0141 in conjunction with the incorporation of the same information in new part 7045.0150. However, the MPCA decided that there is value in retaining part 7045.0141, even though the text of the list is being deleted, because of the complexity of removing all existing cross references, and because this rule part still retains a listing of the topic in the chapter index which the MPCA believes will be an aid to readers.]//

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7045.0143 GROUNDWATER PROTECTION HAZARDOUS CONSTITUENTS LIST.

- 41 Subpart 1. Scope. For the purposes of the groundwater protection requirements in
- 42 parts 7001.0640, subpart 1, item D, subitem (2); and 7045.0484, subparts 12, item G,
- subitem (2), and 13, item E, the hazardous constituents are listed with their corresponding 43
- Chemical Abstract Service registry numbers in subparts 2 to 27. Where "total" is entered 44
- 45 for the Chemical Abstract Service registry number, all species in the groundwater that

- 1 contain this element are included. The groundwater protection hazardous constituents list
- 2 is found in part 7045.0543, subpart 1, item D, which incorporates Code of Federal
- 3 Regulations, title 40, part 264, Appendix IX, Ground Water Monitoring List. Part
- 4 7045.0543, subpart 2, provides any applicable exceptions.
- 5 Subp. 2. [See repealer.]
- 6 Subp. 3. [See repealer.]
- 7 Subp. 4. [See repealer.]
- 8 Subp. 5. [See repealer.]
- 9 Subp. 6. [See repealer.]
- 10 Subp. 7. [See repealer.]
- 11 Subp. 9. [See repealer.]
- 12 Subp. 10. [See repealer.]
- 12 Subp. 10. [See repeater.]
- Subp. 12. [See repealer.]
- 14 Subp. 13. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 14. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 15. [See repealer.]
- 17 Subp. 17. [See repealer.]
- 10 Subp. 17. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 20. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 21. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 23. [See repealer.]
- 21 Subp. 25. [See repealer.]
- Subp. 27. [See repealer.]

[In part 7045.0143, the MPCA revises language to point readers to a new part 7045.0543, Subpart 1, item D, which incorporates by reference the "Groundwater Monitoring List" in 40 CFR part 264, Appendix IX. The MPCA considered simply repealing part 7045.0143 in conjunction with the incorporation of the same information in new part 7045.0543. However, the MPCA decided that there is value in retaining part 7045.0143, even though the text of the list is being deleted, because of the complexity of removing all existing cross references, and because this rule part still retains a listing of the topic in the chapter index which the MPCA believes will be an aid to readers.]//

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7045.0155 APPENDICES TO IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

[In new part 7045.0150, the MPCA incorporates by reference federal appendices that relate to the identification and listing of hazardous waste.]//

Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The following appendices found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, as amended, are incorporated by

39 reference:

In subpart 1, the MPCA is incorporating by reference appendices to 40 CFR part 261, as amended (to include future amendments). These appendices address sampling methods, the basis for listing hazardous wastes, and a list of hazardous constituents. These appendices replace the same lists previously located in parts of these rules as described below. Further discussion of the reasonableness of incorporating these references as amended is provided in Part IV of the general discussion in this Statement. The MPCA believes that the same reasons why it is reasonable to adopt

the federal lists of hazardous wastes by reference also apply to adopting the appendices addressed below. The MPCA believes that maintaining consistency with the federal program is the most reasonable regulatory strategy.]//

A. Appendix I, Representative Sampling Methods;

[In item A, the MPCA incorporates the representative sampling methods in 40 CFR 261, Appendix I. Certain representative sampling methods also apply through the reference to SW-846 provided in 7045.0065. However, the MPCA believes it is reasonable to provide consistency with the federal standards by directly referencing the federal appendix that establishes these standard methods.]//

B. Appendix VII, Basis for Listing Hazardous Waste; and

[In item B, the MPCA incorporates a list in 40 CFR 261, Appendix VII which contains the basis for listing hazardous waste formerly found in 7045.0139. For each EPA hazardous waste number, this appendix identifies the hazardous constituents which form the basis for the hazardous waste listing. The EPA has amended this appendix several times since it was last amended by the MPCA. Information about those changes is available in the following RCRA Amendments:

- required RCRA Amendment 110.4: "Coke By-Products Listings" = 40 CFR 261 VII; as supported at 57 FR 37284-37306, August 18, 1992;
- required RCRA Amendment 115.3: "Chlorinated Toluenes Production Waste Listing" = 40 CFR 261 VII; as supported at 57 FR 47376-47386, October 15, 1992;
- Optional RCRA Amendment 159.4: "Conformance With the Carbamate Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261 VII; as supported at 62 FR 32974-32980, June 17, 1997;
- Optional RCRA Amendment 185.6: "Organobromine Production Wastes Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261 VII; as supported at 65 FR 14472-14475, March 17, 2000; and
- required RCRA Amendment 189.5: "Chlorinated Aliphatics Listing and LDRs for Newly Identified Wastes" = 40 CFR 261 VII; as supported at 65 FR 67068-67133, November 8, 2000.]//

C. Appendix VIII, Hazardous Constituents.

[In item C, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 261, Appendix VIII, which is a list of the hazardous constituents that was formerly found in 7045.0141. This list contains the hazardous constituents that the MPCA must consider in evaluating whether to list a waste as hazardous under part 7045.0129. The EPA has amended this appendix several times since it was last amended by the MPCA. Information about those changes is available in the following RCRA Amendments:

- required RCRA Amendment 128: "Wastes From the Use of Chlorophenolic Formulations in Wood Surface Protection" = 40 CFR 261 VIII; as supported at 59 FR 458-469, January 4, 1994;
- required RCRA Amendment 134.3: "Correction of Beryllium Powder (P015) Listing" = 40 CFR 261 VIII; as supported at 59 FR 31551-31552, June 20, 1994;
- Optional RCRA Amendment 159.5: "Conformance With the Carbamate Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261 VIII; as supported at 62 FR 32974-32980, June 17, 1997;

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- Optional RCRA Amendment 185.7: "Organobromine Production Wastes Vacatur" = 40 CFR 261 VIII; as supported at 65 FR 14472-14475, March 17, 2000; and
- required RCRA Amendment 189.6: "Chlorinated Aliphatics Listing and LDRs for Newly Identified Wastes" = 40 CFR 261 VIII; as supported at 65 FR 67068-67133, November 8, 2000.]//
- Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations.

 [In subpart 2, the MPCA provides exceptions to the incorporations listed in subpart 1.]//
- A. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

 [In item A, the MPCA refers readers to the part of the State rules that establishes certain conditions that apply when rules are adopted or incorporated by reference.]//
- B. The chemical abstracts name for physostigmine listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, Appendix VIII, is "Pyrrolo [2,3-b]indol-5-o1."
- C. The chemical abstracts number for potassium pentachlorophenate in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, Appendix VIII, should be "7778-73-6."
 - [In items B and C, the MPCA is amending the rules to follow EPA guidance regarding corrections for states incorporating by reference Appendix VIII (hazardous constituent list). These changes have not yet been made to the federal regulations, but EPA has identified errors in its hazardous constituent list and has recommended that states correct these errors when states adopt this list.]//

7045.0208 HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT.

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- Subpart 1. **Management by generator.** A generator must manage hazardous waste by using one of the methods described in items A to G H, unless otherwise specifically exempted under this chapter.
- A. A generator may treat or dispose of hazardous waste at an on-site facility as provided under part 7045.0211.
- B. A generator may ensure delivery of hazardous waste to an off-site storage, treatment, or disposal facility. If located in the United States, the facility used must be permitted to accept hazardous waste under the agency's permitting procedures, have interim status under parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651, or be authorized to manage hazardous waste by the Environmental Protection Agency or by a state with a hazardous waste management program authorized by the Environmental Protection
- [In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C to G, see M.R.]

- H. A generator may ensure delivery of PCB waste to a commercial storer of PCB waste, as defined in part 7045.0135, subpart 5.
- [The MPCA adds a new item H to clarify that it is acceptable for a generator to deliver PCB waste to a commercial storer of PCB waste. The concept of waste management at a "commercial storer of PCB waste" is based on provisions of the federal regulations in the Toxic Substances Control Act governing PCB wastes. The MPCA requirements that apply to management of PCB waste are in part 7045.0135,

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subpart 5. New item H identifies a management option that is provided in part 7045.0135, subpart 5. Further discussion of the reasonableness of the requirements for PCB management is provided in that part.]//

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[For text of subps 1a to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Land disposal.** Except as specified in part 7045.1300, subparts 2 and 3, Hazardous wastes are subject to the requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390.

[In subpart 4, the MPCA is deleting references to specific provisions of the land disposal restrictions that were formerly found in parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380. These land disposal restrictions have been repealed and the MPCA has incorporated the federal land disposal restrictions by reference as amended in part 7045.1390. The revised language simply clarifies the continued applicability of the land disposal restrictions found at the revised rule part with no change in effect.]//

7045.0213 FARMERS; PESTICIDES.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Special conditions.** A farmer who generates waste pesticides which are hazardous waste and who triple rinses each emptied pesticide container and disposes of the pesticide residues on the farmer's farm in a manner consistent with the disposal instructions on the pesticide label is not required with respect to those pesticides to comply with other standards in parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0320 or to comply with parts 7045.0450 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, or to obtain a hazardous waste facility permit, provided that:

[In subpart 2, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

26 [For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

7045.0214 EVALUATION OF WASTES.

Subpart 1. **General requirement.** Any person who produces a waste within the state of Minnesota or any person who produces a waste outside the state of Minnesota that is managed within the state of Minnesota, must evaluate the waste to determine if it is hazardous within 60 days of initially generating the waste. The generation start date must be recorded and available for inspection. Waste that is not evaluated within 60 days of the generation start date must be managed as a hazardous waste and the person who produces the waste must be considered a generator until the waste is determined to be nonhazardous under parts 7045.0214 to 7045.0218. A material is determined to be a waste in accordance with the conditions specified under the definition of other waste material in part 7045.0020. Any waste evaluated and exempted under part 7045.0075 or 7045.0120 does not need to be reevaluated under this part. If the waste is determined to be hazardous, the generator must refer to parts 7045.0075, 7045.0450 to 7045.0685 7045.0990, and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, and 7045.1400 for possible exclusions or restrictions relating to management of the specific waste.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA makes two changes. The first corrects an error in a citation

to a range of rules that the MPCA believes was incomplete in the existing rules and

that should have included the spent household battery requirements in part 7045.0686 and also all the used oil provisions in parts 7045.0692 to 7045.0990. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to provide a complete reference to all the rules that may be applicable to a hazardous waste. This correction does not change the requirements of the battery and used oil rules; it merely provides a more accurate identification of the rules that may already apply. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules addressing the land disposal restrictions that are being amended in this rulemaking.]//

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. Wastes generated by treatment, storage, or disposal. Wastes generated by treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste are as follows:

A. Except as provided in items B to E, <u>or in part 7045.0102</u>, any waste generated from the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste, including any sludge, spill residue, ash, emission control dust or leachate, but not including precipitation run-off runoff, is a hazardous waste if it meets the criteria of subpart 2 or if it is derived from a waste that is listed in part 7045.0135.

In item A, the MPCA adds a reference to the State rules that govern mixtures of hazardous wastes. This reference is being added to this rule to make it consistent with its federal counterpart in 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(i). Further information about this amendment can be found at RCRA Amendment 192A: "Mixture and Derived-From Rules Revisions" = 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(i).); as supported 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001. The corresponding federal requirement at 40 CFR 261.3 (c)(2)(i) includes references to two types of wastes, in addition to the reference to the mixtures rule at 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(g), that are not being addressed in this rulemaking. The first of these references is to wastes governed under 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(h), which regulates mixtures of radioactive and hazardous waste. The MPCA believes that these types of wastes are adequately addressed in the exemption provided in part 7045.0120, subpart 2, item G. The second type of waste that is addressed in the federal counterpart that is not being addressed in this rulemaking is the parenthetical reference to reclaimed wastes. The MPCA believes that the requirements governing the reuse and recycling of hazardous waste in part 7045.0125 adequately address this type of waste management activity and is not adding further conditions to this part.]//

[For text of items B to D, see M.R.]

E. Nonwastewater residues, such as slag, resulting from high temperature metals recovery (HTMR) processing of K061, K062, or F006 waste, in units identified as rotary kilns, flame reactors, electric furnaces, plasma arc furnaces, slag reactors, rotary hearth furnace/electric furnace combinations, or industrial furnaces, as defined in that are blast furnaces or smelting, melting, and refining furnaces, including pyrometallurgical devices, such as cupolas, reverberator furnaces, sintering machines, roasters, or foundry furnaces, or that are other devices that the commissioner determines qualify for inclusion as an industrial furnace under part 7045.0020, subpart 43b, that are disposed of in solid waste disposal units, provided that these residues meet the generic exclusion levels identified below in the tables in this item for all constituents, and exhibit no characteristics of hazardous waste. Testing requirements must be incorporated in a facility's waste analysis plan or a generator's self-implementing waste analysis plan. At a minimum, composite samples of residues must be collected and analyzed quarterly and/or when the process or

operation generating the waste changes. <u>Persons claiming this exclusion in an</u>

2 enforcement action have the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the

3 material meets all of the exclusion requirements. The generic exclusion levels are for

4 K061 and K062 nonwastewater HTMR residues are as follows:

Item E corresponds to language found at 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(ii)(C)(1). In item E, the MPCA first adds two new waste codes (K062 and F006) to the description of the types of wastes excluded. The MPCA then adds a list of the types of systems that qualify as HTMR processing systems to the cited definition of those systems. The MPCA then removes the word "of" as superfluous for clarity. Next, the MPCA revises the word "below" into the phrase "in the tables in this item" to clarify where to find the generic exclusion levels. Then, the MPCA clarifies the responsibilities of those who claim this exclusion. The MPCA then clarifies that the table of generic exclusion levels address nonwastewater residues for K061 and K062 wastes. This language corresponds to the federal requirements discussed above for the addition of K061 and K062. Finally, the MPCA completes the sentence by adding, "are as follows" to improve clarity. These changes are based on required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR

261.3(c)(2)(ii)(C)(1); as found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Constituent Maximum for any single composite sample (mg/l)

Antimony 0.063 0.10
Arsenic 0.055 0.50
Barium 6.3 7.6
Beryllium 0.0063 0.01

Beryllium $0.0063 \ 0.010$ Cadmium $0.032 \ 0.050$

Chromium (total) 0.33

 Lead
 0.095 0.15

 Mercury
 0.009

 Nickel
 0.63 1.0

 Selenium
 0.16

 Silver
 0.30

Thallium 0.013 0.020

 Vanadium
 1.26

 Zinc
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[In this table to item E, the MPCA adopts changes to the concentrations identified in the second column, adds a standard for "zinc" and deletes all reference to "vanadium." These changes correspond to 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(ii)(C)(1) and relate to required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris." Further information about these amendments can be found at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

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The generic exclusion levels for F006 nonwastewater HTMR residues are as follows:

Constituent	Maximum for any single composite sample (mg/l)
<u>Antimony</u>	<u>0.10</u>
<u>Arsenic</u>	0.50
<u>Barium</u>	<u>7.6</u>
<u>Beryllium</u>	0.010
<u>Cadmium</u>	0.050
Chromium (total)	0.33
Cyanide (total)	1.8 (mg/kg)
<u>Lead</u>	<u>0.15</u>
Mercury	0.009
<u>Nickel</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Selenium</u>	<u>0.16</u>
Silver	0.30
<u>Thallium</u>	0.020
Zinc	<u>70</u>

[In this newly added table in item E, the MPCA adopts language that corresponds to 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(ii)(C)(1) addressing nonwastewater residues for F006 wastes. This language relates to required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris." Further information about this amendment is available at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

For each shipment of K061 high temperature metals recovery, K062, or F006 HTMR residues sent to a solid waste disposal unit that meets units, the treatment facility must prepare and send to the commissioner a onetime notification and certification certifying that the residues meet the generic exclusion levels for all constituents, and does do not exhibit any characteristic, a characteristics of hazardous waste. The notification and certification must also be kept in the facility's files. The notification and certification must be updated if the process or operation generating the waste changes or if the solid waste disposal unit receiving the waste changes. However, the treatment facility need only notify the commissioner on an annual basis if these changes occur. The notification and certification must be sent to the commissioner no later than December 31. The notification and certification must include the following information:

- (1) the name and address of the solid waste disposal unit receiving the waste shipment shipments;
- (2) the EPA hazardous waste <u>numbers</u> and treatability <u>group</u> <u>groups</u> at the initial point of generation; and
- (3) the treatment standards applicable to the waste at the initial point of generation.

The certification must be signed by an authorized representative of the treatment facility and must state as follows: "I certify under penalty of law that the generic exclusion levels for all constituents have been met without impermissible dilution and that no characteristic of hazardous waste is exhibited. I am aware that there are

significant penalties for submitting a false certification, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

[In the above paragraph of item E, and subitems (1) to (3), the MPCA adopts further conditions and clarifications of the exclusion of K061, K062 and F006 wastes that correspond to 40 CFR 261.3(c)(2)(ii)(C)(2). These changes are based on required RCRA Amendment 109.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris." Further information about these amendments is available at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992. The MPCA slightly revised the federal language to add reference to the treatment facility being the entity that must meet the requirements in order to clarify the intended meaning of EPA requirements. The MPCA consulted with EPA, who advised the MPCA that EPA's intent was for the facility that undertakes the HTMR treatment to keep the records, notify the EPA/state, and make the certification. The MPCA believes that the language proposed is a reasonable interpretation of the federal intent.]//

7045.0255 ONE-TIME ONETIME DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS.

A person having hazardous waste subject to regulation under this chapter who is only a hazardous waste generator for the one time one time disposal of hazardous waste which is not currently being produced, must comply with this chapter except as provided in items A to D. The exemptions in this part do not apply to generators that generate hazardous waste more than one time.

A. The generator is exempt from parts 7045.0225 to 7045.0250, license and license reporting.

B. A large quantity generator is exempt from part 7045.0292, subpart 1, but must instead comply with part 7045.0292, subpart 5, items A to F, and must meet the requirements of part 7045.0566, relating to preparedness and prevention, and part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item D Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(5), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, relating to waste analysis for restricted wastes.

[In item B, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed rule with the corresponding federal regulation as incorporated by reference.]//

C. A small quantity generator is exempt from the requirements of part 7045.0292, subpart 5, items G and H, but instead must meet the requirements of part 7045.0566, relating to preparedness and prevention, and part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item D Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(5), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, relating to waste analysis for restricted wastes.

[In item C, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed rule with the corresponding federal regulation as incorporated by reference.]//

D. A very small quantity generator is exempt from part 7045.0292, subpart 6, but instead must comply with part 7045.0292, subpart 5, items A to F, and must meet the requirements of part 7045.0566, relating to preparedness and prevention, and part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item D Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(5), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, relating to waste analysis for restricted wastes.

[In item D, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed rule with the corresponding federal regulation as incorporated by reference.]//

7045.0270 PRETRANSPORT REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. **Marking.** Before transporting or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must:

A. mark each package of hazardous waste in accordance with the applicable United States Department of Transportation regulations on hazardous materials under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 172, subpart D, as amended; and

[In item A, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to provide a more correct citation.]//

[For text of item B, see M.R.]

[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Packaging.** Before transporting hazardous waste or offering a hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must package the waste in accordance with the applicable United States Department of Transportation regulations on packaging under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 173, 178, and 179, and 180, as amended.

[In subpart 4, following advice from the Minnesota Department of Transportation, the MPCA corrects one of several citations to a range of regulations amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

Subp. 5. **Labeling.** Before transporting or offering hazardous waste for transportation off-site, a generator must label each package in accordance with the applicable United States Department of Transportation regulations on hazardous materials under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 172, subpart E, as amended.

[In subpart 5, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to provide a more correct citation.]//

[For text of subps 6 and 7, see M.R.]

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7045.0292 ACCUMULATION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.

In part 7045.0292, the MPCA is proposing several rule changes based on corresponding amended federal regulations. The MPCA is not adopting one federal provision found in 40 CFR 262.34 in which the EPA allows waste accumulation in containment buildings by generators who are not subject to permit or interim status standards. The MPCA is adopting language that allows permitted and interim status facilities do accumulate in containment buildings in this rulemaking in parts 7045.0550 and 7045.0650. However, the MPCA rejects this option, which reduces regulations, for non-permitted generators. Generators are subject to much less inspection scrutiny, so allowing this practice for generators is not the same as allowing it for permitted or interim status facilities. The MPCA believes that allowing this practice by generators would result in an unacceptably high risk of mismanagement. The MPCA believes that a reduction in regulation that allows accumulation in containment buildings by generators is not adequately protective of human health and the environment. The federal containment building requirements are identified in required RCRA Amendment 109.17: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris," = 40 CFR 264.1100-1102, Subpart DD. Further information about the federal amendment can be found at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Subpart 1. **Large quantity generator.** A large quantity generator may accumulate hazardous waste on site without a permit or without having interim status if:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. the waste is placed as follows:

(1) in containers which meet the standards of part 7045.0270, subpart 4, and are managed in accordance with applicable requirements of parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and; 7045.0626; 7045.0645; 7045.0647; and 7045.0648;

[In item B, subitem (1), the MPCA extends the range of applicable rules to include the existing air emission standards in parts 7045.0647 and 7045.0648 and new air emission standards being adopted in part 7045.0645. This provision corresponds to 40 CFR 262.34(a)(1)(i). This change relates to required RCRA Amendments 154, 154-1.8a, and 154-5.2: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. Subsequent amendments and clarifications to the federal air emission standards relate to required RCRA Amendment 177: "Organic Air Emission Standards: Clarification and Technical Amendments;" as supported at 64 FR 3382, January 21, 1999. In addition, the MPCA breaks the paragraph into subitems (1)-(3) to improve readability.]//

(2) in tanks provided the generator complies with the <u>applicable</u> requirements of parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3, and; 7045.0628; 7045.0645; 7045.0647; and 7045.0648, except part 7045.0628, subpart subparts 9, item C, and subpart 12; or

[In subitem (2), the MPCA extends the range of applicable rules to include the existing air emission standards in parts 7045.0647 and 7045.0648 and new air emission standards being adopted in part 7045.0645. This provision corresponds to 40 CFR 262.34(a)(1)(ii). This change relates to required RCRA Amendments 154, 154-1.8a, 154-5.2: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information supporting this amendment can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. Subsequent changes relate to required RCRA Amendment 177: "Organic Air Emission Standards: Clarification and Technical Amendments," as supported at 64 FR 3382, January 21, 1999.]//

(3) for wood preserving operations on drip pads, provided the generator complies with parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0644 and maintains records containing a description of procedures that will be followed to ensure that all wastes are removed from drip pads and associated collection systems at least once every 90 days, and maintains documentation of the quantities, dates, and times of each waste removal. These Records relating to drip pads must be maintained at the licensed site and must be easily available for agency inspection;

[In item B, the MPCA makes minor changes in grammar and punctuation.//

[For text of items C to F, see M.R.]

G. the requirements of parts 7045.0558; 7045.0562, subparts 1 and 2; 7045.0566 to 7045.0576; and 7045.1315, subpart 1, item D <u>Code of Federal Regulations, title 40,</u> section 268.7(a)(5), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, are fulfilled regarding personnel

1 training, ignitable, reactive, or incompatible waste, preparedness and prevention,

contingency planning, and waste analysis for restricted wastes. 2

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In item G, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed rule with the corresponding federal regulation as incorporated by reference. This is based on RCRA Amendment 183.4: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections," which corresponds to 40 CFR 262.34(a)(4). Further information can be found at 64 FR 56469-56472, October 20, 1999.]//

[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. Small quantity generator. A small quantity generator may accumulate up to 3,000 kilograms of hazardous waste that is not acute hazardous waste on site without a permit or without having interim status if:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. the waste is placed in containers which meet the standards of part 7045.0270, subpart 4, and are managed in accordance with parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0626, subparts 1 to 8; in tanks provided the generator complies with the requirements of parts 7045.0594, subpart 2_{7} ; 7045.0596, subpart 3_{7} ; and 7045.0629; or for wood preserving operations on drip pads, provided the generator complies with parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0644 and maintains records containing a description of procedures that will be followed to ensure that all wastes are removed from drip pads and associated collection systems at least once every 180 days, and maintains documentation of the quantities, dates, and times of each waste removal. These records relating to drip pads must be maintained at the licensed site and must be easily available for agency inspection;

In item B, the MPCA specifies that a generator can accumulate waste in containers under certain conditions, but that the air emission standards for containers being adopted in this rulemaking in part 7045,0626, subpart 9, do not apply to the accumulation of waste in containers by small quantity generators. This amendment corresponds to 40 CFR 262.34(d)(2), and is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.8a: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information regarding this amendment can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

[For text of items C to F, see M.R.]

G. the generator meets the requirements of parts 7045.0566, relating to preparedness and prevention; 7045.0568, relating to the arrangements with local authorities for emergencies; and 7045.1315, subpart 1, item D Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(5), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, relating to waste analysis for restricted wastes; and

In item G, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed Rule with a citation to the corresponding federal rule incorporated by reference. This amendment corresponds to 40 CFR 262.34(d)(4), and is based on required RCRA Amendment 179.5: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections and Clarifications to Treatment Standards." Further information regarding this amendment can be found at 64 FR 25408-25417, May 11, 1999.]//

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[For text of item H, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Very small quantity generator.** A very small quantity generator may accumulate up to 1,000 kilograms of hazardous waste that is not acute hazardous waste on site without a permit or without having interim status if:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

4 B. the waste is place

B. the waste is placed in containers which meet the standards of part 7045.0270, subpart 4, and are managed in accordance with parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0626, subparts 1 to 8; in tanks provided the generator complies with the requirements of parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0629; or for wood preserving operations on drip pads, provided the generator complies with parts 7045.0594, subpart 2; 7045.0596, subpart 3; and 7045.0644 and maintains records containing a description of procedures that will be followed to ensure that all wastes are removed from drip pads and associated collection systems at least once every 180 days, and maintains documentation of the quantities, dates, and times of each waste removal. These records relating to drip pads must be maintained at the licensed site and must be easily available for agency inspection;

[In item B, the MPCA adds a reference to part 7045.0626, subparts 1-8 to make it clear that very small quantity generators do not have to meet the air emission standards for containers in subpart 9. This change is not based on federal language because the EPA does not regulate generators that Minnesota refers to as very small quantity generators. In adopting this provision, Minnesota continues to apply the same requirements to very small quantity generators who accumulate waste in containers as it applies to small quantity generators in subpart 5, item B above.]//

[For text of items C to H, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Acute hazardous waste accumulation.** A small quantity generator or a very small quantity generator who generates acute hazardous waste may accumulate that waste on site indefinitely until one kilogram of acute hazardous waste or 100 kilograms of residue, contaminated soil, water, or other debris resulting from the cleanup of a spill of an acute hazardous waste into or on any land or water, is accumulated. From the date the applicable limit is reached, the entire quantity of waste must be treated on site in compliance with part 7045.0211 or shipped off site in compliance with part 7045.0208 within 90 days. A generator accumulating wastes under this subpart must meet the requirements in items A and B. that is not exempt under subpart 8 must comply with items A and B:

[In subpart 7, the MPCA simplifies existing language and clarifies that a small or very small quantity generator accumulating acute hazardous waste is subject to this subpart, except that acute hazardous waste accumulated under the satellite accumulation requirements of subpart 8 is exempt from the requirements of subpart 7.1//

A. For the period preceding the accumulation start date, A generator may accumulate acute hazardous waste on site indefinitely in quantities equal to or less than one kilogram of acute hazardous waste and equal to or less than 100 kilograms of residue, contaminated soil, water, or other debris resulting from cleaning up spilled acute hazardous waste. The generator must comply with subpart 5, items B to H.

[In Item A, the MPCA revises existing rule language to clarify that, up to a certain threshold, a small quantity generator or a very small quantity generator may accumulate acute hazardous waste indefinitely. Also, up to that threshold, the

requirements of subpart 5, items B to H apply. If this waste totals equal to or less than the mass limits specified in subpart 7, then the generator, if a very small quantity generator, must meet the planning and preparedness requirements applicable to a small quantity generator of hazardous waste contained in subpart 5. The MPCA believes that the changes to this item are not changes to the intended meaning or application of the rules, but are reasonable clarifications of the original intent of this item, which was intended to apply requirements equivalent to those contained in 40 CFR 261.5(f).]//

B. For the period following the accumulation start date, the generator A generator who accumulates on site more than one kilogram of acute hazardous waste, or more than 100 kilograms of residue, contaminated soil, water, or other debris resulting from cleaning up spilled acute hazardous waste must comply with subpart 1.

[In Item B, the MPCA revises existing rule language to clarify that the requirements of subpart 1 apply to generators of acute hazardous waste when a certain quantity threshold is reached. If the generator accumulates acute hazardous waste quantities that exceed the limits specified in subpart 7, item B, regardless of generator size, they must meet all requirements applicable to a large quantity generator of hazardous waste contained in subpart 1. The MPCA believes the changes to this item are not significant changes to the intended meaning or application of the rules, but are reasonable clarifications of the original intent of this item, which was intended to apply requirements equivalent to those contained in 40 CFR 261.5(e).]//

Subp. 8. **Satellite accumulation.** Items A to D apply to all generators of hazardous waste.

A. A generator may, without a permit or interim status and without complying with subparts 1 to 7, accumulate as much as 55 gallons of hazardous waste or one quart of acute hazardous waste listed in part 7045.0135, subparts 2 and 4, item E subpart 1a, items B to D, per waste stream per each point of generation provided the generator complies with items B to D.

In item A, first, the MPCA corrects citations to rules that were revised elsewhere in this rulemaking. The rule formerly referred to part 7045.0135, subparts 2 and 4, item E. Subpart 2 was the list of hazardous waste from non-specific sources and subpart 4, item E, was the list of discarded chemical products, off specification species, containers and spill residues. Due to the revision of part 7045.0135, subparts 2 and 4 are now replaced by subpart 1a, items B and D, respectively. Part 7045.0135, subpart 3, the list of wastes from specific sources, is now represented by subpart 1a, item C. This was not originally included here because there were no acutely toxic wastes on that list. Now, the MPCA proposes to replace the former references to part 7045.0135, subparts 2 and 4, item E, with a reference to part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, items B to D (newly including item C, "Hazardous Waste from Specific Sources"). The MPCA believes that it is just as reasonable to allow the satellite accumulation of hazardous waste from the list of specific sources as it is from the list of non-specific sources. Although there are currently no acutely hazardous wastes on the specific sources list, the MPCA anticipates that this list could change in the future to include such wastes and intends that, if so, their accumulation would be allowed at satellite locations. This is different than the federal satellite accumulation provision, but the MPCA believes that it is a reasonable addition to the State rules. Note that, as discussed in Part IV of

this Statement, the MPCA is adopting the lists of hazardous wastes prospectively by reference so that future changes to the lists will become effective in Minnesota without rulemaking. Adding a reference to part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item C here will accommodate future changes to that list. Another difference is that part 7045.0135, subpart 1a, item D, is equivalent to 40 CFR 261.33(a-f). The federal rule equivalent to this subpart 8, only refers to section 261.33(e). The MPCA's incorporation of 40 CFR 261.33 is too coarse to make that specific of reference; however, looking at the material in the range encompassed by 40 CFR 261.33(a-f), the MPCA believes it is harmless to reference the entire section 261.33.]//

[For text of items B to D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 9 and 10, see M.R.]

Subp. 11. **Accumulation requiring a permit.** A large quantity generator who accumulates hazardous waste for more than 90 days, or a small quantity generator who accumulates more than 3,000 kilograms of hazardous waste at any time, is an operator of a storage facility and is subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 and the agency's permitting procedures in chapter 7001 and parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050 unless the generator has been granted a time extension under subpart 10. [In subpart 11, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that was repealed in a prior rulemaking.]//

[For text of subp 12, see M.R.]

7045.0294 RECORD KEEPING.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 3a. **Training records.** A generator must keep training records required under part 7045.0292, subparts 1, item G, and 5, item G H, subitem (3), on current personnel until closure of the licensed site. Training records on former employees must be kept for at least three years from the date of the employee's termination. Personnel training records may accompany personnel transferred within the same company.

[In subpart 3a, the MPCA corrects an error in the citation. The rule requires that generators keep records related to employee training required in part 7045.0292, subpart 5, item G. This citation is incorrect because the training and recording keeping requirement is specified in item H, subitem (3).]//

[For text of subps 4 and 5, see M.R.]

7045.0300 ADDITIONAL REPORTING.

The commissioner, when necessary to determine compliance with the requirements of this chapter, may require generators to furnish additional reports concerning the quantities and disposition of waste identified or listed in parts 7045.0100 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In part 7045.0300, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. In addition, the MPCA is correcting an error in the previous range of rules. There is no part 7045.0100, this section of the rules starts at part 7045.0102.]//

7045.0302 INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS; SPECIAL CONDITIONS.

[For text of subps 1 and 1a, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Notification.** When shipping hazardous waste outside the state of Minnesota to a foreign country the primary exporter must notify the commissioner and the EPA of an intended export before the waste is scheduled to leave the United States. A complete notification should be submitted 60 days before the initial shipment is intended to be shipped off site. This notification may cover export activities extending over a 12-month or lesser period.

The notification must be sent to the commissioner at 520 Lafayette Road, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155-4194, and to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20460. Hand-delivered notifications must be sent to the Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance, Office of Federal Activities, International Compliance Assurance Division (2254A), Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 12th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20460. In both cases, the following must be prominently displayed on the front of the envelope: "Attention: Notification of Intent to Export."

The primary exporter must provide the commissioner and the EPA with written renotification of any changes to the notification, except for changes to the telephone number, decreases in the quantity indicated in item B, subitem (3), and changes in the means of transport in item B, subitem (5). The waste shall not be shipped until the primary exporter receives an EPA Acknowledgment of Consent reflecting the receiving country's consent to the changes.

The notification must be in writing, signed by the primary exporter, and include the following information:

- A. name, mailing address, telephone number, and identification number of the primary exporter; and
 - B. by consignee, for each hazardous waste type:
- (1) a description of the hazardous waste and the EPA hazardous waste number (from Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 261, subpart C or D, as amended), United States Department of Transportation proper shipping name, hazard class, and identification number (UN/NA), and packing group for each hazardous waste as identified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 177, as amended;
- [In item B, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to revise language to conform with amended U.S. Department of Transportation regulations.]//

[For text of subitems (2) to (9), see M.R.]
[For text of subps 3 to 7, see M.R.]

7045.0365 TRANSFER FACILITY REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. **Applicability.** A transporter who stores manifested shipments of hazardous waste in containers meeting the requirements of part 7045.0270, subpart 4, at a transfer

1	facility for a period of ten days or fewer is not subject to regulation under parts
2	7045.0450 to 7045.0642 <u>7045.0651</u> and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 <u>7045.1390</u> , and a
3	hazardous waste facility permit with respect to the storage of those wastes. The owner or
4	operator must notify the commissioner in writing of his or her activity.
5	[In subpart 1, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts
6	were added. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range
7	of rules.]//
8 9	[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]
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10	7045.0371 TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE.
11	Hazardous waste shall be transported in accordance with all applicable requirements
12	of Minnesota Statutes, sections 221.033 and 221.034 221.0341, and with 221.035
13	221.0355 if applicable, and Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 171 to 179 199, as
14	amended.
15	[In part 7045.0371, the MPCA corrects citations to sections of Minnesota Statutes that
16	were repealed and provides citations to the correct replacement sections. The MPCA
17	also corrects one of several occurrences of a citation to a range of federal
18	transportation regulations that changed as the U.S. Department of Transportation
19	added a part.]//
20	
21	7045 0205 HAZADDOHC WACTE DICCHADCEC
21	7045.0395 HAZARDOUS WASTE DISCHARGES.
22	[For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.]
23	Subp. 5. Reporting. Any air, rail, highway, or water transporter who has discharged
24	hazardous waste must:
25	A. report in writing as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section
26 27	171.16, as amended, to the Director, Office of Hazardous Materials Regulations, Materials Transportation Bureau Information Systems Manager, PHH-63, Pipeline and
28	Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington,
28 29	D.C. 20590-0001, or submit an electronic hazardous materials incident report to the
30	Information Systems Manager, DHM-63, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety
31	Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590-0001 at
32	http://hazmat.dot.gov;
33	[In item A, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of
34	Transportation to revise language to conform with amended U.S. Department of
35	Transportation regulations.]//
36	[For text of items B and C, see M.R.]
37	•
38	7045.0450 FACILITIES GOVERNED BY FACILITY STANDARDS.
39	Subpart 1. General requirements.
40	[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
41	D. Parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 apply to the owners and operators of all facilities
42	that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste referred to in parts 7045.1300 to
43	7045.1380 part 7045.1390.

[In item D, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules. The MPCA labels this paragraph as item D.]//

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[For text of item E, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Relationship to interim status standards.** A facility owner or operator who has fully complied with the requirements for interim status under part 7045.0554 shall comply with parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 in lieu of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 until final administrative disposition of the permit application is made. The treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste is prohibited except in accordance with a permit and except for the extent to which parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 provide for the continued operation of an existing facility which meets certain conditions until final administrative disposition of the owner's or operator's permit application is made, except as provided under parts 7045.0485, 7045.0545, and 7045.0546.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA corrects several citations to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

Subp. 3. **Exemptions.** The requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 do not apply to the following specific waste management units, facilities, or activities, although all other waste management activities of the owner or operator may be regulated:

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

E. an elementary neutralization unit, <u>a</u> pretreatment unit, or a wastewater treatment unit, but only if the unit does not receive hazardous waste from generators other than the owner or operator of the unit, provided that if the owner or operator is diluting hazardous ignitable (D001) wastes (other than the D001 High TOC Subcategory defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.40, Table of Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes, as incorporated in part 7045.1390) or reactive (D003) waste to remove the characteristic before land disposal, the owner or operator must comply with part 7045.0456, subpart 2;

[In item E, the MPCA adopts qualifying conditions to an existing exemption for certain types of treatment units. The conditions only apply to those units treating ignitable or reactive waste, and reference existing required precautions for the management of ignitable and reactive wastes. The additional conditions correspond to requirements in 40 CFR 264.1(g)(6) and are derived from required RCRA Amendment 124.2: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Ignitable and Corrosive Characteristic Wastes Whose Treatment Standards Were Vacated." information about the amendments is found in 58 FR 29860-29887, May 24, 1993. The additions also correspond to requirements from RCRA Amendment 137.5 and 137.11: "Universal Treatment Standards and Treatment Standards for Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly Listed Wastes" = 40 CFR 264.1(g)(6). Further information about these amendments is found in 59 FR 47982-48110, September 19, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 242-302, January 3, 1995. While the language being added at this time is essentially the same as the federal regulations (except for the substitution of cross references to State rule parts and the removal of a reference to the definitions part of the rules), this exclusion remains more restrictive than the federal counterpart because the existing language restricts this exemption to waste generated onsite. This is reasonable as the MPCA has consistently not allowed accepting waste from off-site at unpermitted facilities. This is an existing difference and is not being changed as a result of this rulemaking.]//

[For text of items F to I, see M.R.]

J. (1) except as provided in subitem (2), treatment or containment activities during immediate response to any of the following situations: a discharge of a hazardous waste, an imminent and substantial threat of a discharge of hazardous waste, or a discharge of a material which, when discharged, becomes a hazardous waste;

[For text of subitem (2), see M.R.]

(3) a person who is covered by subitem (1) and who continues or initiates hazardous waste treatment or containment activities after the immediate response is over is subject to all applicable requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0544 7045.0551 and the agency's permitting procedures for those activities;

[In subitem (3), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

K. treatment of hazardous waste by a generator in the generator's accumulation tanks or containers in accordance with part 7045.0292. If the treatment involves evaporation of aqueous waste or polymerization of polyester or other chemical fixation treatment processes in open containers, the generator is exempt from parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0544 7045.0551, but before beginning the treatment process must submit to the commissioner the information required under part 7045.0539, subpart 2, items A to C, that is relevant to the treatment activity and must be notified by the commissioner that the treatment activity is approved. The commissioner shall approve the treatment activity if the commissioner finds that the treatment activity will not endanger human health and the environment; or

In item K, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of item L, see M.R.]

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7045.0452 GENERAL FACILITY STANDARDS.

[For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. General inspection requirements. General inspection requirements include the following:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. The frequency of inspection may vary for the items on the schedule. However, it must the frequency must be based on the rate of possible deterioration of the equipment and the probability of an environmental or human health incident if the deterioration or malfunctions, malfunction, or any operator error goes undetected between inspections. Areas subject to spills, such as loading and unloading areas, must be inspected daily when in use. At a minimum, the inspection schedule must include the terms and frequencies called for in parts 7045.0526, subpart 5; 7045.0528, subparts 4 and 7; 7045.0532, subpart 5; 7045.0534, subpart 6; 7045.0536, subpart 6; 7045.0538, subpart 5; 7045.0539, subpart 3; and 7045.0542, subpart 7; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container standards in Code of Federal

- 42 Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1033, 264.1052, 264.1053, and 264.1058, as amended,
- 43 and sections 264.1083 to 264.1089, as incorporated in part 7045.0540, where applicable.
- 44 The inspection schedule must be submitted with the permit application. The
- 45 commissioner shall evaluate the schedule along with the rest of the application to ensure

that it adequately protects human health and the environment. As part of this review, the commissioner may modify or amend the schedule as necessary.

[In the first sentences of item C, the MPCA simply revised existing language to clarify the intended meaning. These changes do not alter the effect of the rule and are not based on federal amendments. The MPCA also adopts references to newly added requirements addressing air emissions from tanks, surface impoundments and containers that correspond to amendments to 40 CFR 264.15(b)(4). These changes are from required RCRA Amendment 154-1.12: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about the amendment can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 60 FR 26828-26829, May 19, 1995; 60 FR 50426-50430, September 29, 1995; 60 FR 56952-56954, November 13, 1995; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; 61 FR 28508-28511, June 5, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. This amendment also adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 163.2: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 264.15(b)(4). information about the amendment can be found at 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, **1997.**]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

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7045.0458 WASTE ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. Waste analysis. Waste analysis procedures are listed in items A to D.

A. Before an owner or operator treats, stores, or disposes of any hazardous waste, or nonhazardous waste if applicable under part 7045.0488, subpart 2a, the owner or operator shall obtain a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the waste. This analysis must contain all the information which must be known in order to treat, store, or dispose of the waste in accordance with the requirements of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, or with the conditions of a permit issued under the agency's permitting procedures.

[In item A, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

B. The analysis may include data developed under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155 and existing published or documented data on the hazardous waste or on hazardous waste generated from similar processes, including data obtained from the generator.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Waste analysis plan.** The owner or operator shall develop and follow a written waste analysis plan which describes the procedures that will be used to comply with subpart 1. The owner or operator shall keep this plan at the facility. The plan must specify:

[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]

F. where applicable, the methods that will be used to meet the additional waste analysis requirements for specific waste management methods as specified in parts

- 1 7045.0456; 7045.0538, subpart 10; 7045.0542, subpart 2; and 7045.1315 Code of Federal
- 2 Regulations, title 40, section 268.7, as incorporated in part 7045.1390; and the process
- 3 vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container test methods
- 4 and procedures in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034(d) and,
- 5 264.1063(d), as amended, and section 264.1083, as incorporated in part 7045.0540;

- [In item F, the MPCA amends the rules to replace a reference to a land disposal restriction requirement, which is being repealed, with a citation to that same requirement in the federal regulations. The amendment refers directly to the federal counterpart because, in part 7045.1390, where this information is being incorporated by reference, the incorporation does not provide the necessary level of specificity to identify the applicable section. This amendment corresponds to 40 CFR 264.13(b)(6), and is from required RCRA Amendment 154-1: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about this amendment can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994, as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//
- G. for off-site facilities, the waste analysis plan must also specify the procedures which that will be used to inspect and, if necessary, analyze each movement of hazardous waste received at the facility to ensure that it matches the identity of the waste designated on the accompanying manifest or shipping paper. The plan must describe:

[In item G, the MPCA makes a clarifying change for grammatical purposes.]//

- (1) the procedures which that will be used to determine the identity of each movement of waste managed at the facility; and
- [In subitem (1), the MPCA makes a grammatical word change. The MPCA also removes the word "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//
- (2) the sampling method which that will be used to obtain a representative sample of the waste to be identified, if the identification method includes sampling. The waste analysis plan must be submitted with the permit application; and
- [In subitem (2), the MPCA makes a clarifying change for grammatical purposes. The MPCA also adds the word "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//
- (3) the procedure that the owner or operator of an off-site landfill receiving containerized hazardous waste will use to determine whether a hazardous waste generator or treater has added a biodegradable sorbent to the waste in the container;
- [In subitem (3), the MPCA requires the plan to contain information about the use of sorbents to eliminate free liquid in waste being landfilled. This requirement corresponds to 40 CFR 264.13(c)(3) and is based on required RCRA Amendment 118.2: "Liquids in Landfills II." Further information regarding this amendment can be found at 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992.]//
- H. for surface impoundments exempted from the land disposal restrictions under part 7045.1310 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.4, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, the procedures and schedules for:
 - (1) the sampling of impoundment contents;
 - (2) the analysis of test data; and
- (3) the annual removal of residues which are not delisted under part 7045.0075, subpart 2, or which exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste under part 7045.0131, and either do not meet the treatment standards of parts 7045.1350 to 7045.1360 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.42, as incorporated in part

- 1 7045.1390, or, where no treatment standards have been established, such residues are
- 2 prohibited from land disposal under parts 7045.1320 to 7045.1333 Code of Federal
- Regulations, title 40, sections 268.30 to 268.35, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or
- 4 RCRA section 3004(d).; and

- [In item H, the MPCA replaces repealed cites with references to corresponding federal land disposal restriction requirements that were incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390 of this rule. The MPCA cites directly to the appropriate federal provisions because the incorporation by reference of the federal land disposal restrictions in part 7045.1390 does not provide a sufficient level of specificity to identify the particular provisions being addressed. The MPCA also adds "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]//
- <u>I. for owners and operators seeking an exemption to the air emission standards of part 7045.0540 in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1082, as incorporated in part 7045.0540:</u>
- (1) if direct measurement is used for the waste determination, the procedures and schedules for waste sampling and analysis and the results of the analysis of test data to verify the exemption; and
- (2) if knowledge of the waste is used for the waste determination, any information prepared by the facility owner or operator or by the generator of the hazardous waste, if the waste is received from off site, that is used as the basis for knowledge of the waste.
- [In item I, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to waste analysis at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. This requirement corresponds to 40 CFR 264.13(b)(8) and is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.11: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about the air emission standards can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994, as amended by 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996. The MPCA has slightly revised the language of the federal counterpart by removing an extraneous "the" to clarify the intended meaning.]//

7045.0478 OPERATING RECORD.

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **Record information.** The information in items A to T must be recorded, as it becomes available, and maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

- C. A description and the quantity of each hazardous waste received, and the method and date of treatment, storage, or disposal at the facility <u>in accordance with the record-keeping instructions in Code of Federal Regulations</u>, title 40, part 264, Appendix I, as incorporated in part 7045.0543.
- [In item C, the MPCA adds a reference to recordkeeping instructions that must be followed. This change corresponds to provisions in 40 CFR 264.73(b)(1).]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

E. Records and results of waste analyses <u>and waste determinations</u> performed as specified in parts 7045.0456; 7045.0458; 7045.0538, subpart 10; and 7045.0542,

- subpart 2, 7045.1310, and 7045.1315 and Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections
- 2 264.1034 and 264.1063, as amended, and sections 264.1083, 268.4(a), and 268.7, as
- 3 incorporated in part 7045.0540 or 7045.1390; and the process vent and equipment leak
- 4 test methods and procedures in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034
- 5 and 264.1063, as amended.

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- [In item E, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to the operating records at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking.
- 8 This requirement corresponds to 40 CFR 264.74(b)(3); and is based on required
- 9 RCRA Amendment 154-1.13: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for
- Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about the air emission standards can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. The
- 12 MPCA also replaces citations to repealed State rules with citations to equivalent
- federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

[For text of items F and G, see M.R.]

H. Monitoring, testing, or analytical data and corrective action where required by parts 7045.0461; 7045.0484; 7045.0528, subparts 2, 4, and 7; 7045.0532, subparts 4a, 4b, and 5; 7045.0534, subparts 4a, 5, 5a, and 6; 7045.0536, subparts 5, 6, and 8; 7045.0538, subparts 4a, 5, 5a, and 6; 7045.0539, subpart 3; and 7045.0542, subpart 7; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container test methods and procedures and record keeping requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034(c) to (f), 264.1035, 264.1063(d) to (i), and 264.1064, as amended, and sections 264.1082 to 264.1090, as incorporated in part 7045.0540.

[In item H, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to the operating record at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. This requirement corresponds to 40 CFR 264.73(b)(6), and is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.13: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about the air emission standards can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. This amendment also addresses changes based on required RCRA Amendment 163.3: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment." Further information about these amendments can be found at 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997.]//

[For text of items I to K, see M.R.]

L. The certification <u>in item K</u> signed by the owner or operator of the facility or an authorized representative.

[In item L, the MPCA clarifies where to find the referenced certification.]//

M. Records of the quantities and date of placement for each shipment of hazardous waste placed in land disposal units under an extension to the effective date of any land disposal restriction granted under part 7045.0075, subpart 8 by the United States

- 40 Environmental Protection Agency under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section
- 41 268.5, a petition under part 7045.0075, subpart 9, or a certification under Code of Federal
- 42 Regulations, title 40, section 268.8, as amended incorporated in part 7045.1390, and the
- 43 applicable notice required of a generator under part 7045.1315, subpart 1 Code of Federal
- Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a), as incorporated in part 7045.1390.
- 45 [In item M, the MPCA clarifies that any extensions to the effective date of land
- 46 disposal restrictions may only be granted by the EPA. Throughout this rulemaking,

the MPCA is replacing citations to repealed part 7045.0075, subpart 8, with the corresponding CFR citation. The reason for this change is that the case-by-case extensions to an effective date for applicable land disposal restrictions are only granted by the EPA, so the MPCA believes it is most reasonable to refer readers directly to those federal provisions. In item M, the MPCA also replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, subpart 1, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7(a), as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]//

N. For an off-site treatment facility, a copy of the notice, and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required of the generator or the owner under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section <u>268.7(a)(1) or</u> 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item N, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7(a)(1), as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]//

O. For an on-site treatment facility, the information contained in the notice, except the manifest number, and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required of the generator or owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(1) or 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item O, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7(a)(1), as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]

P. For an off-site land disposal facility, a copy of the notice, and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required of the generator or the owner or operator of a treatment facility under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section sections 268.7 and 268.8, as amended, and part 7045.1315 incorporated in part 7045.1390, whichever is applicable.

[In item P, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7, as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]

Q. For an on-site land disposal facility, the information contained in the notice required of the generator or owner or operator of a treatment facility under part 7045.1315 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, except for the manifest number, and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.8, as amended incorporated in part 7045.1390, whichever is applicable.

[In item Q, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7, and advises where sections of 40 CFR 268 are incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]

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R. For an off-site storage facility, a copy of the notice, and the certification and demonstration if applicable, required of the generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7 or 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315 incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item R, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7, as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]

S. For an on-site storage facility, the information contained in the notice, except the manifest number, and the certification and demonstration if applicable, required of the generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7 or 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315 incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item S, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed part 7045.1315, with a citation to equivalent 40 CFR 268.7, as incorporated by reference in part 7045.1390. This is necessary because part 7045.1390 lacks the level of specificity to identify this exact incorporated federal provision.]

[For text of item T, see M.R.]

7045.0482 REQUIRED REPORTS.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Additional reports.** In addition to submitting the manifest discrepancy report described in part 7045.0476, subpart 3, and the annual reports and the unmanifested waste reports described in subparts 2 and 3, the owner or operator shall also report to the commissioner:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. as otherwise required by parts 7045.0484, 7045.0532 to 7045.0538; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subparts AA and BB, as amended parts 7045.0540, 7045.0547, and 7045.0548.

[In item C, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to the reports required from facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. This requirement corresponds to 40 CFR 264.77(c) and is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.14: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information about the air emission standards can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

7045.0484 GROUNDWATER PROTECTION.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies as follows:

A. Except as provided in item B, the requirements of this part apply to owners or operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste. The owner or operator must comply with the requirements in subitems (1) to (3) for all wastes or waste constituents contained in solid or hazardous waste management units at the facility regardless of the time the waste was placed in such units:

(1) all solid waste management units must comply with part 7045.0485;

(2) a surface impoundment, waste pile, land treatment unit, or landfill, or containment building that is required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550, to meet the requirements of a landfill, that receives hazardous waste after July 26, 1982, is a regulated unit and must comply with the requirements of subparts 2 to 14 for detecting, characterizing, and responding to releases; and

[The MPCA is amending subitem (2) to add a reference to the standards that apply to containment buildings that must be closed as a landfill. Adding this reference completes the list of facilities that are considered to be regulated units and therefore subject to the groundwater protection requirements. In this rulemaking, the MPCA adds required federal standards that apply to containment buildings. However, the State rules governing ground water protection differ from the federal regulations, so there is no federal counterpart to this provision. The MPCA believes that adding containment buildings that are required to close as landfills to the list of regulated units is a reasonable extension of the State's existing commitment to the application of the ground water protection standards. The MPCA does not expect that containment buildings will normally be required to close as a landfill or that ground water monitoring will be necessary, however, the MPCA believes it is essential to anticipate this possibility and is therefore adding this provision to the ground water standards.]//

(3) the financial responsibility requirements of part 7045.0485 apply to regulated units.

[For text of items B to D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 2 to 14, see M.R.]

7045.0486 CLOSURE.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. Closure performance standard. The owner or operator shall close the facility in a manner minimizing the need for further maintenance. Closure procedures must result in controlling, minimizing, or eliminating, to the extent necessary to protect human health and the environment, postclosure escape of hazardous waste, hazardous constituents, leachate, contaminated runoff, or hazardous waste decomposition products to the ground or surface waters or to the atmosphere, in accordance with the closure requirements, including the requirements of parts 7045.0526, subpart 9; 7045.0528, subpart 9; 7045.0532, subpart 7; 7045.0534, subpart 7; 7045.0536, subpart 8; 7045.0538, subpart 7; 7045.0539, subparts 2 to 4; and 7045.0542, subpart 8; and Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550. [In subpart 2, the MPCA adds a reference to closure and post closure care requirements for tanks and containment buildings. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.13: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 264.111(c). Further information about the federal amendment can be found at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]// Subp. 3. **Submittal and contents of closure plan.** The owner or operator of a

Subp. 3. **Submittal and contents of closure plan.** The owner or operator of a hazardous waste facility shall submit a closure plan with the permit application, and the closure plan must be approved by the agency as part of the permit issuance procedure. The approved closure plan shall become a condition of any permit. The agency's approval

1 must ensure that the approved closure plan is consistent with subparts 2, 4, and 5, and

- 2 part; parts 7045.0484, groundwater protection, and 7045.0488, closure activities; and the
- applicable closure requirements of parts 7045.0526, subpart 9; 7045.0528, subpart 9;
- 4 7045.0532, subpart 7; 7045.0534, subpart 7; 7045.0536, subpart 8; 7045.0538, subpart 7;
- 5 7045.0539, subpart 2; and 7045.0542, subpart 8; and Code of Federal Regulations, title
- 6 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550.

[In subpart 3, the MPCA adopts cross references to specific provisions for groundwater protection and the closure of tanks and containment buildings based on the federal counterpart to this rule in 40 CFR 264.112(a)(2). This amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.14: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris." Additional information can be found at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

A copy of the approved closure plan and all revisions to the plan must be furnished to the commissioner upon request, including request by mail, until final closure is completed and certified. The plan must identify steps necessary to completely or partially close the facility at any point during its intended operating life and to completely close the facility at the end of its intended operating life. The closure plan must at least include all of the following:

[For text of items A to F, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 4 to 6, see M.R.]

7045.0490 POSTCLOSURE.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Except as otherwise provided in part 7045.0450, the provisions of subparts 2, 3, and parts 7045.0492 to 7045.0496 apply to:

A. the owner or operator of a hazardous waste disposal facility;

B. the owner or operator of a waste pile or surface impoundment that is required by part 7045.0532, subpart 7, or 7045.0534, subpart 7, to have a postclosure plan; and

C. the owner or operator of tank systems that are required under part 7045.0528, subpart 9, to meet the requirements for landfills; and

<u>D.</u> the owner or operator of containment buildings that are required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550, to meet the requirement for landfills.

[In item D, the MPCA adds language to apply postclosure care requirements to the owner or operator of containment buildings. Containment building standards are being added to the State rules in this rulemaking at the part cited. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.15: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 264.110(b)(4); Additional information about the federal amendment can be found at 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]

[For text of subps 2 and 3, see M.R.]

7045.0498 FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS.

Existing State rules governing financial assurance are similar, but in some cases, more restrictive than their federal counterparts (the EPA deems them equivalent). In

this rulemaking the MPCA is adopting certain changes based on federal amendments, but is also declining to adopt certain federal amendments. As a result, certain State rules remain more stringent than corresponding federal financial requirements. Although the MPCA is not required to justify changes that it is not addressing in this rulemaking, the MPCA believes it is helpful to explain some of the background of those decisions.//

In drafting the existing financial requirements, the MPCA decided not to adopt certain financial assurance mechanisms based on concerns regarding their performance. In this rulemaking, the MPCA is adopting many changes intended to make the State rules consistent with their federal counterparts. However, the MPCA continues to decline adopting certain federal financial assurance mechanisms. For example, while the MPCA is including the newly available federal mechanisms of trust funds and letters of credit for liability coverage, the MPCA declines to adopt the federal option of a surety bond for this purpose. Further discussion of the specific reasonableness of the addition of the financial assurance options is discussed in part 7045.0518.//

The MPCA has also declined, at a number of points throughout the financial assurance rules, to adopt the federal changes that expand the list of entities that can provide a corporate guarantee for an owner or operator of a facility. The amended federal rules have been expanded to allow the corporate guarantee to be provided by a firm with a "substantial business relationship" with the owner or operator. The MPCA has chosen to continue to limit the corporate guarantee to the previous relationship, only the parent corporation. The MPCA believes that this is a reasonable limitation that facilitates settling claims while maintaining a clear source of financial assurance. In this regard, the existing State rules are not becoming more stringent. They will continue to limit who may be considered a corporate guarantor to only the owner or operator of the facility or its parent corporation.]//

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Parts 7045.0502, 7045.0504, and 7045.0518 to 7045.0524 apply to owners and operators of all hazardous waste facilities, except as provided otherwise in this part or in part 7045.0450, subpart 3.

Parts 7045.0506 and 7045.0508 apply only to owners and operators of:

A. disposal facilities;

B. waste piles, and surface impoundments from which the owner or operator intends to remove the wastes at closure, to the extent that he or she is required to develop a contingent closure and postclosure care plan in parts 7045.0532, subpart 7; and 7045.0534, subpart 7; and

C. tank systems that are required under part 7045.0528, subpart 9, to meet the requirements for landfills; and

<u>D.</u> containment buildings that are required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550, to meet the requirements for landfills.

[In item D, the MPCA applies financial assurance requirements to the owners and operators of containment buildings. These requirements are based on required RCRA Amendment 109.15: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and

Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 264.140(b)(4). Further information can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Parts 7045.0512 to 7045.0516 apply only to owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste in surface impoundments, waste piles, land treatment units, or containment buildings that are required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550, to meet the requirements of landfills.

The state and the federal government are exempt from the requirements of parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524.

[The MPCA is amending the above paragraph to require corrective action financial assurance for containment buildings that must close as landfills. The MPCA is adding new containment building standards in this rulemaking in part 7045.0550, and it is reasonable to make corresponding changes to those aspects of the rules that will be affected by these types of facilities. There is no federal counterpart to this paragraph, which requires land disposal facilities to prepare a cost estimate for corrective action (part 7045.0512) and applies financial assurance requirements for corrective actions (parts 7045.0514 and 7045.0516). Minnesota's rules are different than the federal financial assurance requirements because Minnesota not only requires financial assurance for closure and post-closure care but also for corrective action. The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to extend this existing requirement for financial assurance for corrective action to also include containment buildings since containment buildings are required to meet the closure and post-closure care requirements of a landfill. The same concerns regarding the funding of necessary corrective actions that apply to land disposal facilities also apply to containment buildings. Although the MPCA believes that it is reasonable to allow waste to be stored in containment buildings, this option carries certain risks that may result in the need to perform corrective actions. Requiring financial assurance will assure that those risks are addressed and that corrective action is performed.]//

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

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7045.0502 COST ESTIMATE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE.

Subpart 1. **Cost estimate requirements.** The owner or operator shall have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost of closing the facility in accordance with parts 7045.0486 and 7045.0488 and applicable closure requirements in parts 7045.0526, subpart 9; 7045.0532, subpart 7; 7045.0534, subpart 7; 7045.0536, subpart 8; 7045.0538, subpart 7; 7045.0539, subparts 2 to 4; and 7045.0542, subpart 8; and Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0550. The closure cost estimate must equal the cost of final closure at the point in the facility's active life when the extent and manner of its operation would make closure the most expensive, as indicated by its closure plan. The closure cost shall be estimated as follows:

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]

[In subpart 1, the MPCA adds a reference to the requirements being adopted in this rulemaking that apply to containment buildings. The reference to this part is based on language from required RCRA Amendment 109.16: "Land Disposal Restrictions

for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 264.142(a). Further information regarding the need for and reasonableness of this amendment is found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

7045.0504 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Surety bond guaranteeing performance of closure.** The following apply to surety bonds that guarantee performance of closure:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. The wording of the surety bond must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart $2 \underline{3}$.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects an error in existing language. This item previously referred to the wording provided in 7045.0524, subpart 2, which applies to a surety bond guaranteeing payment into a trust fund. Subpart 3 of that rule provides wording for a surety bond guaranteeing performance for corrective action, closure and/or post closure care. Since this subpart addresses the performance of closure, the wording in part 7045.0542, subpart 3, is the proper cite to apply.]//

[For text of items C to J, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 5 and 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Financial test and corporate guarantee for closure.** The financial test and corporate guarantee for closure is as follows:

[For text of items A to K, see M.R.]

L. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a written guarantee, hereafter referred to as "corporate guarantee." The guarantor must be the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in items A to J, and must comply with the terms of the corporate guarantee. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8. The certified copy of the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:

[The MPCA is amending item L by clarifying that the owner or operator must send a certified copy of the corporate guarantee to the commissioner. The rule formerly implied that the original document had to be sent to the commissioner. This part of the State rules is similar to the existing financial assurance requirements that apply to closure in 40 CFR 264.143(f)(10). In this rulemaking the MPCA is also making a similar clarifying amendment to parts 7045.0508, subpart 7, item M, and to part 7045.0514, subpart 7, item L. This change is based on optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.143(f)(10). The EPA's justification for its financial assurance rules is found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

(3) If the owner or operator fails to provide alternate financial assurance as specified in this part and obtain the written approval of alternate assurance from the commissioner within 90 days after receipt by both the owner or operator and the

commissioner of a notice of cancellation of the corporate guarantee from the guarantor, the guarantor shall must provide alternative financial assurance in the name of the owner

3 or operator.

[In item L, subitem (3), the MPCA changes "shall" to "must" to conform to State rulemaking conventions.]//

[For text of subps 8 to 10, see M.R.]

7045.0508 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR POSTCLOSURE CARE.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Financial test and corporate guarantee for postclosure care.** The financial test and corporate guarantee for postclosure care is as follows:

[For text of items A to L, see M.R.]

- M. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of <u>for</u> this part by obtaining a written guarantee, hereafter referred to as "corporate guarantee." The guarantor must be the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor <u>shall must</u> meet the requirements for owners or operators in items A to K, and <u>shall must</u> comply with the terms of the corporate guarantee. The wording of the corporate guarantee <u>shall must</u> be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8. <u>A certified copy of</u> the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:
- (1) If the owner or operator fails to perform postclosure care of a facility covered by the corporate guarantee in accordance with the postclosure plan and other permit requirements whenever required to do so, the guarantor shall must do so or establish a trust fund as specified in subpart 2 in the name of the owner or operator.

[For text of subitem (2), see M.R.]

- (3) If the owner or operator fails to provide alternate financial assurance as specified in this part and to obtain the written approval of alternate assurance from the commissioner within 90 days after receipt by both the owner or operator and the commissioner of a notice of cancellation of the corporate guarantee from the guarantor, the guarantor shall must provide alternate financial assurance in the name of the owner or operator.
- [The MPCA is making several minor changes to item M, and subitems (1) and (3). As discussed above for part 7045.0504, subpart 7, item L, in item M, the MPCA has added the requirement that the copy of the corporate guarantee sent to the commissioner must be a certified copy. The MPCA is also changing the word "of" to "for" in the first sentence of item M to better clarify the meaning. Finally, in item M and also in subitems (1) and (3), the MPCA changes "shall" to "must" to conform to State rulemaking convention. None of these changes alter the effect of this item.]//

[For text of subps 8 to 10, see M.R.]

7045.0514 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Financial test and corporate guarantee for corrective action.** The financial test and corporate guarantee for corrective action is as follows:

written guarantee, hereafter referred to as "corporate guarantee." The guarantor must be

the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in items A to J and must comply with the terms of the corporate guarantee. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8. A certified copy of the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:

[In item L, the MPCA adds language using the same reasoning as discussed above for

In item L, the MPCA adds language using the same reasoning as discussed above for part 7045.0504, subpart 7, item L. The MPCA adds the requirement that the owner or operator must send a certified copy of the corporate guarantee to the commissioner. There is no direct federal counterpart to this State rule, but this requirement is derived from similar provisions addressed by the federal regulations for financial assurance for closure and post-closure care. The EPA's justification for its financial assurance rules are based on optional language from RCRA Amendment 113Error! Bookmark not defined.: "Consolidated Liability Requirements." Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

(3) If the owner or operator fails to provide alternate financial assurance as specified in this part and to obtain the written approval of alternate assurance from the commissioner within 90 days after receipt by both the owner or operator and the commissioner of a notice of cancellation of the corporate guarantee from the guarantor, the guarantor will must provide alternative financial assurance in the name of the owner or operator.

[In subitem (3), the MPCA is making a minor, clarifying change to conform to the State rulemaking convention which requires the use of the more authoritative term "must" instead of the term "will." This change does not alter the effect of this requirement.]//

[For text of subps 8 to 10, see M.R.]

7045.0518 LIABILITY REQUIREMENTS.

[The MPCA is amending the requirements governing liability requirements for hazardous waste facilities to incorporate certain of the changes that have been made to the corresponding federal regulations. However, not all of federal requirements are being incorporated in these amendments. In the existing State liability rule, the MPCA had originally limited the owners and operators of facilities to specific options for providing liability coverage. The State rules currently only provide the options of covering liability through insurance, the use of a financial test, a corporate guarantee, or a combination of these three mechanisms. The federal liability regulations, found at 40 CFR 264.147, provide three additional options (use of a surety bond, letter of credit or trust fund) to provide liability coverage. In this rulemaking, the MPCA continues to support its previous decision to limit the options available for meeting the liability requirements to only those options which the MPCA believes are most

effective. The MPCA is proposing in this part, in addition to restructuring the language of the requirements, to expand the list of financial assurance mechanisms to also allow the use of letters of credit and trust funds. Although the existing State rules that address financial assurance for closure and post closure care provide for the use of all of the federally available financial assurance mechanisms, (including surety bonds) the MPCA continues to decline to adopt the use of surety bonds for providing liability coverage, even though they are provided in the federal counterpart to this rule. The MPCA believes that, based on previous experience with the difficulty of accessing surety bonds, the financial assurance mechanisms of letter of credit and trust fund are the only reasonable additions to the State options. The specific reasonableness for each change, including references to the federal background discussion, is provided following each proposed change below.]//

Subpart 1. **Coverage for sudden accidental occurrences.** An owner or operator of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, or a group of facilities, shall demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities. The owner or operator shall have and maintain liability coverage for sudden accidental occurrences in the amount of at least \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least \$2,000,000, exclusive of legal defense costs. This liability coverage may be demonstrated in one of the following ways:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through use of the financial test, insurance, the corporate guarantee, a combination of the financial test and insurance, or a combination of the corporate guarantee and insurance, as these mechanisms are specified in this part. The amounts of coverage demonstrated must total at least the minimum amounts required by subpart 1 meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a letter of credit for liability coverage as specified in subpart 8.

[In item C, the MPCA has deleted existing language regarding combinations of financial assurance (which is being moved to new item E) and is adding the option of using a letter of credit for liability coverage. This option is provided in the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 264.147(a)(3). The changes are based on optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements." Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988, as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991, and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

D. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a trust fund for liability coverage as specified in subpart 9.

[Item D is being added to provide the owner or operator of a facility with an additional option of a trust fund. This option is provided in the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 264.147(a). This change is based on optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements." Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

E. An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through the use of combinations of insurance, financial test, corporate guarantee, letter of credit, and trust fund, except that the owner or operator may not combine a financial test

- 1 covering part of the liability coverage requirement with a corporate guarantee unless the
- 2 financial statement of the owner or operator is not consolidated with the financial
- 3 statement of the guarantor. The amounts of coverage demonstrated must total at least the
- 4 minimum amounts required by this part. If the owner or operator demonstrates the
- 5 required coverage through the use of a combination of financial assurances under this
- 6 item, the owner or operator shall specify at least one such assurance as "primary"
- 7 coverage and shall specify other assurance as "excess" coverage.

- [In item E, the MPCA adopts language that revises and replaces former item C, to establish the ability to use combinations of financial assurance options for the owner or operator of a facility to demonstrate its liability coverage. This item is based on the previous requirements of item C and optional language found at RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(a)(6). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960; September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200; July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844; September 16, 1992.]//
- F. An owner or operator shall notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days whenever:
- (1) a claim results in a reduction in the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage provided by a financial instrument authorized in items A to E;
- (2) a certification of valid claim for bodily injury or property damages caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is entered between the owner or operator and third-party claimant for liability coverage under items A to E; or
- (3) a final court order establishing a judgment for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is issued against the owner or operator or an instrument that is providing financial assurance for liability coverage under items A to E.
- [In item F, subitems (1) to (3), the MPCA adopts required language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(a)(7). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//
- Subp. 2. Coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences. An owner or operator of a surface impoundment, landfill, land treatment facility, or disposal miscellaneous disposal unit which that is used to manage hazardous waste, or a group of such facilities, shall must demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities. The owner or operator shall must have and maintain liability coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences in the amount of at least \$3,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least \$6,000,000, exclusive of legal defense costs. An owner or operator who must meet the requirements of this part may combine the required per-occurrence coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences into a single per-occurrence level, and combine the required annual aggregate coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences into a single annual aggregate level. Owners or operators who combine coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences must maintain liability coverage in the

amount of at least \$4,000,000 per occurrence and \$8,000,000 annual aggregate. This liability coverage may be demonstrated in one of the following ways:

In subpart 2, the MPCA is adopting language to make this subpart correspond to the federal counterpart in 40 CFR 264.147(b). The amendments to this subpart change the term "miscellaneous disposal units" to "disposal miscellaneous units" which is a more accurate term. The phrasing of this term is important because under part 7045.0518, subpart 2, only land disposal units (such as disposal miscellaneous units) are required to carry non-sudden accidental liability coverage. In contrast, under subpart 1 of that part, all hazardous waste facilities (those that treat, store or dispose) are required to carry sudden accidental liability coverage. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to amend the rules so that the term used in this part is "disposal miscellaneous units" rather than "miscellaneous disposal units" since "miscellaneous units" is the defined term. The EPA uses the same term and the MPCA believes it is reasonable to maintain consistency with the federal regulations. The MPCA also changes "shall" to "must" choosing preferred wording to convey the intended meaning. At the end of subpart 2, the MPCA adds language that addresses methods for combining liability coverage that corresponds to equivalent federal language. The MPCA believes that these requirements are reasonable to address issues regarding combined coverage. The amended language is addressed at RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(b). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through use of the financial test, insurance, the corporate guarantee, a combination of the financial test and insurance, or a combination of the corporate guarantee and insurance, as these mechanisms are specified in this part. The amounts of coverage must total at least the minimum amounts required by subpart 2 meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a letter of credit for liability coverage as specified in subpart 8.

[In items C (and D), the MPCA is making the same type of changes to the options provided for coverage for non-sudden accidental occurrences as it did for sudden accidental occurrences, the reasonableness of which is address in the introductory discussion to subpart 1 above. In item C the MPCA adopts optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(b)(3). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

D. For existing facilities, the required liability coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences must be demonstrated by the dates listed below. The total sales or revenues of the owner or operator in all lines of business, in the fiscal year preceding July 16, 1984 will determine which of the dates applies. If the owner and operator of a facility are two different parties, or if there is more than one owner or operator, the sales or revenues of the owner or operator with the largest sales or revenues will determine the date by which the coverage must be demonstrated. The dates are as follows:

(1) for an owner or operator with sales or revenues totaling \$10,000,000 or more, six months after July 16, 1984;

- (2) for an owner or operator with sales or revenues greater than \$5,000,000 but less than \$10,000,000, 18 months after July 16, 1984;
- 3 (3) for all other owners or operators, 30 months after July 16, 1984;

- (4) for an owner or operator subject to the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.147 (1983) on the date he or she is required to demonstrate coverage under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.147 (1983) or on July 16, 1984, whichever is later.
- D. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a trust fund for liability coverage as specified in subpart 9.
- [In item D, the MPCA revises language to make the State rules correspond more closely to the federal counterparts. The requirements in existing item D are being deleted because the cited dates are obsolete. The new language, which adds the option of providing liability coverage through the establishment of a trust fund, is based on optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(b)(5). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//
- E. An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through the use of combinations of insurance, financial test, corporate guarantee, letter of credit, and trust fund, except that the owner or operator may not combine a financial test covering part of the liability coverage requirement with a corporate guarantee unless the financial statement of the owner or operator is not consolidated with the financial statement of the guarantor. The amounts of coverage demonstrated must total at least the minimum amount required by this part. If the owner or operator demonstrates the required coverage through the use of a combination of financial assurances under this item, the owner or operator shall specify at least one such assurance as "primary" coverage and shall specify other assurance as "excess" coverage.
- [In item E, the MPCA adopts most of the optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(b)(6). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992. The exceptions to the federal counterpart are that (1) the MPCA chooses not to adopt the EPA's expanded use of surety bonds for this area of financial assurance, and (2) the MPCA chooses not to follow the EPA in expanding the scope of who can provide the corporate guarantee. The reasonableness of these decisions is discussed in the introductory discussion for this rule part.]//
- F. An owner or operator must notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days whenever:
- (1) a claim results in a reduction in the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage provided by a financial instrument authorized in items A to E;
- (2) a certification of valid claim for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is entered between the owner or operator and third-party claimant for liability coverage under items A to E; or
- (3) a final court order establishing a judgment for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the

operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is issued against the owner or operator or an instrument that is providing financial assurance for liability coverage under items A to E.

[In item F, the MPCA adopts required language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(b)(7)(i-iii). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of subps 3 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Financial test for liability coverage.** The financial test for liability coverage is as follows:

[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]

H. If the owner or operator no longer meets the requirements of item A, he or she the owner or operator shall obtain insurance, a letter of credit, a trust fund, or a corporate guarantee for the entire amount of required liability coverage as specified in this part. Evidence of insurance liability coverage must be submitted to the commissioner within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year for which the year-end financial data show that the owner or operator no longer meets the test requirements.

[In item H, the MPCA adopts language that expands the options available for providing liability coverage if the owner or operator no longer meets the requirements for the financial test. Except as previously discussed in the introduction to this part, the amendments include most of the optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(f)(6). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of item I, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Corporate guarantee for liability coverage.** The corporate guarantee for liability coverage is as follows:

A. Subject to item B, an owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a written corporate guarantee. The guarantor must be the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in subpart 6. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8a. The <u>corporate</u> guarantee must be signed by two corporate officers of the parent corporation. A corporate resolution authorizing the parent corporation to provide the corporate guarantee for the subsidiary must be attached to the corporate guarantee. A certified copy of the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as <u>provided</u> specified in subpart 6, item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

- B. A corporate guarantee may be used to satisfy the requirements of this part only if:
- (1) in the case of corporations incorporated in the United States, the attorney general or insurance commissioner of the state in which the guarantor is incorporated and of each state in which a facility covered by the <u>corporate</u> guarantee is located has submitted a written statement to the commissioner and the United States Environmental

Protection Agency that a corporate guarantee executed as described in this part and part 7045.0524, subpart 8a, is a legally valid and enforceable obligation in that state; and

(2) in the case of corporations incorporated outside the United States, the non-United States corporation has identified a registered agent for service of process in each state in which a facility covered by the corporate guarantee is located and in the state in which it has its principal place of business, and the attorney general or insurance commissioner of each state in which a facility covered by the corporate guarantee is located and the state in which the guarantor corporation has its principal place of business, has submitted a written statement to the commissioner and to the United States Environmental Protection Agency that a corporate guarantee executed as described in this part and part 7045.0524, subpart 8a, is a legally valid and enforceable obligation in that

[In items A and B of subpart 7, the MPCA is amending the rules to insert the term 'corporate' in front of 'guarantee' so that meaning is clear and consistent with other uses of the phrase in this chapter. The MPCA is also amending the rules to change the term "provided" to "specified" to improve the clarity of this requirement.]//

Subp. 8. Letter of credit for liability coverage.

- A. An owner or operator may satisfy the requirements of this part by obtaining an irrevocable standby letter of credit that conforms to the requirements of this subpart and submitting a copy of the letter of credit to the commissioner.
- B. The financial institution issuing the letter of credit must be an entity that has the authority to issue letters of credit and whose letter of credit operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- C. The wording of the letter of credit must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 11.
- D. An owner or operator who uses a letter of credit to satisfy the requirements of this part may also establish a standby trust fund. Under the terms of a letter of credit, all amounts paid pursuant to a draft by the trustee of the standby trust will be deposited by the issuing institution into the standby trust in accordance with instructions from the trustee. The trustee of the standby trust fund must be an entity that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- E. The wording of the standby trust fund must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 13.
- [In subpart 8, items A to E, the MPCA adopts language addressing the use of a letter of credit and a standby trust fund to meet liability coverage requirements. The adopted language is from optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(h)(1-5). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

Subp. 9. Trust fund for liability coverage.

- A. An owner or operator may satisfy the requirements of this part by establishing a trust fund that conforms to the requirements of this subpart and submitting an originally signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the commissioner.
- B. The trustee must be an entity that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.

1 C. The trust fund for liability coverage must be funded for the full amount of the 2 liability coverage to be provided by the trust fund before it may be relied upon to satisfy 3 the requirements of this part. If at any time after the trust fund is created the amount of 4 funds in the trust fund is reduced below the full amount of the liability coverage to be 5 provided, the owner or operator, by the anniversary date of the establishment of the fund, 6 must either add sufficient funds to the trust fund to cause its value to equal the full 7 amount of liability coverage to be provided or obtain other financial assurance as 8 specified in this part to cover the difference. For purposes of this item, "the full amount 9 of the liability coverage to be provided" means the amount of coverage for sudden or 10 nonsudden occurrences required to be provided by the owner or operator under this part, less the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage that is being provided by 11 12 other financial assurance mechanisms being used to demonstrate financial assurance by 13 the owner or operator.

D. The wording of the trust fund must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 13.

[In subpart 9, items A to D the MPCA adopts provisions regarding the establishment of a trust fund to meet liability insurance requirements. The amendments are based on optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.147(j)(1-4). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

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7045.0524 WORDING OF INSTRUMENTS.

[In this part especially (and some other parts), please note that some non-heading rule language that appears in bold would appear as a bracketed option (e.g., [insert owner or operator]) in the official rule. The inadvertent replacement of bracketed language with bold language in this SONAR document is the result of an error in transcribing the official rule into an electronic extract of the rule from which this document was produced.]//

[For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. Letter from chief financial officer for corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure care. A letter from the chief financial officer as specified in part 7045.0504, subpart 7; 7045.0508, subpart 7; 7045.0514, subpart 7; 7045.0612, subpart 6; or 7045.0616, subpart 6 must be worded as specified in this subpart, except that instructions in brackets must be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets deleted.

- 36 LETTER FROM CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION,
- 37 CLOSURE, AND/OR POSTCLOSURE CARE
- 38 [Agency Commissioner] Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
- I am the chief financial officer of [name and address of firm]. This letter is in support of this firm's use of the financial test to demonstrate financial assurance <u>for corrective</u> action, closure, or postclosure costs, as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624.

1 In this paragraph of subpart 6, the MPCA revises wording of the letter from the 2 chief financial officer for closure and/or post-closure care to match language found at 3 40 CFR 264.151(f). This change clarifies that the cited rules in the paragraph relate 4 to financial assurance for costs associated with corrective action, closure or post closure care. The EPA's justification for this change is based on optional RCRA Amendment 113Error! Bookmark not defined.: "Consolidated Liability Requirements." 6 7 Find further information in 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]// 8 [Fill out the following five paragraphs regarding facilities and associated cost 9 estimates. If your firm has no facilities that belong in a particular paragraph, write "None" in the space indicated. For each facility, include its identification number, name, 10 11 address, and current corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure cost estimates. Identify 12 each cost estimate as to whether it is for corrective action, closure, or postclosure care.] 13 1. This firm is the owner or operator of the following facilities for which financial 14 assurance for corrective action, closure, or postclosure care is demonstrated through the 15 financial test specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 16 to 7045.0624. The current corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure cost estimates covered by the text test are shown for each facility: ____ 17 [In paragraph 1 of subpart 6, the MPCA corrects a typographical error by changing 18 19 the word "text" to "test."]// 20 2. This firm guarantees, through the corporate guarantee specified in Minnesota Rules, 21 parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624, the corrective action, closure, 22 or postclosure care of the following facilities owned or operated by subsidiaries of this 23 firm. The current cost estimates for the corrective action, closure, or postclosure care so 24 guaranteed are shown for each facility: _____ 25 3. In states other than Minnesota, this firm, as owner or operator or guarantor, is 26 demonstrating financial assurance for the corrective action, closure, or postclosure care of 27 the following facilities either to the United States Environmental Protection Agency 28 through the use of the financial test specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, 29 parts 264 or 265, subpart H, as amended, or to an authorized state through the use of a 30 test equivalent or substantially equivalent to the specified financial test. The current 31 corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure cost estimates covered by such a test are 32 shown for each facility: ___ 33 4. This firm is the owner or operator of the following hazardous waste management facilities for which financial assurance for corrective action, if required, closure, or if a 34 35 disposal facility, postclosure care, is not demonstrated either to the United States 36 Environmental Protection Agency or a state through the financial test or any other 37 financial assurance mechanism specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, parts 38 264 or 265, subpart H, as amended, or equivalent or substantially equivalent state 39 mechanisms. The current corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure cost estimates not

covered by such financial assurance are shown for each facility: ______.

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1 2 3 4 5	5. This firm is the owner or operator of the following underground injection of (UIC) facilities for which financial assurance for plugging and abandonment is runder Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 144, as amended. The current cost estimates as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 144.6 amended, are shown for each facility.	required closure
6 7	This firm [insert "is required" or "is not required"] to file a Form 10K with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for the latest fiscal year.	e
8 9 10	The fiscal year of this firm ends on [month, day]. The figures for the followir marked with an asterisk are derived from this firm's independently audited, year financial statements for the latest completed fiscal year, ended [date].	-
11 12 13 14 15 16	[Fill in Alternative I if the criteria of Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0504, subpart B; 7045.0508, subpart 7, item B; 7045.0514, subpart 7, item B; 7045.0612, subpitem B; 7045.0616, subpart 6, item B are used. Fill in Alternative II if the criteria Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0504, subpart 7, item C; 7045.0508, subpart 7, item 7045.0514, subpart 7, item C; or 7045.0612, subpart 6, item C; or 7045.0616, suitem C are used.]	oart 6, a of C;
17	ALTERNATIVE I	
	1. Sum of current corrective action, closure, and postclosure cost estimate [total of all cost estimates shown in the five paragraphs above]	\$
	*2. Total liabilities [if any portion of the corrective actions, closure, or postclosure cost estimates is included in total liabilities, you may deduct the amount of that portion from this line and add that amount to lines 3 and 4]	\$
	*3. Tangible net worth	\$
	*4. Net worth	\$
	*5. Current assets	\$
	*6. Current liabilities	\$
	7. Net working capital [line 5 minus line 6]	\$
	*8. The sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion, and amortization	\$
	*9. Total assets in United States (required only if less than 90 percent of firm's assets are located in United States)	\$
		YES NO
	10. Is line 3 at least \$10,000,000?	
	11. Is line 3 at least 6 times line 1?	
	12. Is line 7 at least 6 times line 1?	
	*13. Are at least 90 percent of firm's assets located in the United States? If not, complete line 14	
	14. Is line 9 at least 6 times line 1?	
	15. Is line 2 divided by line 4 less than 2.0?	

	16. Is line 8 divided by line 2 greater than 0.1?	
	17. Is line 5 divided by line 6 greater than 1.5?	
1	ALTERNATIVE II	
	1. Sum of current corrective action, closure, and postclosure cost estimates [total of all cost estimates shown in the five paragraphs above]	\$
	2. Current bond rating of most recent issuance of this firm and name of rating service	
	3. Date of issuance of bond	
	4. Date of maturity of bond	
	*5. Tangible net worth [if any portion of the corrective action, closure, and postclosure costs estimates is included in "total liabilities" on your firm's financial statements, you may add the amount of that portion to this line]	\$
	*6 Total assets in United States (required only if less than 90 percent of firm's assets are located in United States)	\$
		YES NO
	7. Is line 5 at least \$10,000,000?	
	8. Is line 5 at least 6 times line 1?	
	*9. Are at least 90 percent of firm's assets located in United States? If not, complete line 10	
	10. Is line 6 at least 6 times line 1?	
3 4 5	I hereby certify that the wording of this letter is identical to the wording specified in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524, subpart 6, as such rules were constituted on the date shown immediately below.	
6 7 8	[SIGNATURE] [NAME] [TITLE] [DATE] [For text of subp 7, see M.R.]	
9 10 11 12 13	Subp. 8. Corporate guarantee for corrective action, closure, or postclosure care. A corporate guarantee as specified in part 7045.0504, subpart 7; 7045.0508, subpart 7; 7045.0514, subpart 7; 7045.0612, subpart 6; or 7045.0616, subpart 6 must be worded as specified in this subpart, except that instructions in brackets must be replaced with the	
14 15	CORPORATE GUARANTEE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION, CLOSURE POSTCLOSURE CARE	, OR
16 17 18 19	Guarantee made this [date] by [name of guaranteeing entity], a business corp organized under the laws of the state of [insert name of state], herein referred to guarantor, to the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (Agency), obligee, on bel our subsidiary [owner or operator] of [business address].	as

Recitals

- 1. Guarantor meets or exceeds the financial test criteria and agrees to comply with the reporting requirements for guarantors as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0504, subpart 7; 7045.0508, subpart 7; 7045.0514, subpart 7; 7045.0612, subpart 6; and 7045.0616, subpart 6.
 - 2. [Owner or operator] owns or operates the following hazardous waste management facility(ies) covered by this guarantee: [List for each facility: identification number, name, and address. Indicate for each whether guarantee is for corrective action, closure, postclosure care, or a combination of the three.]
- 3. "Closure plans" and "postclosure plans" as used below refer to the plans maintained as required by Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0486 to 7045.0494 and 7045.0594 to 7045.0606 for the closure and postclosure care of facilities as identified above.

 "Corrective action plans" as used below refers to the plans maintained as required by
- Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0484, subpart 2, item D; and subpart 14 for corrective action
- 15 for the facilities as identified above.
 - 4. For value received from [owner or operator], guarantor guarantees to the Agency that in the event that [owner or operator] fails to perform [insert "corrective action," "closure," "postclosure care," or any combination of the three] of the above facility(ies) in accordance with the corrective action, closure, or postclosure plans and other permit or interim status requirements whenever required to do so, the guarantor shall do so or establish a trust fund as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 or 7045.0608 to 7045.0624 as applicable, in the name of [owner or operator] in the amount of the current corrective action, closure, or postclosure cost estimates as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624.
 - 5. Guarantor agrees that if, at the end of any fiscal year before termination of this guarantee, the guarantor fails to meet the financial test criteria, guarantor shall send within 90 days, by certified mail, notice to the Agency Commissioner and to [owner or operator] that he or she intends to provide alternate financial assurance as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 or 7045.0608 to 7045.0624, as applicable, in the name of [owner or operator]. Within 120 days after the end of such fiscal year, the guarantor shall establish financial assurance unless [owner or operator] has done so.
- 6. The guarantor agrees to notify the Agency Commissioner by certified mail of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under United States Code, title 11, Bankruptcy, as amended, naming guarantor as debtor, within ten days after commencement of the proceeding.
- 7. Guarantor agrees that within 30 days after being notified by the Agency
 Commissioner of a determination that guarantor no longer meets the financial test criteria
 or that he or she is disallowed from continuing as a guarantor of corrective action, closure,

- 1 or postclosure care, the guarantor shall establish alternate financial assurance as specified
- 2 in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 or 7045.0608 to 7045.0624, as
- applicable, in the name of [owner or operator] unless [owner or operator] has done so.
- 4 8. Guarantor agrees to remain bound under this guarantee notwithstanding any or all
- 5 of the following: amendment or modification of the corrective action, closure or
- 6 postclosure plan, amendment or modification of the permit, the extension or reduction of
- 7 the time of performance of corrective action, closure, postclosure, or any other
- 8 modification or alteration of an obligation of the owner or operator pursuant to Minnesota
- 9 Rules, parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

In subpart 8, paragraph 8, the MPCA corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

- 9. Guarantor agrees to remain bound under this guarantee for so long as [owner or
- operator] must comply with the applicable financial assurance requirements of Minnesota
- Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 and 7045.0608 to 7045.0624 for the above listed
- 15 facilities, except that guarantor may cancel this guarantee by sending notice by certified
- mail to the Agency Commissioner and to [owner or operator], the cancellation to become
- effective no earlier than 120 days after receipt of notice by both the Agency
- 18 Commissioner and [owner or operator], as evidenced by the return receipts.
- 19 10. Guarantor agrees that if [owner or operator] fails to provide alternate financial
- assurance as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0498 to 7045.0524 or 7045.0608 to
- 21 7045.0624, as applicable, and obtain written approval of such assurance from the Agency
- 22 Commissioner within 90 days after a notice of cancellation by the guarantor is received
- by the Agency Commissioner from guarantor, guarantor shall provide alternate financial
- assurance in the name of [owner or operator].
- 25 11. Guarantor expressly waives notice of acceptance of this guarantee by the Agency
- or by [owner or operator]. Guarantor also expressly waives notice of amendments or
- 27 modifications of the corrective action, closure, and/or postclosure plan and of
- amendments or modifications of the facility permit(s).
- I hereby certify that the wording of this guarantee is identical to the wording specified
- in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524, subpart 8, as such rules were constituted on the date
- 31 first above written.
- 32 Effective date: _____ [NAME OF GUARANTOR] [AUTHORIZED
- 33 SIGNATURE FOR GUARANTOR] [NAME OF PERSON SIGNING] [TITLE OF
- 34 PERSON SIGNING] [SIGNATURE OF WITNESS OR NOTARY]
- Subp. 8a. **Corporate guarantee for liability coverage.** A corporate guarantee as
- specified in part 7045.0518, subpart 7, or 7045.0620, subpart 6, must be worded as
- 37 follows, except that instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant
- 38 information and the brackets deleted:

Guarantee made this [date] by [name of guaranteeing entity], a business corporation organized under the laws of [if incorporated within the United States, insert "the State of ______" and insert name of state; if incorporated outside the United States, insert the name of the country in which incorporated, the principal place of business within the United States, and the name and address of the registered agent in the state of the principal place of business], referred to in this guarantee as the guarantor. This guarantee is made on behalf of our subsidiary [owner or operator] of [business address], to any and all third parties who have sustained or may sustain bodily injury or property damage caused by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences arising from operation of the facility(ies) covered by this guarantee.

12 Recitals

- 1. Guarantor meets or exceeds the financial test criteria and agrees to comply with the reporting requirements for guarantors as specified in Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0518, subpart 7, and 7045.0620, subpart 6.
- 2. [Owner or operator] owns or operates the following hazardous waste management facility(ies) covered by this guarantee: [List for each facility: Identification Number, name, and address; and if guarantor is incorporated outside the United States, list the name and address of the guarantor's registered agent in each state.] This corporate guarantee satisfies RCRA third party liability requirements for [insert "sudden" or "nonsudden" or "both sudden and nonsudden"] accidental occurrences in above named owner or operator facilities for coverage in the amount of [insert dollar amount] for each occurrence and [insert dollar amount] annual aggregate.
- 3. For value received from [owner or operator], guarantor guarantees to any and all third parties who have sustained or may sustain bodily injury or property damage caused by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility(ies) covered by this guarantee that in the event that [owner or operator] fails to satisfy a judgment or award based on a determination of liability for bodily injury or property damage to third parties caused by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences, arising from the operation of the above named facilities, or fails to pay an amount agreed to in settlement of a claim arising from or alleged to arise from such injury or damage, the guarantor will satisfy such judgment(s), award(s), or settlement agreement(s), up to the limits of coverage identified above.
 - 4. Such obligation does not apply to any of the following:
- (a) Bodily injury or property damage for which [insert owner or operator] is obligated to pay damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement. This exclusion does not apply to liability for damages that [insert owner or operator] would be obligated to pay in the absence of the contract or agreement.

1	(b) Any obligation of [insert owner or operator] under a workers' compensation,
2	disability benefits, or unemployment compensation law, or any similar law.
3	(c) Bodily injury to:
4	
5 6	(1) an employee of [insert owner or operator] arising from, and in the course of, employment by [insert owner or operator]; or
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	(2) the spouse, child, parent, brother, or sister of that employee as a consequence of or arising from, and in the course of employment by [insert owner or operator]. This exclusion applies: (A) whether [insert owner or operator] may be liable as an employer or in any other capacity; and (B) to any obligation to share damages with or repay another person who must pay damages because of the injury to persons identified in paragraphs (1) and (2). (d) Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use, or entrustment to others of any aircraft, motor vehicle, or watercraft.
1415	(e) Property damage to: (1) any property owned, rented, or occupied by [insert owner or operator];
16 17	(2) premises that are sold, given away, or abandoned by [insert owner or operator] if the property damage arises out of any part of those premises;
18	(3) property loaned to [insert owner or operator];
19 20	(4) personal property in the care, custody, or control of [insert owner or operator]; or
21 22 23	(5) that particular part of real property on which [insert owner or operator] or any contractors or subcontractors working directly or indirectly on behalf of [insert owner or operator] are performing operations, if the property damage arises out of these operations.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	[In subpart 8a, paragraph 4, the MPCA moves the discussion of exclusions here from existing paragraph 12, and slightly modifies the introductory sentence to more accurately identify to whom the exclusions apply and to provide consistency with 40 CFR 264.151(h)(2). Moving the content of paragraph 12 to paragraph 4 is optional, but the MPCA believes it is reasonable to provide consistency with corresponding federal language. The language in this paragraph is from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(h)(2). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//
33 34 35	<u>5.</u> Guarantor agrees that if, at the end of any fiscal year before termination of this guarantee, the guarantor fails to meet the financial test criteria, guarantor shall send within 90 days, by certified mail, notice to the commissioner and to [owner or operator]

- that (s)he intends to provide alternate liability coverage as specified in Minnesota Rules,
- 2 parts 7045.0518 and 7045.0620, as applicable, in the name of [owner or operator]. Within
- 3 120 days after the end of that fiscal year, the guarantor shall establish the liability
- 4 coverage unless [owner or operator] has done so.
- 5. <u>6.</u> The guarantor agrees to notify the commissioner by certified mail of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (bankruptcy), United States Code, as amended, naming guarantor as debtor, within ten days after commencement of the proceeding.
- 6. 7. Guarantor agrees that within 30 days after being notified by the commissioner of a determination that guarantor no longer meets the financial test criteria or that (s)he is disallowed from continuing as a guarantor, (s)he shall establish alternate liability coverage as specified in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0518 or 7045.0620 in the name of [owner or operator], unless [owner or operator] has done so.
- 7. 8. Guarantor reserves the right to modify this agreement to take into account amendment or modification of the liability requirements established by Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0518 and 7045.0620, but the modification becomes effective only if the commissioner does not disapprove the modification within 30 days of receipt of notification of the modification.
- 8. 9. Guarantor agrees to remain bound under this guarantee for so long as [owner or operator] must comply with the applicable requirements of Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0518 and 7045.0620 for the above listed facility(ies), except as provided in paragraph 9 10 of this agreement.
- 9. 10. Guarantor may terminate this guarantee by sending notice by certified mail to the commissioner and to [owner or operator] but this guarantee may not be terminated unless and until [owner or operator] obtains, and the commissioner approves alternate liability coverage complying with Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0518 and/or 7045.0620.
- 26 <u>10. 11.</u> Guarantor hereby expressly waives notice of acceptance of this guarantee by any party.
- 28 <u>11. 12.</u> Guarantor agrees that this guarantee is in addition to and does not affect any other responsibility or liability of the guarantor with respect to the covered facilities.
- In paragraphs 5 through 12, the MPCA is re-numbering the paragraphs. None of these amendments change the effect of the rules.]//
- 32 12. Exclusions
- This corporate guarantee does not apply to:
- A. Bodily injury or property damage for which the owner or operator is obliged to pay damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement. This

1 2	exclusion does not apply to liability for damages that the owner or operator would be obligated to pay in the absence of the contract or agreement.
3	B. Any obligation of the owner or operator under a workers' compensation, disability
4	benefits, or unemployment compensation law or any similar law.
5	C. Bodily injury to:
6	(1) an employee of the owner or operator arising from, and in the course of,
7	employment by the owner or operator; or
8	(2) the spouse, child, parent, brother, or sister of that employee as a consequence of, or
9	arising from, and in the course of, employment by the owner or operator.
10	This exclusion applies whether the owner or operator is liable as an employer or in
11	any other capacity. This exclusion also applies to any obligation to share damages with or
12	repay another person who must pay damages because of the injury to persons identified
13	in item C.
14	D. Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use,
15	or entrustment to others of any aircraft, motor vehicle, or watercraft.
16	E. Property damage to:
17	(1) any property owned, rented, or occupied by the owner or operator;
18	(2) premises that are sold, given away, or abandoned by the owner or operator if the
19	property damage arises out of any part of those premises;
20	(3) property loaned to the owner or operator;
21	(4) personal property in the care, custody, or control of the owner or operator; and
22	(5) that particular part of real property on which the owner or operator or any
23	contractors or subcontractors working directly or indirectly on behalf of the owner or
24	operator are performing operations, if the property damage arises out of these operations.
25	In paragraph 12, the MPCA moves existing language, with slight modifications, to
26	paragraph 4 above. The same types of exclusions formerly addressed in this
27	paragraph are now being addressed in the amendments to paragraph 4 above.]//
28	13. The guarantor shall satisfy a third-party liability claim only on receipt of one of
29	the following documents:
30	(a) Certification from the principal and the third-party claimant(s) that the liability
31	claim should be paid. The certification must be worded as follows, except that

1 2	instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets deleted:
3	Certification of Valid Claim
4	The undersigned, as parties [insert principal] and [insert name and address of third-
5	party claimant(s)], hereby certify that the claim of bodily injury and/or property damage
6	caused by a [sudden or nonsudden] accidental occurrence arising from operating
7	[principal's hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility] should be paid in the
8	amount of \$
9	[Signatures] Principal (Notary) Date [Signatures] Claimant(s) (Notary) Date
10	(b) A valid final court order establishing a judgment against the principal for bodily
11	injury or property damage caused by sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising
12	from the operation of the principal's facility or group of facilities.
13 14 15 16 17	[In subpart 8a, paragraph 13, the MPCA adopts language to address third party claims. This optional language is from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(h)(2). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//
18	14. In the event of combination of this guarantee with another mechanism to meet
19	liability requirements, this guarantee will be considered [insert "primary" or "excess"]
20	coverage.
21 22 23 24 25 26	[In subpart 8a, paragraph 14, the MPCA adopts language to address combined mechanisms for liability coverage. This is optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(h)(2). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//
27 28	I hereby certify that the wording of the guarantee is identical to the wording specified in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524, subpart 8a.
29	Effective date: [Name of guarantor] [Authorized signatures for guarantor]
30	[Names of persons signing] [Titles of persons signing (Two corporate officers must sign
31	for parent corporation.)] Corporate resolution attached [(Attach resolution adopted by
32	parent corporation authorizing parent corporation to provide the corporate guarantee for
33	subsidiary)] Signature of witness or notary:
34	[For text of subps 9 and 10, see M.R.]
35	
36	Subp. 11. Letter of credit for liability coverage. A letter of credit, as specified in
37	part 7045.0518, subpart 8, or 7045.0620, subpart 7, must be worded as follows, except

2	brackets deleted:
3	IRREVOCABLE STANDBY LETTER OF CREDIT
4	[Name and Address of Issuing Institution]
5	[Agency Commissioner]
6	Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Dear Sir or Madam: We hereby establish our Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit No in the favor of ["any and all third-party liability claimants" or insert name of trustee of the standby trust fund], at the request and for the account of [owner or operator's name and address] for third-party liability awards or settlements of [insert dollar amount of the letter of credit] per occurrence and the annual aggregate amount of [insert dollar amount of the letter of credit] for sudden accidental occurrences and/or for third-party liability awards or settlements of [insert dollar amount of the letter of credit] per occurrence, and the annual aggregate amount of [insert dollar amount of the letter of credit] for nonsudden accidental occurrences available on presentation of a sight draft bearing reference to this letter of credit No, and [insert the following language if the letter of credit is being used without a standby trust fund:
18	"(1) a signed certificate reading as follows:
19	CERTIFICATE OF VALID CLAIM
20 21 22 23 24	The undersigned, as parties [insert principal] and [insert name and address of third party claimant(s)], hereby certify that the claim of bodily injury and/or property damage caused by a [sudden or nonsudden] accidental occurrence arising from operations of [principal's] hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility should be paid in the amount of \$ We hereby certify that the claim does not apply to any of the following:
25 26 27 28	(a) Bodily injury or property damage for which [insert principal] is obligated to pay damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement. This exclusion does not apply to liability for damages that [insert principal] would be obligated to pay in the absence of the contract or agreement.
29 30	(b) Any obligation of [insert principal] under a workers' compensation, disability benefits or unemployment compensation law or any similar law.
31	(c) Bodily injury to:
32 33 34	(1) an employee of [insert principal] arising from, and in the course of, employment by [insert principal]; or

1 2	(2) the spouse, child, parent, brother, or sister of that employee as a consequence of, or arising from, and in the course of employment by [insert principal].
3	This exclusion applies:
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	(A) whether [insert principal] may be liable as an employer or in any other capacity; and (B) to any obligation to share damages with or repay another person who must pay damages because of the injury to persons identified in paragraphs (1) and (2). (d) Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use, or entrustment to others of any aircraft, motor vehicle, or watercraft. (e) Property damage to: (1) any property owned, rented, or occupied by [insert principal]; (2) premises that are sold, given away, or abandoned by [insert principal] if the property damage arises out of any part of those premises; (3) property loaned to [insert principal]; (4) personal property in the care, custody, or control of [insert principal]; or (5) that particular part of real property on which [insert principal] or any
15	contractors or subcontractors working directly or indirectly on behalf of [insert principal]
16	are performing operations, if the property damage arises out of these operations.
17	[Signatures]
18	<u>Grantor</u>
19	[Signatures]
20	<u>Claimant(s)</u>
21	<u>; or</u>
22 23 24	(2) a valid final court order establishing a judgment against the Grantor for bodily injury or property damage caused by sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from the operation of the Grantor's facility or group of facilities.
25 26 27 28 29 30	This letter of credit is effective as of [date] and shall expire on [date at least one year later], but such expiration date shall be automatically extended for a period of [at least one year] on [date] and on each successive expiration date, unless, at least 120 days before the current expiration date, we notify you, the commissioner, and [owner's or operator's name] by certified mail that we have decided not to extend this letter of credit beyond the current expiration date.
31 32	Whenever this letter of credit is drawn on under and in compliance with the terms of this credit, we shall duly honor such draft upon presentation to us.
33 34	[Insert the following language if a standby trust fund is not being used: "In the event that this letter of credit is used in combination with another mechanism for liability

1 coverage, this letter of credit shall be considered [insert "primary" or "excess"

2 coverage."]

3 We certify that the wording of this letter of credit is identical to the wording specified

- in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524, subpart 11, as such rule was constituted on the date
- 5 shown immediately below. [Signature(s) and title(s) of official(s) of issuing institution]
- 6 [Date].

4

- 7 This credit is subject to [insert "the most recent edition of the Uniform Customs and
- 8 Practice for Documentary Credits, published and copyrighted by the International
- 9 <u>Chamber of Commerce," or "the Uniform Commercial Code"].</u>

10 In subpart 11 the MPCA is adopting optional federal language regarding the 11 wording of an irrevocable standby letter of credit to meet liability requirements. The 12 MPCA is slightly modifying the federal wording to reduce the potential for confusion. 13 The same clarifying changes are being made in subparts 12 and 13 below. The 14 existing federal language calls for third party liability awards of "up to [in words] U.S. dollars \$" The MPCA chooses to modify the phrasing in this document, as well 15 as the phrasing of the same terms in Section 3 of subparts 12 and 13 to replace the 16 17 counter-intuitive phrase "up to" in addressing liability (which normally requires "at 18 least" some amount). Without understanding the larger context of the wording of this document, the phrase "up to" seems to set no minimum required amount of coverage. 19 20 This is not the case and the EPA has explained to MPCA staff that it intends this 21 language to apply in the larger context that any of the financial assurance instruments 22 may be used in combination to provide the minimum coverage required by federal 40 23 CFR 264.147(h), also found in Minnesota Rules part 7045.0518. By using the phrase 24 "up to," the EPA intends to allow the letter of credit to make up any shortage between 25 the other financial assurance instruments and the required coverage. The MPCA 26 does not believe that the existing federal language makes this context clear. The 27 federal language fails to acknowledge the minimum amount of coverage required by 28 part 7045.0518. The MPCA believes that replacing the federal "up to" phrase with 29 the phrase "[insert dollar amount of the fund]" clarifies the intent of the federal 30 language and removes potential confusion. The adopted language, except the change discussed above, is from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability 31 32 Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(k). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 34 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

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Subp. 12. Trust agreement for liability coverage.

A. A trust agreement, as specified in part 7045.0518, subpart 10, or 7045.0620, subpart 9, must be worded as follows, except that instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets deleted:

TRUST AGREEMENT

1	Trust Agreement, the "Agreement," entered into as of [date] by and between [name of		
2	the owner or operator] a [name of State] [insert "corporation," "partnership,"		
3	"association," or "proprietorship"], the "Grantor," and [name of corporate trustee], [insert		
4	"incorporated in the State of" or "a national bank"], the "trustee."		
5	Whereas, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (Agency), an agency of the state of		
6	Minnesota, has established certain rules applicable to the Grantor, requiring that an owner		
7	or operator of a hazardous waste management facility or group of facilities must		
8	demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties		
9	caused by sudden accidental and/or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from		
10	operations of the facility or group of facilities.		
11	Whereas, the Grantor has elected to establish a trust to assure all or part of such		
12	financial responsibility for the facilities identified herein.		
13	Whereas, the Grantor, acting through its duly authorized officers, has selected the		
14	Trustee to be the trustee under this agreement, and the Trustee is willing to act as trustee.		
15	Now, therefore, the Grantor and the Trustee agree as follows:		
16	Section 1. Definitions. As used in this Agreement:		
17	(a) The term "Grantor" means the owner or operator who enters into this Agreement		
18	and any successors or assigns of the Grantor.		
19	(b) The term "Trustee" means the Trustee who enters into this Agreement and any		
20	successor Trustee.		
21	Section 2. Identification of Facilities. This agreement pertains to the facilities		
22	identified on attached schedule A [on Schedule A, for each facility list the EPA		
23	Identification Number, name, and address of the facility(ies) and the amount of liability		
24	coverage, or portions thereof, if more than one instrument affords combined coverage as		
25	demonstrated by this Agreement].		
26	Section 3. Establishment of Fund. The Grantor and the Trustee hereby establish a trust		
27	fund, hereinafter the "Fund," for the benefit of any and all third parties injured or		
28	damaged by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences arising from operation of		
29	the facility(ies) covered by this guarantee, in the amounts of [insert dollar]		
30	amount of the fund] per occurrence and [insert dollar amount of the fund]		
31	annual aggregate for sudden accidental occurrences and [insert dollar amount		
32	of the fund] per occurrence and [insert dollar amount of the fund] annual		
33	aggregate for nonsudden occurrences, except that the Fund is not established for the		
34	benefit of third parties for the following:		
35	(a) Bodily injury or property damage for which [insert Grantor] is obligated to pay		
36	damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement. This		

1	exclusion does not apply to liability for damages that [insert Grantor] would be obligated
2	to pay in the absence of the contract or agreement.
3	(b) Any obligation of [insert Grantor] under a workers' compensation, disability
4	benefits, or unemployment compensation law or any similar law.
5	(c) Bodily injury to:
6	
7	(1) an employee of [insert Grantor] arising from, and in the course of, employment
8 9	by [insert Grantor]; or (2) the spays abild parent brother or sister of that applicate as a consequence of
10	(2) the spouse, child, parent, brother, or sister of that employee as a consequence of or arising from, and in the course of employment by [insert Grantor].
11	This exclusion applies:
12	(A) whether [insert Grantor] may be liable as an employer or in any other capacity; and
13	(B) to any obligation to share damages with or repay another person who must pay
14 15	damages because of the injury to persons identified in paragraphs (1) and (2). (d) Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use, or entrustment
16	to others of any aircraft, motor vehicle, or watercraft. (e) Property damage to:
17	(1) any property owned, rented, or occupied by [insert Grantor];
18	(2) premises that are sold, given away, or abandoned by [insert Grantor] if the
19	property damage arises out of any part of those premises;
20	(3) property loaned to [insert Grantor];
21	(4) personal property in the care, custody, or control of [insert Grantor]; or
22	(5) that particular part of real property on which [insert Grantor] or any contractors
23	or subcontractors working directly or indirectly on behalf of [insert Grantor] are
24	performing operations, if the property damage arises out of these operations.
25	In the event of combination with another mechanism for liability coverage, the fund
26	shall be considered [insert "primary" or "excess"] coverage.
27	The Fund is established initially as consisting of the property, which is acceptable to
28	the Trustee, described in Schedule B attached hereto. Such property and any other
29	property subsequently transferred to the Trustee is referred to as the Fund, together with
30	all earnings and profits thereon, less any payments or distributions made by the Trustee
31	pursuant to this Agreement. The Fund shall be held by the Trustee, IN TRUST, as
32	hereinafter provided. The Trustee shall not be responsible nor shall it undertake any
33	responsibility for the amount or adequacy of, nor any duty to collect from the Grantor,
34 35	any payments necessary to discharge any liabilities of the Grantor established by the Agency.
36	Section 4. Payment for Bodily Injury or Property Damage. The Trustee shall satisfy a
37	third party liability claim by making payments from the Fund only upon receipt of one of
38	the following documents:

1	(a) Certification from the Grantor and the third party claimant(s) that the liability			
2	claim should be paid. The certification must be worded as follows, except that			
3	<u>instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets</u>			
4	<u>deleted:</u>			
5	CERTIFICATION OF VALID CLAIM			
6	The undersigned, as parties [insert Grantor] and [insert name and address of third			
7	party claimant(s)], hereby certify that the claim of bodily injury and/or property damage			
8	caused by a [sudden or nonsudden] accidental occurrence arising from operating			
9	[Grantor's] hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility should be paid in the			
10	amount of \$[].			
11	[Signatures]			
12	<u>Grantor</u>			
13	[Signatures]			
14	<u>Claimant(s)</u>			
15	(b) A valid final court order establishing a judgment against the Grantor for bodily			
16	injury or property damage caused by sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising			
17	from the operation of the Grantor's facility or group of facilities.			
18	Section 5. Payments Comprising the Fund. Payments made to the Trustee for the Fund			
19	shall consist of cash or securities acceptable to the Trustee.			
20	Section 6. Trustee Management. The Trustee shall invest and reinvest the principal			
21	and income, in accordance with general investment policies and guidelines which the			
22	Grantor may communicate in writing to the Trustee from time to time, subject, however,			
23	to the provisions of this section. In investing, reinvesting, exchanging, selling, and			
24	managing the Fund, the Trustee shall discharge his duties with respect to the trust fund			
25	solely in the interest of the beneficiary and with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence			
26	under the circumstance then prevailing which persons of prudence, acting in a like			
27	capacity and familiar with such matters, would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a			
28	like character and with like aims; except that:			
29	(a) securities or other obligations of the Grantor, or any other owner or operator of the			
30	facilities, or any of their affiliates as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as			
31	amended, 15 U.S.C. 80a-2.(a), shall not be acquired or held unless they are securities or			
32	other obligations of the Federal or State government;			
33	(b) the Trustee is authorized to invest the Fund in time or demand deposits of the			
34	Trustee, to the extent insured by an agency of the Federal or State government; and			

1	(c) the Trustee is authorized to hold cash awaiting investment or distribution
2	uninvested for a reasonable time and without liability for the payment of interest thereon.
3	Section 7. Commingling and Investment. The Trustee is expressly authorized in its
4	discretion:
5	(a) to transfer from time to time any or all of the assets of the Fund to any common
6	commingled, or collective trust fund created by the Trustee in which the fund is eligible
7	to participate, subject to all of the provisions thereof, to be commingled with the assets of
8	other trusts participating therein; and
9	(b) to purchase shares in any investment company registered under the Investment
10	Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. 81a-1 et seq., including one which may be created,
11	managed, underwritten, or to which investment advice is rendered or the shares of which
12	are sold by the Trustee. The Trustee may vote such shares in its discretion.
13	Section 8. Express Powers of Trustee. Without in any way limiting the powers and
14	discretions conferred upon the Trustee by the other provisions of this Agreement or by
15	law, the Trustee is expressly authorized and empowered:
16	(a) to sell, exchange, convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of any property held by it,
17	by public or private sale. No person dealing with the Trustee shall be bound to see to the
18	application of the purchase money or to inquire into the validity or expediency of any
19	such sale or other disposition;
• 0	
20	(b) to make, execute, acknowledge, and deliver any and all documents of transfer and
21	conveyance and any and all other instruments that may be necessary or appropriate to
22	carry out the powers herein granted;
23	(c) to register any securities held in the Fund in its own name or in the name of a
24	nominee and to hold any security in bearer form or in book entry, or to combine
25	certificates representing such securities with certificates of the same issue held by the
26	Trustee in other fiduciary capacities, or to deposit or arrange for the deposit of such
27	securities in a qualified central depository even though, when so deposited, such
28	securities may be merged and held in bulk in the name of the nominee of such depository
29	with other securities deposited therein by another person, or to deposit or arrange for the
30	deposit of any securities issued by the United States Government, or any agency or
31	instrumentality thereof, with a Federal Reserve bank, but the books and records of the
32	Trustee shall at all times show that all such securities are part of the Fund;
33	(d) to deposit any cash in the Fund in interest-bearing accounts maintained or savings
34	certificates issued by the Trustee, in its separate corporate capacity, or in any other
35	banking institution affiliated with the Trustee, to the extent insured by an agency of the
36	Federal or State government; and
37	(e) to compromise or otherwise adjust all claims in favor of or against the Fund.

1	Section 9. Taxes and Expenses. All taxes of any kind that may be assessed or levied
2	against or in respect of the Fund and all brokerage commissions incurred by the Fund
3	shall be paid from the Fund. All other expenses incurred by the Trustee in connection
4	with the administration of this Trust, including fees for legal services rendered to the
5	Trustee, the compensation of the Trustee to the extent not paid directly by the Grantor,
6	and all other proper charges and disbursements of the Trustee shall be paid from the Fund
Ü	mis mi smer proper enunges une ensourements of the france shall se pare none in a
7	Section 10. Annual Valuations. The Trustee shall annually, at least 30 days prior to the
8	anniversary date of establishment of the Fund, furnish to the Grantor and to the Agency
9	Commissioner a statement confirming the value of the Trust. Any securities in the Fund
10	shall be valued at market value as of no more than 60 days prior to the anniversary date
11	of establishment of the Fund. The failure of the Grantor to object in writing to the Trustee
12	within 90 days after the statement has been furnished to the Grantor and the Agency
13	Commissioner shall constitute a conclusively binding assent by the Grantor barring the
14	Grantor from asserting any claim or liability against the Trustee with respect to matters
15	disclosed in the statement.
16	Section 11. Advice of Counsel. The Trustee may from time to time consult with
17	counsel, who may be counsel to the Grantor with respect to any question arising as to the
18	construction of this Agreement or any action to be taken hereunder. The Trustee shall be
19	fully protected, to the extent permitted by law, in acting upon the advice of counsel.
20	Section 12. Trustee Compensation. The Trustee shall be entitled to reasonable
21	compensation for its services as agreed upon in writing from time to time with the
22	Grantor.
23	Section 13. Successor Trustee. The Trustee may resign or the Grantor may replace the
24	Trustee, but such resignation or replacement shall not be effective until the Grantor has
25	appointed a successor trustee and this successor accepts the appointment. The successor
26	trustee shall have the same powers and duties as those conferred upon the Trustee
27	hereunder. Upon the successor trustee's acceptance of the appointment, the Trustee shall
28	assign, transfer, and pay over to the successor trustee the funds and properties then
29	constituting the Fund. If for any reason the Grantor cannot or does not act in the event of
30	the resignation of the Trustee, the Trustee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction
31	for the appointment of a successor trustee or for instructions. The successor trustee shall
32	specify the date on which it assumes administration of the trust in a writing sent to the
33	Grantor, the Agency Commissioner, and the present Trustee by certified mail ten days
34	before such change becomes effective. Any expenses incurred by the Trustee as a result
35	of any of the acts contemplated by this section shall be paid as provided in Section 9.
36	Section 14. Instructions to the Trustee. All orders, requests, and instructions by the
37	Grantor to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by such persons as are designated in the

attached Exhibit A or such other designees as the Grantor may designate by amendments

to Exhibit A. The Trustee shall be fully protected in acting without inquiry in accordance with the Grantor's orders, requests, and instructions. All orders, requests, and instructions

by the Agency Commissioner to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by the Agency

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	1	Commissioner,	, or the Commissioner's	designees, and the	Trustee shall act and shall	be
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- 2 fully protected in acting in accordance with such orders, requests, and instructions. The
- 3 Trustee shall have the right to assume, in the absence of written notice to the contrary,
- 4 that no event constituting a change or a termination of the authority of any person to act
- 5 on behalf of the Grantor or the Agency hereunder has occurred. The Trustee shall have no
- 6 duty to act in the absence of such orders, requests, and instructions from the Grantor
- 7 and/or the Agency, except as provided for herein.
- 8 Section 15. Notice of Nonpayment. If a payment for bodily injury or property damage
- 9 is made under Section 4 of this trust, the Trustee shall notify the Grantor of such payment
- and the amount(s) thereof within five (5) working days. The Grantor shall, on or before
- the anniversary date of the establishment of the Fund following such notice, either make
- payments to the Trustee in amounts sufficient to cause the trust to return to its value
- immediately prior to the payment of claims under Section 4, or shall provide written
- proof to the Trustee that other financial assurance for liability coverage has been obtained
- equaling the amount necessary to return the trust to its value prior to the payment of
- claims. If the Grantor does not either make payments to the Trustee or provide the
- 17 Trustee with such proof, the Trustee shall within ten working days after the anniversary
- date of the establishment of the Fund provide a written notice of nonpayment to the
- 19 Agency Commissioner.
- Section 16. Amendment of Agreement. This Agreement may be amended by an
- 21 <u>instrument in writing executed by the Grantor, the Trustee, and the Agency</u>
- 22 <u>Commissioner, or by the Trustee and the Agency Commissioner if the Grantor ceases to</u>
- 23 exist.
- Section 17. Irrevocability and Termination. Subject to the right of the parties to amend
- 25 this Agreement as provided in Section 16, this Trust shall be irrevocable and shall
- 26 continue until terminated at the written agreement of the Grantor, the Trustee, and the
- 27 Agency Commissioner, or by the Trustee and the Agency Commissioner, if the Grantor
- 28 ceases to exist. Upon termination of the Trust, all remaining trust property, less final trust
- 29 administration expenses, shall be delivered to the Grantor.
- The Agency Commissioner will agree to termination of the Trust when the owner or
- 31 operator substitutes alternate financial assurance as specified in this section.
- 32 <u>Section 18. Immunity and Indemnification. The Trustee shall not incur personal</u>
- 33 liability of any nature in connection with any act or omission, made in good faith, in the
- 34 administration of this Trust, or in carrying out any directions by the Grantor or the
- 35 Agency Commissioner issued in accordance with this Agreement. The Trustee shall be
- 36 indemnified and saved harmless by the Grantor or from the Trust Fund, or both, from and
- against any personal liability to which the Trustee may be subjected by reason of any act
- or conduct in its official capacity, including all expenses reasonably incurred in its
- defense in the event the Grantor fails to provide such defense.

2	enforced according to the laws of the State of Minnesota.
3 4 5 6	Section 20. Interpretation. As used in Agreement, words in the singular include the plural and words in the plural include the singular. The descriptive headings for each section of this Agreement shall not affect the interpretation or the legal efficacy of this Agreement.
7 8 9 10 11	In Witness Whereof the parties have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers duly authorized and their corporate seals to be hereunto affixed and attested as of the date first above written. The parties below certify that the wording of this Agreement is identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 12, as such regulations were constituted on the date first above written.
12	[Signature of Grantor]
13	[Title]
14	Attest:
15	[Title]
16	[Seal]
17	[Signature of Trustee]
18	Attest:
19	[Title]
20	[Seal]
21 22 23 24	B. The following is an example of the certification of acknowledgment which must accompany the trust agreement for a trust fund as specified in parts 7045.0518, subpart 10, or 7045.0620, subpart 9.
25	State of
26	County of
27 28 29 30	On this [date], before me personally came [owner or operator] to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that she/he resides at [address], that she/he is [title] of [corporation], the corporation described in and which executed the above instrument; that she/he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to such

Section 19. Choice of Law. This Agreement shall be administered, construed, and

1 instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors

2 of said corporation, and that she/he signed her/his name thereto by like order.

[Signature of Notary Public]

[In subpart 12, the MPCA is adopting optional federal language regarding the wording of a trust agreement to meet liability requirements. The MPCA is slightly modifying a set of four related parenthetical phrases in Section 3 to reduce the potential for confusion. Similar clarifying changes were made to subparts 11 and 13. The existing federal language calls for a fund of "[up to (\$1, 2, 3 or 6) million]" (towards various liability coverages). To a reasonable person, the phrase "[up to...]" is a counter-intuitive way to address liability which normally sets minimum amounts of required coverage (often "at least" some millions of dollars). understanding the larger context of the wording of this document, the phrase "up to" seems to set no minimum required amount of coverage. This is not the case and the EPA has explained to MPCA staff that it intends this language to apply in the larger context that any of the allowed financial assurance instruments may be used in combination to provide the minimum coverage required by federal 40 CFR 264.147(j), also found in Minnesota Rules part 7045.0518. By using the phrase "up to," the EPA intends the trust fund to make up any shortage between the other financial assurance instruments and the required coverage. The MPCA does not believe that existing federal Section 3 language makes this context clear. The federal language fails to acknowledge the minimum amount of coverage required by part 7045.0518. The MPCA believes that replacing the federal "[up to ...]" phrase with the phrase "[insert dollar amount of the fund]" clarifies the intent of the federal language and removes potential confusion. The language of this subpart, except the change discussed above, is adopted from optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(m). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

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Subp. 13. Standby trust agreement for liability coverage.

A. A standby trust agreement, as specified in part 7045.0518, subpart 8, or 7045.0620, subpart 7, must be worded as follows, except that instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets deleted:

34

STANDBY TRUST AGREEMENT

Trust Agreement, the "Agreement," entered into as of [date] by and between [name of the owner or operator] a [name of a State] [insert "corporation," "partnership,"

"association," or "proprietorship"], the "Grantor," and [name of corporate trustee], [insert, "incorporated in the State of " or "a national bank"], the "trustee."

Whereas, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (Agency), an agency of the State of
Minnesota, has established certain regulations applicable to the Grantor, requiring that an
owner or operator of a hazardous waste management facility or group of facilities must

1 2	demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden accidental and/or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from
3	operations of the facility or group of facilities.
4	Whereas, the Grantor has elected to establish a standby trust into which the proceeds
5	from a letter of credit may be deposited to assure all or part of such financial
6	responsibility for the facilities identified herein.
7	Whereas, the Grantor, acting through its duly authorized officers, has selected the
8	Trustee to be the trustee under this agreement, and the Trustee is willing to act as trustee.
9	Now, therefore, the Grantor and the Trustee agree as follows:
10	Section 1. Definitions. As used in this Agreement:
11	(a) The term Grantor means the owner or operator who enters into this Agreement and
12	any successors or assigns of the Grantor.
13	(b) The term Trustee means the Trustee who enters into this Agreement and any
14	successor Trustee.
15	Section 2. Identification of Facilities. This Agreement pertains to the facilities
16	identified on attached Schedule A [on Schedule A, for each facility list the identification
17	number, name, and address of the facility(ies) and the amount of liability coverage, or
18	portions thereof, if more than one instrument affords combined coverage as demonstrated
19	by this Agreement].
20	Section 3. Establishment of Fund. The Grantor and the Trustee hereby establish a
21	standby trust fund, hereafter the "Fund," for the benefit of any and all third parties injured
22	or damaged by [sudden and/or nonsudden] accidental occurrences arising from operation
23	of the facility(ies) covered by this guarantee, in the amounts of [insert
24	dollar amount of the fund] per occurrence and [insert dollar amount of the
25	fund] annual aggregate for sudden accidental occurrences and
26 27	dollar amount of the fund] per occurrence and [insert dollar amount of the fund] appropriate for population occurrences execut that the Fund is not
28	fund] annual aggregate for nonsudden occurrences, except that the Fund is not established for the benefit of third parties for the following:
29	(a) Bodily injury or property damage for which [insert Grantor] is obligated to pay
30	damages by reason of the assumption of liability in a contract or agreement. This
31	exclusion does not apply to liability for damages that [insert Grantor] would be obligated
32	to pay in the absence of the contract or agreement.
33	(b) Any obligation of [insert Grantor] under a workers' compensation, disability
34	benefits, or unemployment compensation law or any similar law.
35	(c) Bodily injury to:

1	(1) an employee or [insert Grantor] arising from, and in the course of, employment
2	by [insert Grantor]; or
3	(2) the spouse, child, parent, brother, or sister of that employee as a consequence of
4	or arising from, and in the course of employment by [insert Grantor].
5	This exclusion applies:
6	(A) whether [insert Grantor] may be liable as an employer or in any other capacity; and
7	(B) to any obligation to share damages with or repay another person who must pay
8	damages because of the injury to persons identified in paragraphs (1) and (2). (d) Bodily
9	injury or property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, use, or entrustment
10	to others of any aircraft, motor vehicle, or watercraft. (e) Property damage to:
11	(1) any property owned, rented, or occupied by [insert Grantor];
12	(2) premises that are sold, given away, or abandoned by [insert Grantor] if the
13	property damage arises out of any part of those premises;
14	(3) property loaned [insert Grantor];
15	(4) personal property in the care, custody, or control of [insert Grantor]; or
16	(5) that particular part of real property on which [insert Grantor] or any contractors
17	or subcontractors working directly or indirectly on behalf of [insert Grantor] are
18	performing operations, if the property damage arises out of these operations.
19	In the event of combination with another mechanism for liability coverage, the fund
20	shall be considered [insert "primary" or "excess"] coverage.
21	The Fund is established initially as consisting of the proceeds of the letter of credit
22	deposited into the Fund. Such proceeds and any other property subsequently transferred
23	to the Trustee is referred to as the Fund, together with all earnings and profits thereon,
24	less any payments or distributions made by the Trustee pursuant to this Agreement. The
25	Fund shall be held by the Trustee, IN TRUST, as hereinafter provided. The Trustee shall
26	not be responsible nor shall it undertake any responsibility for the amount or adequacy of,
27	nor any duty to collect from the Grantor, any payments necessary to discharge any
28	liabilities of the Grantor established by the Agency.
29	Section 4. Payment for Bodily Injury or Property Damage. The Trustee shall satisfy a
30	third-party liability claim by drawing on the letter of credit described in Schedule B and
31	by making payments from the Fund only upon receipt of one of the following documents:
32	(a) Certification from the Grantor and the third-party claimant(s) that the liability
33	claim should be paid. The certification must be worded as follows, except that
34	instructions in brackets are to be replaced with the relevant information and the brackets
35	deleted: The Trustee shall satisfy a third-party liability claim by drawing on the letter of
36	credit described in Schedule B and by making payments from the Fund only upon receipt
37	of one of the following documents:
20	CEDTIEICATION OF VALID OF AIM
38	CERTIFICATION OF VALID CLAIM

1	The undersigned, as parties [insert Grantor] and [insert name and address of third
2	party claimant(s)], hereby certify that the claim of bodily injury and/or property damage
3	caused by a [sudden or nonsudden] accidental occurrence arising from operating
4	[Grantor's] hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility should be paid in the
5	amount of \$[].
6	[Signature] Grantor
7	[Signature(s)] Claimant(s)
8	(b) A valid final court order establishing a judgment against the Grantor for bodily
9	injury or property damage caused by sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrences arising
10	from the operation of the Grantor's facility or group of facilities.
11	Section 5. Payments Comprising the Fund. Payments made to the Trustee for the Fund
12	shall consist of the proceeds from the letter of credit drawn upon by the Trustee in
13	accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524, subpart 11, and
14	Section 4 of this Agreement.
15	Section 6. Trustee Management. The Trustee shall invest and reinvest the principal
16	and income, in accordance with general investment policies and guidelines which the
17	Grantor may communicate in writing to the Trustee from time to time, subject, however,
18	to the provisions of this Section. In investing, reinvesting, exchanging, selling, and
19	managing the Fund, the Trustee shall discharge the trustee's duties with respect to the
20	trust fund solely in the interest of the beneficiary and with the care, skill, prudence, and
21	diligence under the circumstances then prevailing which persons of prudence, acting in a
22	like capacity and familiar with such matters, would use in the conduct of an enterprise of
23	a like character and with like aims; except that:
24	(a) securities or other obligations of the Grantor, or any other owner or operator of the
25	facilities, or any of their affiliates as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as
26	amended, United States Code, title 15, section 80a-2(a), shall not be acquired or held,
27	unless they are securities or other obligations of the Federal or State government;
28	(b) the Trustee is authorized to invest the Fund in time or demand deposits of the
29	Trustee, to the extent insured by an agency of the Federal or a State government; and
30	(c) the Trustee is authorized to hold cash awaiting investment or distribution
31	uninvested for a reasonable time and without liability for the payment of interest thereon.
32	Section 7. Commingling and Investment. The Trustee is expressly authorized in its
33	discretion:
2.4	
34	(a) to transfer from time to time any or all of the assets of the Fund to any common,
35	commingled, or collective trust fund created by the trustee in which the Fund is eligible

2	other trusts participating therein; and
3 4 5 6	(b) to purchase shares in any investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, United States Code, title 15, section 80a-1 et seq., including one which may be created, managed, underwritten, or to which investment advice is rendered or the shares of which are sold by the Trustee. The Trustee may vote such shares in its
7	discretion.
8 9	Section 8. Express Powers of Trustee. Without in any way limiting the powers and discretions conferred upon the Trustee by the other provisions of the Agreement or by
10	law, the Trustee is expressly authorized and empowered:
11 12 13 14	(a) to sell, exchange, convey, transfer, or otherwise dispose of any property held by it, by public or private sale. No person dealing with the Trustee shall be bound to see to the application of the purchase money or to inquire into the validity or expediency of any such sale or other disposition;
15 16 17	(b) to make, execute, acknowledge, and deliver any and all documents of transfer and conveyance and any and all other instruments that may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers herein granted;
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(c) to register any securities held in the Fund in its own name or in the name of a nominee and to hold any security in bearer form or in book entry, or to combine certificates representing such securities with certificates of the same issue held by the Trustee in other fiduciary capacities, or to deposit or arrange for the deposit of such securities in a qualified central depositary even though, when so deposited, such securities may be merged and held in bulk in the name of the nominee of such depositary with other securities deposited therein by another person, or to deposit or arrange for the deposit of any securities issued by the United States Government, or any agency or
26 27	instrumentality thereof, with a Federal Reserve Bank, but the books and records of the Trustee shall at all times show that all such securities are part of the Fund;
28 29 30 31	(d) to deposit any cash in the Fund in interest-bearing accounts maintained or savings certificates issued by the Trustee, in its separate corporate capacity, or in any other banking institution affiliated with the Trustee, to the extent insured by an agency of the Federal or State government; and
32	(e) to compromise or otherwise adjust all claims in favor of or against the Fund.
33 34 35 36 37 38	Section 9. Taxes and Expenses. All taxes of any kind that may be assessed or levied against or in respect of the Fund and all brokerage commissions incurred by the Fund shall be paid from the Fund. All other expenses incurred by the Trustee in connection with the administration of this Trust, including fees for legal services rendered to the Trustee, the compensation of the Trustee to the extent not paid directly by the Grantor, and all other proper charges and disbursements to the Trustee shall be paid from the Fund.

to participate, subject to all of the provisions thereof, to be commingled with the assets of

1	Section 10. Advice of Counsel. The Trustee may from time to time consult with
2	counsel, who may be counsel to the Grantor, with respect to any question arising as to the
3	construction of this Agreement or any action to be taken hereunder. The Trustee shall be
4	fully protected, to the extent permitted by law, in acting upon the advice of counsel.
5	Section 11. Trustee Compensation. The Trustee shall be entitled to reasonable
6	compensation for its services as agreed upon in writing from time to time with the
7	Grantor.
8	Section 12. Successor Trustee. The Trustee may reside or the Grantor may replace the
9	Trustee, but such resignation or replacement shall not be effective until the Grantor has
10	appointed a successor trustee and this successor accepts the appointment. The successor
11	trustee shall have the same powers and duties as those conferred upon the Trustee
12	hereunder. Upon the successor trustee's acceptance of the appointment; the Trustee shall
13	assign, transfer, and pay over to the successor trustee the funds and properties then
14	constituting the Fund. If for any reason the Grantor cannot or does not act in the event of
15	the resignation of the Trustee, the Trustee may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction
16	for the appointment of a successor trustee or for instructions. The successor trustee shall
17	specify the date on which it assumes administration of the trust in a writing sent to the
18	Grantor, the Agency Commissioner and the present Trustee by certified mail ten days
19	before such change becomes effective. Any expenses incurred by the Trustee as a result
20	of any of the acts contemplated by this Section shall be paid as provided in Section 9.
21	Section 13. Instructions to the Trustee. All orders, requests, certifications of valid
22	claims, and instructions to the Trustee shall be in writing, signed by such persons as are
23	designated in the attached Exhibit A or such other designees as the Grantor may
24	designate by amendments to Exhibit A. The Trustee shall be fully protected in acting
25	without inquiry in accordance with the Grantor's orders, requests, and instructions. The
26	Trustee shall have the right to assume, in the absence of written notice to the contrary,
27	that no event constituting a change or a termination of the authority of any person to act
28	on behalf of the Grantor or the Agency Commissioner hereunder has occurred. The
29	Trustee shall have no duty to act in the absence of such orders, requests, and instructions
30	from the Grantor and/or the Agency, except as provided for herein.
21	
31	Section 14. Amendment of Agreement. This Agreement may be amended by an
32	instrument in writing executed by the Grantor, the Trustee, and the Agency
33	Commissioner, or by the Trustee and the Agency Commissioner if the Grantor ceases to
34	exist.
35	Section 15. Irrevocability and Termination. Subject to the right of the parties to amend
36	this Agreement as provided in Section 14, this Trust shall be irrevocable and shall
37	continue until terminated at the written agreement of the Grantor, the Trustee, and the
38	Agency Commissioner, or by the Trustee and the Agency Commissioner, if the Grantor
39	ceases to exist. Upon termination of the Trust, all remaining trust property, less final trust
40	administration expenses, shall be paid to the Grantor.
TU	administration expenses, shan be paid to the Orantor.

1	The Agency Commissioner will agree to termination of the Trust when the owner or
2	operator substitutes alternative financial assurance as specified in this section.
3	Section 16. Immunity and Indemnification. The Trustee shall not incur personal
4	liability of any nature in connection with any act or omission, made in good faith, in the
5	administration of this Trust, or in carrying out any directions by the Grantor and the
6	Agency Commissioner issued in accordance with this Agreement. The Trustee shall be
7	indemnified and saved harmless by the Grantor or from the Trust Fund, or both, from and
8	against any personal liability to which the Trustee may be subjected by reason of any act
9 10	or conduct in its official capacity, including all expenses reasonably incurred in its defense in the event the Grantor fails to provide such defense.
10	defense in the event the Orantor rans to provide such defense.
11	Section 17. Choice of Law. This Agreement shall be administered, construed, and
12	enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Minnesota.
13	Section 18. Interpretation. As used in this Agreement, words in the singular include
14	the plural and words in the plural include the singular. The descriptive headings for each
15	Section of this Agreement shall not affect the interpretation of the legal efficacy of this
16	Agreement.
17	In Witness Whereof, the parties have caused this Agreement to be executed by their
18	respective officers duly authorized and their corporate seals to be hereunto affixed and
19	attested as of the date first above written. The parties below certify that the wording of
20	this Agreement is identical to the wording specified in Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0524,
21	subpart 13, as such rule was constituted on the date first above written.
22	[Signature of Grantor]
23	[Title]
24	Attest:
25	[Title]
26	[Seal]
27	[Signature of Trustee]
28	Attest:
29	[Title]
30	[Seal]
31	

B. The following is an example of the certification of acknowledgment which must accompany the trust agreement for a standby trust fund as specified in parts 7045.0518, subpart 8, or 7045.0620, subpart 7.

4 State of _____

5 County of

- On this [date], before me personally came [owner or operator] to me known, who,
- being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that she/he resides at [address], that she/he is
- 8 [title] of [corporation], the corporation described in and which executed the above
- 9 instrument; that she/he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to such
- instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors
- of said corporation, and that she/he signed her/his name thereto by like order.

12 [Signature of Notary Public]

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[In subpart 13, the MPCA is adopting optional federal language regarding the wording of a trust agreement to meet liability requirements. The MPCA is slightly modifying a set of four related parenthetical phrases in Section 3 to reduce the potential for confusion. Similar clarifying changes were made to subparts 11 and 12 above. The existing federal language calls for a fund of "[up to (\$1, 2, 3 or 6) million]" (towards various liability coverages). To a reasonable person, the phrase "[up to...]" is a counter-intuitive way to address liability which normally sets minimum amounts of required coverage (often "at least" some millions of dollars). understanding the larger context of the wording of this document, the phrase "up to" seems to set no minimum required amount of coverage. This is not the case and the EPA has explained to MPCA staff that it intends this language to apply in the larger context that any of the allowed financial assurance instruments may be used in combination to provide the minimum coverage required by federal 40 CFR 264.147(i). also found in Minnesota Rules part 7045.0518. By using the phrase "up to," the EPA intends the trust fund to make up any shortage between the other financial assurance instruments and the required coverage. The MPCA does not believe that existing federal Section 3 language makes this context clear. The federal language fails to acknowledge the minimum amount of coverage required by part 7045.0518. The MPCA believes that replacing the federal "[up to ...]" phrase with the phrase "[insert dollar amount of the fund]" clarifies the intent of the federal language and removes potential confusion. The language of this subpart, except the change discussed above, is adopted from optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 264.151(n). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

7045.0526 USE AND MANAGEMENT OF CONTAINERS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies to owners and operators of all hazardous waste facilities that store containers of hazardous waste, except as part 7045.0450 provides

otherwise. Under parts part 7045.0127 and 7045.0135, subpart 4, item C Code of Federal

2 Regulations, title 40, section 261.33(c), as incorporated in part 7045.0135, if a hazardous

3 waste is emptied from a container, the residue remaining in the container is not

considered a hazardous waste if the container is empty, as defined in part 7045.0127. In

that event, management of the container is exempt from the requirements of this part.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA replaces a citation to repealed MN Rules with a citation to the equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

[For text of subps 2 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Containment.** Requirements for containment systems are as described in items A to E.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. Spilled or leaked waste and accumulated precipitation must be removed from the sump or collection area in as timely a manner as is necessary to prevent overflow of the collection system. If the collected material is a hazardous waste as defined in parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155, it must be managed as a hazardous waste according to all applicable requirements of in accordance with parts 7045.0205 to 7045.1030. If the collected material is discharged through a point source to waters of the United States, it is subject to the requirements of section 402 of the federal Clean Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, United States Code, title 33, section 1342, as amended.

[In item C, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also makes minor changes to simplify existing language. Finally, the MPCA updates an outdated reference to the federal Water Pollution Control Act, section 1342 that was superseded by the Clean Water Act, section 402.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

E. Storage areas that store containers holding wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 from part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, that do not contain free liquids must have a containment system defined by item A.

[In item E, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

Subp. 7. **Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.** Containers holding ignitable or reactive waste must be located at least 15 meters (50 feet) from the facility's property line when physically possible based on the dimensions of the property. When it is not physically possible to place containers at least 50 feet from the property line, based on the dimensions of the property, the ignitable or reactive waste must be placed at least as far as the specified minimum distance from property line found in Table Number 79.503 F of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510, chapter 7510. Nothing in this subpart shall relieve the facility owner or operator from the obligation to comply with any local, state, or federal law governing storage of these wastes.

[In subpart 7, the MPCA corrects a reference to a previously amended State Fire Code.]//

[For text of subps 8 and 9, see M.R.]

Subp. 10. **Air emission standards.** The owner or operator must manage all hazardous waste placed in a container in accordance with parts 7045.0540, 7045.0547, and 7045.0548.

[In subpart 10, the MPCA adopts language referencing the air emission standards that are being applied to containers at facilities as a result of this rulemaking. The reference is from required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1.15: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers," = 40 CFR 264.179. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

7045.0528 TANK SYSTEMS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies to owners and operators of facilities that use tank systems, including tank systems, sumps, and other such collection devices or systems used in conjunction with drip pads, as defined in part 7045.0020 and regulated under part 7045.0541, to treat or store hazardous waste, except as part 7045.0450, and items A and B provide otherwise.

A. Tank systems that are used to store or treat hazardous waste that contains no free liquids and are situated inside a building with an impermeable floor are exempted from the requirements in subpart 4. To demonstrate the absence or presence of free liquids in the stored or treated waste, EPA the following test must be used: Method 9095 (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," (EPA publication No. SW-846) must be used, incorporated in part 7045.0065, item D.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects the name of the EPA test method for verifying the presence of liquids in order to correspond to the federal counterpart at 40 CFR 264.190(a). The change is based on required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities." Further information can be found in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994. The MPCA also provides language to clarify where to find the prescribed test method, which has changed as a result of these amendments.]//

[For text of item B, see M.R.] [For text of subps 2 to 9, see M.R.]

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Subp. 10. **Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.** Ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a tank unless:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. the tank is used solely for emergencies.

The owner or operator of a facility that treats or stores ignitable or reactive waste in a tank shall comply with the requirements for the maintenance of protective distances between the waste management area and any public ways, streets, alleys, or an adjoining property line that can be built upon, as required in the buffer zone requirements for tanks contained in article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510. As required by part 7045.0458, the waste analysis plan must include analyses needed to comply with these special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Additional requirements for ignitable and reactive wastes are contained in part 7045.0456, subpart 1. Part 7045.0456, subpart 3 also requires waste analysis, trial tests, or other documentation to ensure compliance with part 7045.0456, subpart 2. As required by part 7045.0478, the owner or operator shall place the results of

1 each waste analysis and trial test, and any documented information, in the operating 2 record of the facility.

[In item C, the MPCA corrects a reference to a previously amended State Fire Code.]//

[For text of subp 11, see M.R.]

Subp. 12. Air emission standards. The owner or operator of a facility must manage all hazardous waste placed in a tank in accordance with parts 7045.0540, 7045.0547, and 7045.0548.

[In subpart 12, the MPCA adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 154.5, 154-1.16: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 264.200. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

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7045.0532 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. Closure and postclosure care. The requirements of closure and postclosure care are as follows:

A. At closure, the owner or operator shall:

(1) remove or decontaminate all waste residues, contaminated containment system components including liners, contaminated subsoils, and structures and equipment contaminated with waste and leachate, and manage them as hazardous waste unless they are shown to not be hazardous according to in accordance with parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155; or

[In item A, the MPCA clarifies language and corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

> [For text of subitem (2), see M.R.] [For text of items B to E, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a surface impoundment, unless the waste and impoundment satisfy all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and: [In subpart 8, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of

rules being amended in this rulemaking.]//

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. Special requirements for incompatible wastes. Incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials, must not be placed in the same surface impoundment unless compliance with part 7045.0456, subpart 2 is maintained. For examples of potentially incompatible wastes, or incompatible waste and materials, see part 7045.0543, subpart 1, item C.

[In subpart 9, the MPCA provides a citation to a rule that incorporates an appendix which lists examples of potentially incompatible wastes and materials. This citation corresponds to parenthetical information provided in the federal counterpart to this rule found at 40 CFR 264.230. The reference to part 7045.0543, subpart 1, item C is to the rule being added in this rulemaking that incorporates appendices from the

45 federal regulations.]// Subp. 10. Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028. The following requirements apply to the hazardous wastes indicated:

A. Hazardous waste F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in a surface impoundment.

[In item A, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

B. Hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in surface impoundments unless the owner or operator operates the surface impoundment in accordance with all applicable requirements of this part and in accordance with a management plan that is approved by the commissioner considering the following factors:

[In item B, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

C. The commissioner shall impose additional design, operating, and monitoring requirements if the commissioner finds that additional requirements are necessary for surface impoundments used to treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, in order to reduce the possibility of migration of these wastes to ground water, surface water, or air so as to protect human health and the environment.

[In item C, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

Subp. 11. **Air emission standards.** The owner or operator must manage all hazardous waste placed in a surface impoundment in accordance with parts 7045.0540 and 7045.0548.

[In subpart 11, the MPCA adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 154.6, 154-1.17: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers," = 40 CFR 264.232. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

7045.0534 WASTE PILES.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Closure and postclosure care.** Closure and postclosure requirements are as follows:

A. At closure, the owner or operator shall remove or decontaminate all waste residues, contaminated containment system components including liners, contaminated subsoils, and structures and equipment contaminated with waste and leachate; and manage them as hazardous waste unless they are shown to not be hazardous according to in accordance with parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7054.0150.

1 In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts 2 were added. The MPCA also revises language to read "in accordance with" to 3 improve clarity.]// 4 [For text of items B to D, see M.R.] 5 Subp. 8. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Ignitable or reactive 6 waste must not be placed in a waste pile unless the waste and waste pile satisfy all 7 applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and: 8 [In subpart 8, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of 9 rules.1// 10 [For text of items A and B, see M.R.] 11 [For text of subp 9, see M.R.] 12 Subp. 10. Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, 13 **F026, F027, and F028.** The following requirements apply to the hazardous wastes 14 indicated: 15 A. Hazardous waste F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 listed under part 16 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in a surface impoundment. 17 In item A, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised 18 citation.]// 19 B. Hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with 20 hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 21 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in surface impoundments unless the 22 owner or operator operates the surface impoundment in accordance with all applicable requirements of this part and in accordance with a management plan that is approved by 23 24

the commissioner considering the following factors:

[In item B, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

C. The commissioner shall impose additional design, operating, and monitoring requirements if the commissioner finds that additional requirements are necessary for surface impoundments used to treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, in order to reduce the possibility of migration of these wastes to ground water, surface water, or air so as to protect human health and the environment.

[In item C, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.1//

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7045.0536 LAND TREATMENT.

[For text of subps 1 to 8, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. **Ignitable or reactive waste.** The owner or operator shall not apply ignitable or reactive waste to the treatment zone unless the waste and the treatment zone meet all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and:

[In subpart 9, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

Subp. 11. Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023,
 F026, F027, and F028. The following requirements apply to the hazardous wastes indicated:

A. Hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in a land treatment unit.

[In item A, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

B. Hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be managed at land treatment units unless the owner or operator operates the land treatment unit in accordance with all applicable requirements of this part and in accordance with a management plan that is approved by the commissioner considering the following factors:

[In item B, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

C. The commissioner shall impose additional design, operating, and monitoring requirements if the commissioner finds that the additional requirements are necessary for land treatment facilities used to treat or dispose of hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, in order to reduce the possibility of migration of these wastes to ground water, surface water, or air so as to protect human health and the environment.

[In item C, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

7045.0538 LANDFILLS.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Closure and postclosure care.** Closure and postclosure care requirements are as follows:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. After final closure, the owner or operator shall comply with all postclosure requirements contained in parts 7045.0488 to 7045.0494 including maintenance and monitoring throughout the postclosure care period specified in the permit under part 7045.0488. The owner or operator shall:

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]

(4) maintain and monitor the leak detection system in accordance with subparts 3, item C, subitems (3), unit (d), and (4); and 5, item C, and comply with all other applicable leak detection system requirements of this part parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551 governing facility standards;

[In subitem (4), the MPCA is correcting an error in rule language that it adopted in a prior rulemaking. The MPCA adopted federal language that used the words 'this part.' Both State rules and federal regulations use the term 'part,' however, each use has a slightly different meaning. The MPCA corrects this rule language to clarify the

intended meaning and to address an EPA comment regarding equivalence with the federal rule.]//

[For text of subitems (5) to (8), see M.R.]
[For text of item C, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. **Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.** Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste are as follows:

A. Except as provided in item B and subpart 12, ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a landfill, unless the waste and landfill meet all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under part 7045.0131, subpart 2 or 5, and compliance with part 7045.0456, subpart 2 is maintained.

[In item A, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

B. Except for prohibited wastes which remain subject to treatment standards in parts 7045.1350 to 7045.1360 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.42, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, ignitable wastes in containers may be landfilled without meeting the requirements of item A, provided that the wastes are disposed of in such a way that they are protected from any material or conditions which may cause them to ignite. At a minimum, ignitable wastes must be disposed of in nonleaking containers which are carefully handled and placed so as to avoid heat, sparks, rupture, or any other condition that might cause ignition of the wastes; must be covered daily with soil or other noncombustible material to minimize the potential for ignition of the wastes; and must not be disposed of in cells that contain or will contain other wastes which may generate heat sufficient to cause ignition of the waste.

[In item B, the MPCA replaces citations to repealed State rules with citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

[For text of subp 9, see M.R.]

Subp. 10. **Special requirements for liquid waste.** Special requirements for liquid waste are as follows:

A. The placement <u>in any landfill</u> of bulk or noncontainerized liquid hazardous waste or waste containing free liquids, whether or not <u>absorbents</u> sorbents have been added, is prohibited.

[In item A, the MPCA adds the phrase "in any landfill" to make the context clear. The MPCA also adopts federal language regarding the use of sorbents in landfills from required RCRA Amendment 118: "Liquids in Landfills II," = 40 CFR 264.314(a). Further information can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992. This changes the term "absorbents" to the more broadly applicable term "sorbents," which includes materials that both absorb and adsorb waste. Sorbent is also used in the federal counterpart, 40 CFR 264.314(a).]//

- B. Containers holding free liquids must not be placed in a landfill unless:
- (1) all free-standing liquid has been removed by decanting, or other methods; has been mixed with absorbent sorbent or solidified so that freestanding liquid is no longer observed; or has been otherwise eliminated;

[In subitem (1), the MPCA adopts federal language from required RCRA Amendment 118: "Liquids in Landfills II," = 40 CFR 264.314(b). Further

- (2) the container is very small, such as an ampoule; or
- (3) the container is a laboratory pack as defined in subpart 12 and is disposed of in accordance with subpart 12.
- C. <u>To demonstrate</u> the <u>presence or</u> absence <u>or presence</u> of free liquids in <u>either a</u> containerized or <u>a</u> bulk waste, <u>the following test</u> must be demonstrated using the Paint Filter Liquids Test, used: Method 9095 (<u>Paint Filter Liquids Test</u>) as described in <u>"Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes Waste</u>, Physical/Chemical Methods, <u>"EPA publication number SW-846</u>, incorporated in part 7045.0065, item D.
- [In item C, the MPCA rephrases existing language and makes corrections to information regarding the name of the EPA test methods for determining the presence of liquids. This amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 265.314(c). Further information can be found in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994.]//
- D. Sorbents used to treat free liquids to be disposed of in landfills must be nonbiodegradable. Nonbiodegradable sorbents are materials listed or described in subitem (1) or materials that pass one of the tests in subitem (2).
 - (1) Nonbiodegradable sorbents:

- (a) inorganic minerals, other inorganic materials, and elemental carbon (for example, aluminosilicates, clays, smectites, Fuller's earth, bentonite, calcium bentonite, montmorillonite, calcium domatmorillonite, kaolinite, micas (illite), vermiculites, and zeolites; calcium carbonate (organic free limestone); oxides/hydroxides, alumina, lime, silica (sand), and diatomaceous earth; perlite (volcanic glass); expanded volcanic rock; volcanic ash; cement kiln dust; fly ash; rice hull ash; and activated charcoal/activated carbon);
- (b) high molecular weight synthetic polymers (for example, polyethylene, high density polyethylene (HDPE), polypropylene, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyacrylate, polynorborene, polyisobutylene, ground synthetic rubber, cross-linked allylstyrene, and tertiary butyl copolymers). This does not include polymers derived from biological material or polymers specifically designed to be degradable; or
 - (c) mixtures of these nonbiodegradable materials.
- (2) Tests for nonbiodegradable sorbents must use the following methods. The methods and tests in this subitem are incorporated by reference, are not subject to frequent change, and are available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system:
- (a) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G21-70 (1984a), Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymer Materials to Fungi;
- (b) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G22-76 (1984b), Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Plastics to Bacteria; or
- 45 (c) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under OECD test 301B: CO₂ Evolution (Modified Sturm Test).

[In item C, the MPCA rephrases existing language and makes corrections to information regarding the name of the EPA test methods for determining the presence of liquids. This amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 265.314(c). Further information can be found in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994.]//

[For text of subp 11, see M.R.]

Subp. 12.**Disposal of small containers of hazardous waste in overpacked drums.** Small containers of hazardous waste in overpacked drums, or laboratory packs, may be placed in a landfill if the requirements of items A to F are met:

A. Hazardous waste must be packaged in nonleaking inside containers. The inside containers must be of a design and constructed of a material that will not react dangerously with, be decomposed by, or be ignited by the contained waste. Inside containers must be tightly and securely sealed. The inside containers must be of the size and type specified authorized in the United States Department of Transportation hazardous materials regulations under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 173, 178, and 179, and 180, as amended, if those regulations specify a particular inside container for the waste.

[In item A, the MPCA is amending the State rules on the advice of Minnesota's Department of Transportation. The amendments revise language to conform with amended U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. The language of this item is slightly different than the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 264.316(a), but the MPCA believes it is the more accurate and current reference to the applicable United States Department of Transportation requirements.]//

B. The inside containers must be overpacked in an open a removable head metal shipping container as specified in the United States Department of Transportation regulations under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.12 and parts 178 and, 179, and 180, as amended, of no more than 415 liter (110 gallon) capacity and. The inside containers must be surrounded by, at a minimum, a sufficient quantity of absorbent chemically compatible sorbent material, determined to be nonbiodegradable in accordance with subpart 10, item D, to completely absorb sorb all of the liquid contents of the inside containers. The gross weight of the complete package must not exceed 205 kilograms (452 pounds). The metal outer container must be full after packing it has been packed with inside containers and absorbent sorbent materials.

[In item B, the MPCA is amending existing language to address changes to the corresponding federal EPA regulations regarding overpacking of containers and also to address changes made to the federal Department of Transportation regulations. The MPCA is adopting language from required RCRA Amendment 118.4: "Liquids in Landfills II," = 40 CFR 264.316(b). Further information can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992. The MPCA also revises the rule to reflect revisions in the cited U.S. Department of Transportation regulations regarding the size limits of the container. Finally, the MPCA provides a corrected citation to a range of regulations that have been amended by the U.S. Department of Transportation.]//

C. The absorbent sorbent material used must not be capable of reacting dangerously with, being decomposed by, or being ignited by the contents of the inside containers, in accordance with part 7045.0456, subpart 2.

[In item C, the MPCA changes the term absorbent to the more broadly applicable term sorbent, following federal language from required RCRA Amendment 118: "Liquids in Landfills II," = 40 CFR 264.316(c). Further information can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992.]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

F. The disposal is in compliance with parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390. Persons who incinerate lab packs according to part 7045.1360 in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.42, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, may use fiber drums in place of metal outer containers. The fiber drums must meet United States Department of Transportation specifications in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.12, as amended, and be overpacked according to the requirements in accordance with item B.

[In item F, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules and adds citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference. The MPCA also makes slight modifications to existing language to improve clarity.]//

Subp. 13. Special requirements for hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028. The following requirements apply to the hazardous wastes indicated:

A. Hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be placed in a landfill.

[In item A, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

B. Hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soils contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be managed at landfills unless the owner or operator operates the landfill in accordance with all applicable requirements of this part and in accordance with a management plan that is approved by the commissioner considering the following factors:

[In item B, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (4), see M.R.]

C. The commissioner shall impose additional design, operating, and monitoring requirements if the commissioner finds that the additional requirements are necessary for landfills used to dispose of hazardous waste F028 and treatment residues and soil contaminated with hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, in order to reduce the possibility of migration of these wastes to ground water, surface water, or air so as to protect human health and the environment.

[In item C, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

7045.0539 MISCELLANEOUS UNITS.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Environmental performance standards.** A miscellaneous unit must be located, designed, constructed, operated, maintained, and closed in a manner that will

1 ensure protection of human health and the environment. Permits for miscellaneous units

- 2 are to contain the terms and provisions necessary to protect human health and the
- 3 environment, including, but not limited to, as appropriate, design and operating
- 4 requirements, detection and monitoring requirements, and requirements for responses to
- 5 releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from the unit. Permit terms and
- 6 provisions shall include those requirements of parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0526
- 7 to 7045.0542, 7045.0547, and 7045.0548, and chapter 7001 that are appropriate for the
- 8 miscellaneous unit being permitted. Protection of human health and the environment
- 9 includes, but is not limited to:

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[In subpart 2, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that was repealed in a previous rulemaking. The MPCA also adopts cross references to the air emission standards that apply to miscellaneous units. These references were added through amendments to the federal regulations found at required RCRA Amendment 154-1.18: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers," = 40 CFR 264.601. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 3 and 4, see M.R.]

7045.0540 AIR EMISSION STANDARDS FOR TANKS, SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS, AND CONTAINERS.

Subpart 1. Incorporation of federal regulations. The owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments, or containers must comply with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart CC, air emission standards for tanks, surface impoundments, and containers, sections 264.1080 to 264.1090, as amended, which are incorporated by reference subject to the exceptions in subpart 2.

The MPCA is creating a new rule part to include new requirements addressing air emission standards that will apply to tanks, surface impoundments and containers. The State rules previously provided air emission standards only for process vents (part 7045.0547) and equipment leaks (part 7045.0548). The new standards, referenced in subpart 1, are based on federal regulations found in required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1, 154-2, 154-3, 154-4, 154-5, 154-6: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers," = 40 CFR 264.1080-1091. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 60 FR 26828-26829, May 19, 1995; 60 FR 50426-50430, September 29, 1995; 60 FR 56952-56954, November 13, 1995; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; 61 FR 28508-28511, June 5, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996. By adopting the federal regulations by reference, the MPCA also adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 163.11-18: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers: Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 264.1080(b)(1); 264.1080(c); 264.1082(b); 264.1082(c)(2)(ix)(A-B);264.1082(c)(3); 264.1082(c)(4)(ii); 264.1083(a)(2); 264.1083(b)(1); 264.1084(c)(2)(iii); 264.1084(c)(2)(iii)(B); 264.1084(c)(2)(iii)(B)(12);264.1084(e)(4); 264.1084(f)(3)(i)(D)(4); 264.1084(f)(3)(iii); 264.1084(f)(4); 264.1084(j)(2)(iii); 264.1085(b)(2); 264.1085(d)(1)(iii); 264.1085(d)(2)(i)(B);

264.1085(e)(2)(iii); 264.1086(c)(2); 264.1086(c)(4)(i); 264.1086(d)(2); 264.1086(d)(4)(i);264.1086(g); 264.1087(c)(3)(ii); 264.1087(c)(7); 264.1089(a); 264.1089(b)(1)(ii)(B); 264.1089(f)(1); and 264.1089(j)(1-2). Further information about these amendments can be found in 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997. Finally, in this subpart, the MPCA adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 177: "Organic Air Emission Standards: Clarification and Technical Amendments," = 40 CFR 264.1080(b)(5); 264.1083(a)(1)(i-ii); 264.1083(b)(1)(i-ii); 264.1084(h)(3)(i-ii). Further information about these amendments can be found in 64 FR 3382, January 21, **1999.**1//

Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations.

A. The agency does not incorporate the following Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart CC provisions, as amended:

- (1) Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1080(d) to (g), governing specific exclusions; and
- 15 (2) Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 264.1082(c)(4)(ii), governing authority that EPA cannot delegate to states.

[In item A, the MPCA clarifies that it does not incorporate specific federal exclusions that do not apply in Minnesota. The exceptions to the adoption by reference are: (1) The MPCA does not adopt the exclusions for peroxide manufacturers or site specific exclusions for sites that are located in states other than Minnesota; and (2) The MPCA does not have the authority to grant variances to specific land disposal treatment standards.]//

B. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

[In item B, the MPCA clarifies that the conditions established in part 7045.0090 also apply to this incorporation by reference.]//

7045.0542 THERMAL TREATMENT.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Performance standards.** A thermal treatment facility thermally treating hazardous waste must be designed, constructed, and maintained so that, when operated in accordance with operating requirements specified under subpart 6 it will comply with all federal and state air quality rules and regulations and will meet the performance standards of items A to E, whichever are applicable:

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

E. A thermal treatment facility thermally treating hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, and F027 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must achieve a destruction and removal efficiency ("DRE") of 99.9999 percent for each principal organic hazardous constituent designated in its permit. This performance must be demonstrated on principal organic hazardous constituents that are more difficult to incinerate than tetra-, penta-, and hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxins and dibenzofurans. DRE is determined for each principal organic hazardous constituent from the equation in item A. In addition, the owner or operator of the thermal treatment facility must notify the commissioner of the intent to burn waste F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, or F027.

[In item E, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

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7045.0543 APPENDICES TO FACILITY STANDARDS.

[The MPCA adds a new part 7045.0543.]//

Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The following appendices found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, as amended, are incorporated by reference:

[In subpart 1, items A to E, the MPCA incorporates by reference the Appendices to Facility Standards that are found in 40 CFR 265. By adopting the federal appendices by reference as amended, the MPCA is adopting standards or tests that are referenced either in current rules or in rules that are being adopted or revised for interim status facilities in this rulemaking. By adopting these appendices by reference as amended, the MPCA will ensure that the most current version of these standards will be incorporated into the State rules. The MPCA's discussion of the reasonableness of incorporating federal regulations "as amended" is provided in Section IV of this Statement. A detailed explanation is provided below for the federal appendices that are being incorporated in this rulemaking.]//

A. Appendix I, Recordkeeping Instructions;

[In item A, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 264, Appendix I, which contains instructions on how hazardous waste records must be kept. These appendices were adopted by EPA as part of required RCRA Amendment 131.2: "Recordkeeping Instructions; Technical Amendment," = 40 CFR 264 Appendix I, Tables 1 and 2. Further information can be found in 59 FR 13891-13893, March 24, 1994.]//

B. Appendix IV, Cochran's Approximation to the Behrens-Fisher Students' T-test; [In item B, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 264, Appendix IV, the Behrens Fisher T-test. The details of this test were formerly located in part 7045.0544 but are being adopted by reference in this rulemaking in order to accommodate future changes and also to more conveniently locate information regarding the federal Appendices in one rule part. However, a reference to the T-test in part 7045.0544 is being retained to accommodate existing cross references.]//

C. Appendix V, Examples of Potentially Incompatible Waste; and

[In item C, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 264, Appendix V, which is the list of examples of potentially incompatible waste. This list is referenced in an amendment to part 7045.0532 being added in this rulemaking. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to incorporate this list of examples, by reference, in order to accommodate future revisions.]//

D. Appendix IX, Ground Water Monitoring List.

[In item D, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 264, Appendix IX, the ground water monitoring list. This adoption by reference of Appendix IX replaces the list formerly provided in part 7045.0143. The MPCA believes, for the reasons provided in the discussion in part IV of this Statement, that incorporating the list by reference will provide better future accuracy of this list. Because the list in 7045.0143 is specifically referred to in two places in the existing rules (7001.0640 subpart 1, item D subitem (2) and subpart 13, item E), the MPCA is not repealing that existing rule part, but is instead deleting the existing list and providing a cross reference to the rule (7045.0543, item D (above) that incorporates the federal Appendix IX by reference.)//

Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

3 [In subpart 2, the MPCA provides exceptions to its incorporations in subpart 1. The

MPCA also refers readers to part 7045.0090 governing general adoption and

incorporation by reference.]//

7045.0544 COCHRAN'S APPROXIMATION TO THE BEHRENS-FISHER STUDENTS' T-TEST.

Subpart 1. **In general.** Subpart 2 describes Cochran's approximation to the Behrens-Fisher Students' t-test. Subpart 3 presents the standard t-tables at the 0.05 level of significance. Part 7045.0543, subpart 1, item B, incorporates this test by reference.

Subp. 2. [See repealer.]

Subp. 3. [See repealer.]

[The MPCA amends this part by cross referencing to part 7045.0543, subp. 1, item B where the MPCA has incorporated the Cochran's Approximation from the federal rules. The MPCA retains part 7045.0544 as a reference point for existing cross references within the rules. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to minimize changes to cross references as much as possible by retaining this existing rule part.]//

7045.0550 CONTAINMENT BUILDINGS.

Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The owners and operators of facilities that store or treat hazardous waste in containment buildings must comply with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 264, subpart DD, Containment Buildings, sections 264.1100 to 264.1110, as amended, which is incorporated by reference subject to the exceptions in subpart 2.

[In subpart 1, of new part 7045.0550, the MPCA incorporates by reference language from required RCRA Amendment 109.17: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris," = 40 CFR 264.1100-1102, Subpart DD. Further information regarding this amendment can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA provides any exceptions to its incorporation by reference and refers readers to the general part governing adoption and incorporation by reference.]//

7045.0552 FACILITIES GOVERNED BY INTERIM STATUS.

Subpart 1. **General requirements.** Parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 establish minimum standards for the management of hazardous waste during the period of interim status and until certification of final closure or, if the facility is subject to postclosure requirements, until postclosure responsibilities are fulfilled. Except as provided in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1080(b), as incorporated in part 7045.0645, the standards in parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0651, and the standards for the corrective action management units in part 7045.0545, temporary units in part 7045.0546, and staging piles

- in part 7045.0547, apply to: (1) owners and operators of facilities that treat, store, or
- 2 dispose of hazardous waste who have fully complied with the requirements for interim
- 3 status under chapter 7001 and section 3005(e) of the federal Resource Conservation and
- 4 Recovery Act (RCRA) until either a permit is issued under chapter 7001 and section 3005
- 5 of RCRA or until applicable interim status closure and postclosure responsibilities are
- 6 <u>fulfilled and (2) those owners and operators of facilities in existence on November 19,</u>
- 7 1980, who have failed to provide timely notification as required by section 3010(a) of
- 8 RCRA or failed to file Part A of the permit application in chapter 7001. These standards,
- 9 and those in parts 7045.0545 to 7045.0547, apply to owners and operators of existing
- 10 facilities who have fully complied with the requirements for state or federal interim status
- until a permit is issued or until applicable interim status closure and postclosure
- responsibilities are fulfilled, and those who have failed to achieve state or federal interim status.

In two places in subpart 1, the MPCA corrects citations to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 154-1.22: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.1(b). Further information

regarding this amendment can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

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Parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 apply to the owners and operators of all facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste referred to in parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, land disposal restrictions, and those restrictions are considered material conditions or requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651, interim status standards.

[In this paragraph of subpart 1, the MPCA corrects citations to two ranges of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also provides the correct citation, 7045.1390, for a repealed range of rules.]//

Subp. 1a. Applicability for owners and operators of facilities not regulated as hazardous waste facilities by federal regulation. Owners and operators of hazardous waste facilities that are not federally regulated as hazardous waste facilities that are, for example, regulated as facilities by state rule only, are subject to the applicable requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 on the effective date of any rules that make the facility subject to regulation. The facility shall submit a Part B application for a hazardous waste facility permit to the commissioner within one year of the effective date of any rules that first make the facility subject to the requirement to obtain a hazardous waste facility permit.

[In subpart 1a, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **Exemptions.** The requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0648 7045.0651 do not apply to the following specific waste management units, facilities, or activities, although all other waste management activities of the owner or operator may be regulated:

[In subpart 3, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. a facility managing recyclable hazardous wastes subject to regulation under part 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685; however, this exemption does not apply where part 7045.0125, 7045.0665, 7045.0675, or 7045.0685 makes the requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0648 7045.0651 applicable by cross-reference; [In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C to E, see M.R.]

F. an elementary neutralization unit, <u>a</u> pretreatment unit, or <u>a</u> wastewater treatment unit, if the unit does not receive hazardous waste from generators other than the owner or operator of the unit, <u>provided that if the owner or operator is diluting hazardous ignitable</u> (D001) wastes (other than the D001 high TOC subcategory defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.40, Table of Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes, <u>as incorporated in part 7045.1390</u>), or reactive (D003) waste, to remove the characteristic before land disposal, the owner or operator must comply with part 7045.0562, subpart 2;

[For text of items G to I, see M.R.]

[In item F, the MPCA adds qualifying conditions to an existing exclusion for elementary neutralization units, pretreatment units and wastewater treatment units. The conditions only apply to units treating two specific waste characteristics (ignitable and reactive) and reference existing requirements in part 7045.0562, subpart 2 (which addresses required precautions) for managing these wastes. The additional conditions correspond to requirements found in RCRA Amendment 137.13: "Universal Treatment Standards and Treatment Standards for Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly Listed Wastes" = 40 CFR 265.1(c)(10). Further information regarding the need for and reasonableness of this amendment can be found in 59 FR 47982-48110, September 19, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 242-302, January 3, 1995. Although the language being added at this time is essentially the same as the federal regulations (except for the substitution of cross references to State rule parts and the removal of a reference to the definitions part of the rules), this exclusion remains more restrictive than the federal counterpart because the existing language restricts this exemption to waste generated onsite. reasonable as the MPCA has consistently not allowed accepting waste from off-site at unpermitted facilities. This is an existing difference and is not being changed as a result of this rulemaking.]//

- J. (1) except as provided in subitem (2), treatment or containment activities during immediate response to any of the following situations: a discharge of a hazardous waste, an imminent and substantial threat of a discharge of a hazardous waste, or a discharge of a material which, when discharged, becomes a hazardous waste;
- (2) a facility otherwise regulated by parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 shall comply with all applicable requirements of parts 7045.0395, 7045.0397, 7045.0558, and 7045.0566 to 7045.0576; or

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

(3) a person who is covered by subitem (1) and who continues or initiates hazardous waste treatment or containment activities after the immediate response is over is subject to all applicable requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 and the agency's permitting procedures for those activities;

[In subitem (3), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

K. treatment of hazardous waste by the generator in the generator's accumulation tanks or containers in accordance with part 7045.0292. If the treatment involves evaporation of aqueous waste or polymerization of polyester or other chemical fixation treatment processes in open containers, the generator is exempt from parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651, but before beginning the treatment process must submit to the commissioner the information required under part 7045.0539, subpart 2, items A to C, that is relevant to the treatment activity and must be notified by the commissioner that the treatment activity is approved. The commissioner shall approve the treatment activity if the commissioner finds that the treatment activity will not endanger human health and the environment; or

[In item K, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of item L, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Restrictions.** Hazardous wastes F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 listed under part 7045.0135, subpart 2 1a, item B, must not be managed at facilities governed by interim status unless:

[In subpart 4, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed subpart with the revised citation.]//

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

7045.0556 GENERAL FACILITY STANDARDS.

24 <u>[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]</u>

Subp. 3. **Required notices.** Notices are required in the following situations:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. Before transferring ownership or operation of a facility during its operating life, or of a disposal facility during the postclosure care period, the owner or operator shall notify the new owner or operator in writing of the requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651. An owner's or operator's failure to notify the new owner or operator of these requirements does not relieve the new owner or operator of the obligation to comply with all applicable requirements.

[In item C, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

- Subp. 4. **Security.** Security measures include the following:
- A. The owner or operator shall prevent the unknowing entry, and minimize the possibility for the unauthorized entry, of persons or livestock onto the active portion of the facility, unless:

[For text of subitem (1), see M.R.]

(2) disturbance of the waste or equipment, by the unknowing or unauthorized entry of persons or livestock onto the active portion of a facility, will not cause a violation of the requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

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Subp. 5. **General inspection requirements.** General inspection requirements are listed in items A to E.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. The frequency of inspection may vary for the items on the schedule. However, it the frequency must be based on the rate of possible deterioration of the equipment and the probability of an environmental or human health incident if the deterioration or, malfunction, or any operator error goes undetected between inspections. Areas subject to

spills, such as loading and unloading areas, must be inspected daily when in use. At a
 minimum, the inspection schedule must include the terms and frequencies called for in

parts 7045.0626, subpart 5; 7045.0628, subparts 4 and 7; 7045.0630, subpart 5; 7045.0632, subpart 9; 7045.0634, subpart 4; 7045.0638, subpart 2c; 7045.0640, subpart

12 7045.0632, subpart 9; 7045.0634, subpart 4; 7045.0638, subpart 2c; 7045.0640, subpart 13 4; and 7045.0642, subpart 4; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface

impoundment, and container standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections

264.1033, 264.1052, 264.1053, and 264.1058 265.1033, 265.1052, 265.1053, and

<u>265.1058</u>, as amended, and sections <u>265.1084</u> to <u>265.1090(b)</u>, as incorporated in part

17 <u>7045.0645</u>.

[In the first sentences of item C, the MPCA has made several changes simply to clarify the meaning of existing language. These changes do not alter the effect of the rule and are not based on federal amendments. The MPCA also adopts references to newly added requirements addressing air emissions from tanks, surface impoundments and containers that are based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.25: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.15(b)(4). Further information regarding the amendments can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. This amendment also adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 163.20: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 265.15(b)(4). A discussion of these amendments can be found in 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997.1//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.] [For text of subps 6 to 8, see M.R.]

7045.0564 WASTE ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS.

Subpart 1. **Waste analysis.** The analysis must comply with the requirements in items A to D.

A. Before an owner or operator treats, stores, or disposes of any hazardous waste, or nonhazardous waste if applicable under part 7045.0596, subpart 2a, the owner or operator shall obtain a detailed chemical and physical analysis of a representative sample of the waste. This analysis must contain all the information which must be known in order to treat, store, or dispose of the waste in accordance with the requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

B. The analysis may include data developed under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155, and existing published or documented data on the hazardous waste or on hazardous waste generated from similar processes, including data obtained from the generator.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Waste analysis plan.** The owner or operator shall develop and follow a written waste analysis plan which describes the procedures the owner or operator will carry out to comply with subpart 1. The owner or operator shall keep this plan at the facility. The plan must specify:

[For text of items A to E, see M.R.]

F. Where applicable, the methods that will be used to meet the additional waste analysis requirements for specific waste management methods as specified in parts 7045.0628, subpart 12; 7045.0630, subpart 4; 7045.0632, subpart 3; 7045.0634, subpart 3; 7045.0638, subpart 7; 7045.0640, subpart 2; and 7045.0642, subpart 3; and 7045.1315 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7, as incorporated in part 7045.1390; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container test methods and procedures in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034(d) and 264.1063(d) 265.1034(d) and 265.1063(d), as amended, and section 265.1084, as incorporated in part 7045.0645.

[In item F, the MPCA replaces citations to repealed land disposal restriction rules with citations to the new land disposal rules being adopted in this rulemaking. This amendment refers directly to the federal counterpart being adopted by reference in this rulemaking, because in part 7045.1390 where this information is being incorporated by reference, the incorporation does not provide the necessary level of specificity to identify the applicable section. This amendment corresponds to 40 CFR 265.13(b)(6). It is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.23: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

- G. For off-site facilities, the waste analysis plan must also specify the procedures which that will be used to inspect and, if necessary, analyze each movement of hazardous waste received at the facility to ensure that it matches the identity of the waste designated on the accompanying manifest or shipping paper. The plan must describe:
- (1) the procedures which that will be used to determine the identity of each movement of waste managed at the facility; and
- (2) the sampling method which that will be used to obtain a representative sample of the waste to be identified, if the identification method includes sampling; and [In item G, and subitems (1) and (2), the MPCA changes "which" to "that" for grammatical purposes. The MPCA also adds the word, "and" to accommodate this expanded list.]
- (3) the procedures that the owner or operator of an off-site landfill receiving containerized hazardous waste will use to determine whether a hazardous waste generator or treater has added a biodegradable sorbent to the waste in the container.

In subitem (3) the MPCA adds a requirement for a plan to contain information about the use of sorbents to eliminate free liquids in waste being landfilled. This requirement is from required RCRA Amendment 118.2: "Liquids in Landfills II" = 40 CFR 265.13(c)(3). Further information regarding the need for and reasonableness of this amendment can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992.]//

- H. For surface impoundments exempted from the land disposal restrictions under part 7045.1310 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.4, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, the procedures and schedule for:
 - (1) the sampling of impoundment contents;
 - (2) the analysis of test data; and
- (3) the annual removal of residues which are not delisted under part 7045.0075, subpart 2, or which exhibit a characteristic of hazardous waste under part 7045.0131, and either do not meet applicable treatment standards of parts 7045.1350 to 7045.1360 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.42, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or, where no treatment standards have been established, such residues are prohibited from land disposal under parts 7045.1320 to 7045.1333 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.30 to 268.35, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or RCRA section 3004(d).

[In item H, the MPCA replaces citations to repealed rules with citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

- I. For owners and operators seeking an exemption to the air emission standards in part 7045.0540 in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1083, as incorporated in part 7045.0645:
- (1) if direct measurement is used for the waste determination, the procedures and schedules for waste sampling and analysis and the results of the analysis of test data to verify the exemption; and
- (2) if knowledge of the waste is used for the waste determination, any information prepared by the facility owner or operator or by the generator of the hazardous waste, if the waste is received from off site, that is used as the basis for knowledge of the waste.
- [In item I, subitems (1) and (2), the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to waste analysis at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. The adopted language is from required RCRA Amendments 154-1.24, and 154-5: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.13(b)(8). Further information may be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. The MPCA also adds language to clarify that air emission standards are found in part 7045.0540.]//

7045.0584 OPERATING RECORD.

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **Record information.** The following information must be recorded, as it becomes available, and maintained in the operating record until closure of the facility:

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. A description and the quantity of each hazardous waste received, and the method and date of treatment, storage, or disposal at the facility <u>in accordance with the</u>

record-keeping instructions in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, Appendix I,
 as incorporated in part 7045.0643.

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[In item C, the MPCA initiates adding a reference to recordkeeping requirements that must be followed. This language corresponds to federal provisions in 40 CFR 265.73(b)(1).]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

E. Records and results of waste analyses, waste determinations, and trial tests performed as specified in parts 7045.0564; 7045.0628, subpart 12; 7045.0630, subpart 4; 7045.0632, subpart 3; 7045.0634, subpart 3; 7045.0638, subpart 7; 7045.0640, subpart 2; and 7045.0642, subpart 3; 7045.1310; and 7045.1315 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.4(a) and 268.7, as incorporated in part 7045.1390; and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container test methods and procedures in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034 and 264.1063 265.1034 and 265.1063, as amended, and section 265.1084, as incorporated in part 7045.0645.

[In item E, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to the operating records at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.26: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.73(b)(3). Further information regarding this amendment can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. The MPCA also replaces citations to repealed rules with citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference. Finally, the MPCA replaces two incorrect citations to two CFR sections in part 264 with the appropriate citations in part 265.]//

[For text of items F and G, see M.R.]

H. Monitoring, testing, or analytical data, and corrective action where required by parts 7045.0556, subpart 8; 7045.0590, subparts 1, 6, 7, and 8; 7045.0592, subparts 1 and 7; 7045.0628, subparts 2, 4, and 7; 7045.0630, subparts 2a, 3, and 5; 7045.0632, subparts 4b, 8, and 9; 7045.0634, subparts 4 and 6, item D, subitem (1); 7045.0636; 7045.0638, subparts 2a, 2b, and 2c; and 7045.0640, subpart 4, and the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container test methods and procedures and record keeping requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 264.1034 265.1034(c) to (f), 264.1035, 264.1063 265.1035, 265.1063(d) to (i), and 264.1064 265.1064, as amended, and sections 265.1083 to 265.1090, as incorporated in part 7045.0645. As required by parts 7045.0590, subparts 6 and 7; and 7045.0592, subpart 7, monitoring data at disposal facilities must be kept throughout the postclosure period. In item H, the MPCA is adding requirements that apply to the operating records at facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added to this rulemaking. This amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.26: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.73(b)(6). Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994. This amendment also addresses changes based on required RCRA Amendment 163.21: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers: Clarification and Technical Amendment' = 40 CFR 265.73(b)(6). Further information may be found in 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8,

[For text of item I, see M.R.]

J. Records of the quantities and date of placement of each shipment of hazardous waste placed in land disposal units under an extension to the effective date of any land disposal restriction granted under part 7045.0075, subpart 8 or 9, by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.5, monitoring data required pursuant to a petition under part 7045.0075, subpart 9, or a certificate and demonstration under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.8, as amended incorporated in part 7045.1390, and the notice required by a generator under part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item C Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(3), as incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item J, the MPCA revises language to clarify that only the EPA can grant extensions to the effective dates for land disposal restrictions. In this rulemaking the MPCA is repealing part 7045.0075, subpart 8, and replacing citations to it with the applicable federal citation. The MPCA also replaces citations to other repealed rules with citations to equivalent federal regulations that are being incorporated in this rulemaking by reference.]//

K. For an off-site treatment facility, the notice, and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required by a generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section sections 268.7(a)(1) and 268.8, as amended, and part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item K, the MPCA replaces a citation to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

L. For an on-site treatment facility, the information contained in the notice and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required by a generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section sections 268.7(a)(1) and 268.8, as amended, and part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A incorporated in part 7045.1390, except for the manifest number required under part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item A, subitem (3) Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(1)(i), as incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item L, the MPCA replaces citations to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

M. For an off-site land disposal facility, the notice, certification and demonstration, if applicable, required by the generator, owner or operator of a treatment facility under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(b)(1)(2) or 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315, subpart 2, items A and B incorporated in part 7045.1390, for the facility or part 7045.1315, subpart 1, item B Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(3), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, for the generator, whichever is applicable. [In item M, the MPCA replaces citations to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

N. For an on-site land disposal facility, the information contained in the notice and the certification and demonstration, if applicable, required by a generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section <u>268.7 or 268.8</u>, as amended incorporated in part 7045.1390, or part 7045.1315 except for the manifest number, whichever is applicable.

[In item N, the MPCA replaces citations to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

O. For an off-site storage facility, a copy of the notice, and the certification and demonstration if applicable, required by the generator or the owner or operator under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section <u>268.7 or</u> 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315 incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item O, the MPCA replaces citations to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

P. For an on-site storage facility, the information contained in the notice, except the manifest number, and the certification and demonstration if applicable, required by the generator or the owner or operator of a treatment facility under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section <u>268.7 or</u> 268.8, as amended, or part 7045.1315 incorporated in part 7045.1390.

[In item P, the MPCA replaces citations to a repealed rule with citations to equivalent federal regulations as incorporated by reference.]//

7045.0586 RETENTION AND DISPOSITION OF RECORDS.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. **Retention of records.** The retention period for all records required under parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651 is three years and is extended automatically during the course of any unresolved enforcement action regarding the facility.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

7045.0588 REQUIRED REPORTS.

[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Additional reports.** In addition to submitting the manifest discrepancy report described in part 7045.0582, subpart 3, and the annual report and the unmanifested waste reports described in subparts 2 and 3, the owner or operator shall also report to the commissioner and the Environmental Protection Agency Region V Administrator:

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. as otherwise required by the process vent and, equipment leak, and tank, surface impoundment, and container emission standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subparts AA and BB, as amended parts 7045.0645, 7045.0647, and 7045.0648. [In item D, the MPCA is adopting requirements that apply to the reports required from facilities that are subject to the air emission standards being added in this rulemaking. This language is based on required RCRA Amendment 154-1.27: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.77(d). Further information about the air emission standards can be found at 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994.]//

7045.0594 CLOSURE.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

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Subp. 2a. **Conditions for receiving nonhazardous waste.** The commissioner shall allow an owner or operator to receive only nonhazardous waste in a landfill, land treatment, or surface impoundment unit after the final receipt of hazardous waste at that unit if:

A. the owner or operator submits an amended Part B application, or a Part B application, if not previously required, and demonstrates that:

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

(3) the nonhazardous waste will not be incompatible with any remaining wastes in the unit, or with the facility design and operating requirements of the unit or facility under parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651;

[In subitem (3), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subitems (4) and (5), see M.R.]
[For text of items B to D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 3 and 4, see M.R.]

7045.0600 POSTCLOSURE.

 Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part and parts 7045.0602 to 7045.0606 apply to the owners and operators of all hazardous waste disposal facilities, including surface impoundments and waste piles from which the owner or operator intends to remove the wastes at closure, to the extent that the owner or operator is required to provide postclosure care in part 7045.0630, subpart 6, or in part 7045.0632, subpart 7, and also; tank systems that are required under part 7045.0628, subpart 9, to meet the requirements for landfills; and containment buildings that are required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0649, to meet the requirement for landfills, except as provided otherwise in part 7045.0552.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA adds language to apply the post closure care requirements to the owner or operator of containment buildings. The amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.19: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.110(b)(4). Further information can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Subp. 2. **Submittal of postclosure plan.** The postclosure plan must be submitted as follows:

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. The commissioner shall provide the owner or operator and the public, through a newspaper notice, the opportunity to submit written comments, to request modification, or to request a public information meeting on the postclosure plan or substantive amendments to the postclosure plan within 30 days of the date of the notice. In response to a request or at his or her own discretion, the commissioner shall hold a public information meeting whenever a meeting might clarify one or more issues concerning the postclosure plan. The commissioner shall approve, modify, or disapprove postclosure plans for facilities having interim status within 90 days of the receipt of the plan. If the commissioner does not approve the plan, he or she shall provide the owner or operator with a detailed written statement of reasons for the refusal, and the owner or operator shall submit a modified or new plan for approval within 30 days after receiving this

1 written statement. The commissioner shall approve or modify this plan in writing within

- 2 60 days. If the commissioner modifies the plan, this modified plan becomes the approved
- 3 postclosure plan. A copy of the modified plan and a detailed statement of reasons for the
- 4 modifications shall be mailed to the owner or operator. The commissioner shall ensure
- 5 that the approved postclosure plan is consistent with part this part and with the
- 6 postclosure care and use of property requirements in parts 7045.0602, 7045.0604, and

7 7045.0606. **[In item D**

[In item D, the MPCA revises language to add references to the requirements for providing notification to local land authorities (part 7045.0604) and notification in property deeds (part 7045.0606). Although the phrasing of this part of the State rules does not exactly correspond to the requirements of the final sentences in 40 CFR 265.118(f), the MPCA believes that it addresses the same aspects of regulation. These additions are based on required RCRA Amendment 109.21: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.118(f).

Further information can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subp 3, see M.R.]

7045.0608 FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS.

[In this rulemaking the MPCA has made a number of amendments to the requirements for providing financial assurance, both for permitted facilities and for facilities governed by the interim status requirements. A discussion of the reasonableness of the MPCA's general decisions regarding the use of particular financial assurance mechanisms is provided in the discussion for the amendments to part 7045.0498 (financial assurance for permitted hazardous waste facilities) and is also applicable to the amendments being made to the following financial assurance rules for interim status hazardous waste facilities.]//

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The requirements of parts 7045.0610, 7045.0612, and 7045.0620 to 7045.0624 apply to owners and operators of hazardous waste facilities except as provided otherwise in this part or in part 7045.0552.

The requirements of parts 7045.0614 to 7045.0618 apply only to owners and operators of disposal facilities and; tank systems that are required under part 7045.0628, subpart 9, to meet the requirements for landfills; and containment buildings that are required under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1102, as incorporated in part 7045.0649, to meet the requirements for landfills.

The state and the federal government are exempt from the requirements of parts 7045.0608 to 7045.0624.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA applies post closure care financial assurance requirements to the owners and operators of containment buildings that are required to close as landfills. Requirements for containment buildings are being added in this rulemaking. These requirements are based on required RCRA Amendment 109.22: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.140(b)(1-3). Further information can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

7045.0610 COST ESTIMATE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE. 1 2 Subpart 1. Cost estimate requirements. The owner or operator shall prepare a 3 detailed written estimate, in current dollars, of the cost of closing the facility in 4 accordance with the closure plan in part 7045.0594 and applicable closure requirements 5 in parts 7045.0626, subpart 8; 7045.0630, subpart 6; 7045.0632, subpart 7; 7045.0634, subpart 6; 7045.0638, subpart 4; 7045.0640, subpart 5; and 7045.0642, subpart 5; and 6 7 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1102, as incorporated in part 8 7045.0649. The closure cost estimate must equal the cost of closure at the point in the 9 facility's operating life when the extent and manner of its operation would make closure 10 the most expensive, as indicated by its closure plan. The closure cost shall be estimated 11 as follows: 12 In subpart 1, the MPCA adds a reference to the requirements being adopted in this rulemaking that apply to containment buildings. The reference in this part is based 13 14 on required RCRA Amendment 109.23: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.142(a). Further information can be 15 found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]// 16 17 [For text of items A to C, see M.R.] 18 [For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.] 19 20 7045.0612 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR FACILITY CLOSURE. 21 [For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.] 22 Subp. 6. Financial test and corporate guarantee for closure. The financial test and 23 corporate guarantee for closure is as follows: 24 [For text of items A to K, see M.R.] 25 L. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a 26 written guarantee, hereafter referred to as "corporate guarantee." The guarantor must be 27 the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the 28 requirements for owner or operator in items A to J; and must comply with the terms of 29 the corporate guarantee. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the 30 wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8. A certified copy of the corporate 31 guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in item E. The 32 terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that: 33 In item L, the MPCA clarifies that the owner or operator must send a certified copy of the corporate guarantee to the commissioner. The rule formerly implied that the 34 35 original document had to be sent to the commissioner. This change is based on 36 RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.143(e)(10). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 37 38 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 39 **16, 1992.**]// 40 [For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.] 41 [For text of subps 7 to 9, see M.R.] 42 7045.0616 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR POSTCLOSURE CARE. 43 44 [For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Financial test and corporate guarantee for postclosure care.** The following is the financial test and corporate guarantee for postclosure care:

[For text of items A to L, see M.R.]

M. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a written guarantee, hereafter referred to as "corporate guarantee." The guarantor must be the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in items A to K, and must comply with the terms of the corporate guarantee. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8. A certified copy of the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:

[In item M, the MPCA clarifies that the owner or operator must send a certified copy of the corporate guarantee to the commissioner. The rule formerly implied that the original document had to be sent to the commissioner. This change is based on RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.143(e)(10). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of subitems (1) to (3), see M.R.]
[For text of subps 7 to 9, see M.R.]

7045.0620 LIABILITY REQUIREMENTS.

 [The MPCA has made a number of amendments to the requirements for liability coverage, both for permitted facilities and for facilities governed by the interim status requirements. A discussion of the reasonableness of the MPCA's general decisions regarding the use of particular financial assurance mechanisms is provided in the discussion for the amendments to part 7045.0518 (liability requirements for hazardous waste facilities) and is applicable to the amendments being made to the following rules on liability requirements for interim status hazardous waste facilities.]//

Subpart 1. **Coverage for sudden accidental occurrences.** An owner or operator of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, or a group of these <u>such</u> facilities, <u>shall must</u> demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities. The owner or operator <u>shall must</u> have and maintain liability coverage for sudden accidental occurrences in the amount of at least \$1,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least \$2,000,000, exclusive of legal defense costs. This liability coverage may be demonstrated in one of three ways, as specified in items A, B, and C to F:

- A. An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage by having liability insurance as specified in subitems (1) and (2):
- (1) Each insurance policy must be amended by attachment of the hazardous waste facility liability endorsement or evidenced by a certificate of liability insurance. The wording of the endorsement must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 9. The wording of the certificate of insurance must be identical to the

wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 10. The owner or operator shall <u>must</u> submit a signed duplicate original of the endorsement or the certificate of insurance to the commissioner. If requested by the commissioner, the owner or operator shall provide a signed duplicate original of the insurance policy.

- (2) Each insurance policy must be issued by an insurer which is licensed to transact the business of insurance or eligible to provide insurance as an excess or surplus lines insurer in one or more states.
- B. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by passing a financial test or using the corporate guarantee for liability coverage as specified in subparts 5 and 6.
- C. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a letter of credit for liability coverage as specified in subpart 7.
- <u>D.</u> An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a trust fund for liability coverage as specified in subpart 8.
- <u>E.</u> An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through the use of the combinations of insurance, financial test, insurance, the corporate guarantee, a combination of the financial test and insurance, or a combination of the corporate guarantee and insurance as these mechanisms are specified in this part corporate guarantee, letter of credit, and trust fund, except that the owner or operator may not combine a financial test covering part of the liability coverage requirement with a guarantee unless the financial statement of the owner or operator is not consolidated with the financial statement of the guarantor. The amounts of coverage demonstrated must total at least the minimum amounts required by subpart 1 this part. If the owner or operator demonstrates the required coverage through the use of a combination of financial assurances under this item, the owner or operator must specify other assurance as "excess" coverage.
- F. An owner or operator must notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days whenever:
- (1) a claim results in a reduction in the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage provided by a financial instrument authorized in items A to E;
- (2) a certification of valid claim for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is entered between the owner or operator and third-party claimant for liability coverage under items A to E; or
- (3) a final court order establishing a judgment for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is issued against the owner or operator or an instrument that is providing financial assurance for liability coverage under items A to E.
- [In subpart 1, the MPCA amends the rule to clearly identify the expanded range of options being provided in this rulemaking for demonstrating liability coverage for sudden, accidental occurrences and to add new requirements for liability coverage based on the corresponding federal regulations in 40 CFR 265.147(a). The changes are based on RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.147(a). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844,

September 16, 1992. The MPCA has also made minor, clarifying changes that do not change the effect of this provision. The MPCA has also changed "shall" to "must," and "these" to "such."]//

Subp. 2. Coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences. An owner or operator of a surface impoundment, landfill, or land treatment facility which is used to manage hazardous waste, or a group of these such facilities, shall must demonstrate financial responsibility for bodily damage injury and property damage to third parties caused by nonsudden accidental occurrences arising from operations of the facility or group of facilities. The owner or operator shall must have and maintain liability coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences in the amount of at least \$3,000,000 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least \$6,000,000, exclusive of legal defense costs. An owner or operator who must meet the requirements of this part may combine the required per-occurrence coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences into a single per-occurrence level, and combine the required annual aggregate coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences into a single annual aggregate level. Owners or operators who combine coverage levels for sudden and nonsudden accidental occurrences must maintain liability coverage in the amount of at least \$4,000,000 per occurrence and \$8,000,000 annual aggregate. This liability coverage may be demonstrated in one of three ways as specified in items A, B, and C to F:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

- B. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by passing a financial test or using the corporate guarantee for liability coverage as specified in subparts 5 and 6.
- C. An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a letter of credit for liability coverage as specified in subpart 7.
- <u>D.</u> An owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a trust fund for liability coverage as specified in subpart 8.
- <u>E.</u> An owner or operator may demonstrate the required liability coverage through use of the combinations of insurance, financial test, insurance, the corporate guarantee, a combination of the financial test and insurance, or a combination of the corporate guarantee and insurance as these mechanisms are specified in this part corporate guarantee, letter of credit, and trust fund, except that the owner or operator may not combine a financial test covering part of the liability coverage requirement with a guarantee unless the financial statement of the owner or operator is not consolidated with the financial statement of the guarantor. The amounts of coverage demonstrated must total at least the minimum amounts required by subpart 1 this part. If the owner or operator demonstrates the required coverage through the use of a combination of financial assurances under this item, the owner or operator shall specify at least one such assurance as "primary" coverage and shall specify other assurance as "excess" coverage.
- D. The required liability coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences must be demonstrated by the dates specified in subitems (1), (2), (3), and (4). The total sales or revenues of the owner or operator in all lines of business, in the fiscal year preceding July 16, 1984, will determine which of the dates applies. If the owner and operator of a facility are two different parties, or if there is more than one owner or operator, the sales or revenues of the owner or operator with the largest sales or revenues determines the date by which the coverage must be demonstrated. The following dates apply:

- 5 Re 6 \$5
- (2) for an owner or operator not subject to the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.147 (1983) with sales or revenues greater than \$5,000,000 but less than \$10,000,000, 18 months after July 16, 1984;

(3) all other owners or operators not subject to the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.147 (1983) 30 months after July 16, 1984;

(4) for an owner or operator subject to the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.147 (1983) on the date he or she is required to demonstrate coverage under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.147 (1983).

E. By the date six months after July 16, 1984, an owner or operator who is within either of the categories in subitem (2) or (3) shall, unless he or she has demonstrated liability coverage for nonsudden accidental occurrences, send a letter to the commissioner, stating the date by which he or she plans to establish the coverage.

<u>F. An owner or operator shall notify the commissioner in writing within 30 days</u> whenever:

(1) a claim results in a reduction in the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage provided by a financial instrument authorized in items A to E;

 (2) a certification of valid claim for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is entered between the owner or operator and third-party claimant for liability coverage under items A to E; or

(3) a final court order establishing a judgment for bodily injury or property damage caused by a sudden or nonsudden accidental occurrence arising from the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility is issued against the owner or operator or an instrument that is providing financial assurance for liability coverage under items A to E.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA amends the rule to clearly identify the expanded range of options being provided in this rulemaking for demonstrating liability coverage for non-sudden, accidental occurrences and to add new requirements for liability coverage based on the corresponding federal regulations in 40 CFR 147(b). The changes are based on adopts optional language from RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.147(b). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992. The MPCA has also made minor, clarifying changes to change "shall" to "must" that do not change the effect of this provision.]//

[For text of subps 3 and 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. **Financial test for liability coverage.** The financial test for liability coverage is as follows:

[For text of items A to G, see M.R.]

H. If the owner or operator no longer meets the requirements of item A, he or she shall <u>must</u> obtain insurance, a letter of credit, a trust fund, or a corporate guarantee for the entire amount of required liability coverage as specified in this part. Evidence of

insurance <u>liability coverage</u> must be submitted to the commissioner within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year for which the year-end financial data show that the owner or operator no longer meets the test requirements.

[In item H, the MPCA makes minor changes to change "shall" to "must" and to address the types of insurance that will be allowed for liability coverage. The amendments addressing the changes to the liability insurance options are based on RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.147(f)(6). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

[For text of item I, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Corporate guarantee for liability coverage.** The corporate guarantee for liability coverage is as follows:

A. Subject to item B, an owner or operator may meet the requirements of this part by obtaining a written corporate guarantee. The guarantor must be the parent corporation of the owner or operator. The guarantee guarantor must meet the requirements for owners or operators in subpart 5. The wording of the corporate guarantee must be identical to the wording specified in part 7045.0524, subpart 8a. The guarantee must be signed by two corporate officers of the parent corporation. A corporate resolution authorizing the parent corporation to provide the corporate guarantee for the subsidiary must be attached to the guarantee. A certified copy of the corporate guarantee must accompany the items sent to the commissioner as specified in subpart 5, item E. The terms of the corporate guarantee must provide that:

[In subpart 6, the MPCA makes a minor correction to use the correct term 'guarantor,' rather than 'guarantee.' This is the same term used in parallel provisions for liability requirements for facility standards in part 7045.0518, subpart 7.]//

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

[For text of item B, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. Letter of credit for liability coverage.

A. An owner or operator may satisfy the requirements of this part by obtaining an irrevocable standby letter of credit that conforms to the requirements of this subpart and submitting a copy of the letter of credit to the commissioner.

- B. The financial institution issuing the letter of credit must be an entity that has the authority to issue letters of credit and whose letter of credit operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.
- <u>C.</u> The wording of the letter of credit must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 11.

D. An owner or operator who uses a letter of credit to satisfy the requirements of this part may also establish a standby trust fund. Under the terms of a letter of credit, all amounts paid pursuant to a draft by the trustee of the standby trust will be deposited by the issuing institution into the standby trust in accordance with instructions from the trustee. The trustee of the standby trust fund must be an entity that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.

E. The wording of the standby trust fund must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 13.

[In subpart 7, the MPCA adds a new subpart that provides the option of using a letter of credit for liability coverage. This option is based on federal language for use by interim status facilities. The MPCA believes this is a reasonable financial assurance mechanism. The adopted language is based on optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.147(h). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

Subp. 8. Trust fund for liability coverage.

A. An owner or operator may satisfy the requirements of this part by establishing a trust fund that conforms to the requirements of this subpart and submitting an originally signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the commissioner.

B. The trustee must be an entity that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations are regulated and examined by a federal or state agency.

C. The trust fund for liability coverage must be funded for the full amount of the liability coverage to be provided by the trust fund before it may be relied upon to satisfy the requirements of this part. If at any time after the trust fund is created, the amount of funds in the trust fund is reduced below the full amount of the liability coverage to be provided, the owner or operator, by the anniversary date of the establishment of the fund, must either add sufficient funds to the trust fund to cause its value to equal the full amount of liability coverage to be provided or obtain other financial assurance as specified in this part to cover the difference. For purposes of this subpart, "the full amount of the liability coverage to be provided" means the amount of coverage for sudden or nonsudden occurrences required to be provided by the owner or operator by this part, less the amount of financial assurance for liability coverage that is being provided by other financial assurance mechanisms being used to demonstrate financial assurance by the owner or operator.

<u>D.</u> The wording of the trust fund must be identical to the wording in part 7045.0524, subpart 13.

[In subpart 8, the MPCA adds a new subpart that provides the option of using a trust fund for liability coverage. This option is based on federal language for use by interim status facilities. The MPCA believes this is a reasonable financial assurance mechanism. The adopted language is based on optional RCRA Amendment 113: "Consolidated Liability Requirements" = 40 CFR 265.147(j). Further information can be found in 53 FR 33938-33960, September 1, 1988; as amended by 56 FR 30200, July 1, 1991; and 57 FR 42832-42844, September 16, 1992.]//

7045.0626 USE AND MANAGEMENT OF CONTAINERS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies to owners and operators of hazardous waste facilities that store containers of hazardous waste, except as part 7045.0552 provides otherwise. Under parts part 7045.0127, subparts 2 to 4, and 7045.0135, subpart 4, item C Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.33(c), as incorporated in part 7045.0135, if a hazardous waste is emptied from a container, the residue remaining in the container is not considered a hazardous waste if the container is empty, as defined in part

7045.0127, subparts 2 to 4. In that event, management of the container is exempt from 2 the requirements of this part.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA replaces citations to repealed rules with citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

[For text of subps 2 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Containers holding ignitable or reactive waste must be located at least 15 meters (50 feet) from the facility's property line, when physically possible based on the dimensions of the property. When it is not physically possible to place containers at least 50 feet from the property line, based on the dimensions of the property, the ignitable or reactive waste must be placed at least as far as the specified minimum distance from property line found in Table Number 79.503 F of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510, chapter 7510. Nothing in this subpart shall relieve the facility owner or operator from the obligation to comply with any local, state, or federal law governing storage of these wastes.

[In subpart 7, the MPCA corrects a reference and cite to a State Fire Code that has been amended by another rulemaking since originally adopted.]//

[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. Air emission standards. The owner or operator must manage all hazardous waste placed in a container in accordance with the applicable requirements of parts 7045.0645, 7045.0647, and 7045.0648.

In subpart 9, the MPCA adopts language referring to the air emission standards that are being applied to containers at interim status facilities as a result of this rulemaking. The reference is from required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1.28: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.178. Further information regarding the air emission standards can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//

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7045.0628 TANK SYSTEMS.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** This part applies to owners and operators of facilities that use tank systems, including tank systems, sumps, and other such collection devices or systems used in conjunction with drip pads, as defined in part 7045.0020 and regulated under part 7045.0644, to treat or store hazardous waste, except as items A and B and part 7045.0552 provide otherwise.

A. Tank systems that are used to store or treat hazardous waste containing no free liquids and that are located inside a building with an impermeable floor are exempt from the requirements of subpart 4. To demonstrate the absence or presence of free liquids in the stored or treated waste, EPA the following test must be used: Method 9095 (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods," (EPA publication No. SW-846) must be used,

42 incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects the name of the EPA test method for verifying the 43 44 presence of liquids in order to correspond to the federal counterpart in 40 CFR 45 265.190(a). The amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 126.15:

2 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994. 3 The MPCA also provides language to clarify where to find the prescribed test method, 4 which has changed as a result of these amendments.]// 5 [For text of item B, see M.R.] 6 [For text of subps 2 to 9, see M.R.] 7 Subp. 10. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Ignitable or reactive 8 waste must not be placed in a tank unless: 9 [For text of items A and B, see M.R.] 10 C. the tank is used solely for emergencies. The owner or operator of a facility which treats or stores ignitable or reactive waste in 11 12 a tank shall comply with the requirements for the maintenance of protective distances 13 between the waste management area and any public ways, streets, alleys, or an adjoining 14 property line that can be built upon, as required in the buffer zone requirements for tanks, 15 contained in article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by 16 reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510. [In item C, the MPCA corrects a reference to a previously amended State Fire 17 18 Code.]// 19 [For text of subps 11 and 12, see M.R.] 20 Subp. 13. Air emission standards. The owner or operator of a facility must manage 21 all hazardous waste placed in a tank in accordance with parts 7045.0645, 7045.0647, and 22 7045.0648. 23 [In subpart 13, the MPCA adopts language referring to the air emission standards 24 that are being applied to tanks at interim status facilities as a result of this rulemaking. 25 The reference is from required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1.29: "Consolidated 26 Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" 27 = 40 CFR 265.202. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.\// 28 29 30 7045.0629 REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL QUANTITY AND VERY 31 SMALL QUANTITY GENERATORS THAT ACCUMULATE 32 HAZARDOUS WASTE IN TANKS. 33 [For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.] 34 Subp. 5. **Ignitable and reactive wastes.** Generators regulated under this part must 35 comply with the following special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste: [For text of item A, see M.R.] 36 37 B. The owner or operator of a facility which treats or stores ignitable or reactive 38 waste in covered tanks must comply with the buffer zone requirements for tanks 39 contained in article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by 40 reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510. 41 [In item B, the MPCA corrects a reference to a previously amended State Fire 42 Code.]// 43 [For text of subp 6, see M.R.] 44

"Testing and Monitoring Activities." Further information can be found in 58 FR

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7045.0630 SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS.

[For text of subps 1 and 1a, see M.R.]

Subp. 2. General operating requirements.

A. A surface impoundment must maintain enough freeboard to prevent any overtopping of the dike by overfilling, wave action or a storm. There must be at least 60 centimeters (two feet) of freeboard. Any point source discharge from a surface impoundment to waters of the United States is subject to the requirements of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, United States Code, title 33, section 1342, as amended. Spills may be subject to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, United States Code, title 33, section 1312, as amended.

B. Surface impoundments that are newly subject to RCRA section 3005(j)(1) due to the promulgation of additional listings or characteristics for the identification of hazardous waste must be in compliance with subpart 1a not later than 48 months after the promulgation of the additional listing or characteristic. This compliance period shall not be cut short as the result of the promulgation of land disposal prohibitions under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 268, as amended, or the granting of an extension to the effective date of a prohibition pursuant to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.5, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, within this 48-month period.

[In item A, the MPCA adopts language to address wastes that are newly regulated under the land disposal restrictions. The adopted language is based on required RCRA Amendment 109.24: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.221(h). Further information about the land disposal restrictions can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subps 2a to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Closure and postclosure care.** The requirements of closure and postclosure care are as follows:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. If the owner or operator removes or decontaminates all the impoundment materials described in item A, the impoundment is not further subject to the requirements of parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651. At closure and throughout the operating period, unless the owner or operator can demonstrate that any waste removed from the surface impoundment is not a hazardous waste, he or she becomes a generator of hazardous waste and must manage it in accordance with all applicable requirements of parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0397 and 7045.0552 to 7045.0642 7045.0651.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. **Special requirements for ignitable or reactive wastes.** Ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a surface impoundment unless the waste and the impoundment satisfy all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and:

[In subpart 7, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

Subp. 8. **Special requirements for incompatible wastes.** Incompatible waste, or incompatible wastes and materials, must not be placed in the same surface impoundment

1	unless part 7045.0562, subpart 2, is followed. For examples of potentially incompatible
2	wastes, or incompatible waste and materials, see part 7045.0643, subpart 1, item D.
3	[In subpart 8, the MPCA initiates providing a citation to a rule that incorporates an
4	appendix which lists examples of potentially incompatible wastes and materials. This
5	citation corresponds to parenthetical information provided in the federal counterpart
6	to this rule found at 40 CFR 265.230. The reference to part 7045.0643, subpart 1,
7 8	item D is to the rule being added in this rulemaking that incorporates appendices from the federal regulations.]//
9	Subp. 9. Air emission standards. The owner or operator must manage all hazardous
10	waste placed in a surface impoundment in accordance with parts 7045.0645 and
11	7045.0648.
12	In subpart 9, the MPCA requires surface impoundments to comply with the
13	requirements for air emissions being adopted in this rulemaking. The language is
14	based on required RCRA Amendment 154, 154-1.30: "Consolidated Organic Air
15	Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR
16	265.231. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994;
17	as amended by 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]//
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10	7045.0632 WASTE PILES.
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20	[For text of subps 1 to 4b, see M.R.]
21 22	Subp. 5. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Ignitable or reactive
23	waste must not be placed in a pile unless the waste and pile satisfy all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390:
24	[In subpart 5, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of
25	rules.]//
26	[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]
27	[For text of subps 6 to 9, see M.R.]
28	
29	7045.0634 LAND TREATMENT.
30	[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]
31	Subp. 7. Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste. Ignitable or reactive
32	wastes must not be land treated, unless the waste and treatment zone meet all applicable
33	requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and the waste is
34	immediately incorporated into the soil so that the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution
35	of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under parts
36 37	7045.0131, subpart 2 or 5; and 7045.0562, subpart 2 is complied with. [In subpart 7, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of
38	rules.]//
39	[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]
40	[101 text of strop 0, see 11.11.]
41	7045.0638 LANDFILLS.
42	[For text of subps 1 to 3, see M.R.]
	

Subp. 4. **Closure and postclosure.** Closure and postclosure requirements are as follows:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. After final closure, the owner or operator shall comply with all postclosure requirements contained in parts 7045.0600 to 7045.0606 including maintenance and monitoring throughout the postclosure care period. The owner or operator must:

[For text of subitem (1), see M.R.]

(2) maintain and monitor the leak detection system in accordance with part 7045.0538, subparts 3, item C, subitems (3), unit (d), and (4); and 2c, item B, and comply with all other applicable leak detection system requirements of this part parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0651 governing interim status facility standards;

[In subitem (2), the MPCA adopts language referring to the leak detection system requirements that can be found in the entire range of interim status rules. The existing language referred only to the leak detection requirements that apply to landfills. However, in an EPA program authorization review, the EPA identified the fact that the corresponding federal regulations in 40 CFR 264.310(b)(2) reference the entire part of the federal regulations that regulate interim status. The MPCA is making the changes in this subpart to correct this error. The language of this amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 100: "Liners and Leak Detection Systems for Hazardous Waste Land Disposal Units" = 40 CFR 264.310(b)(2). Further information can be found in 57 FR 3462-3497, January 29, 1992.]//

[For text of subitems (3) to (5), see M.R.]

Subp. 5. **Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.** Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste are as follows:

A. Except as provided in item B, and subparts 7 and 9, ignitable or reactive waste must not be placed in a landfill unless the waste and landfill meet all applicable requirements of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, and the resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under part 7045.0131, subpart 2 or 5, and compliance with part 7045.0562, subpart 2, is maintained.

[In item A, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

B. Except for prohibited wastes which remain subject to treatment standards in parts 7045.1350 to 7045.1360 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.42, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, ignitable wastes in containers may be landfilled without meeting the requirements of item A if the wastes are disposed so that they are protected from any material or conditions which may cause them to ignite. Ignitable wastes must be disposed in nonleaking containers which are carefully handled and placed so as to avoid heat, sparks, rupture, or any other condition that might cause ignition of the wastes; must be covered daily with soil or other noncombustible material to minimize the potential for ignition of the wastes; and must not be disposed in cells that contain or will contain other wastes which may generate heat sufficient to cause ignition of the wastes.

[In item B, the MPCA replaces citations to repealed rules with citations to equivalent federal rules as incorporated by reference.]//

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Subp. 7. Special requirements for liquid waste. Bulk or noncontainerized liquid waste or waste containing free liquids, whether or not absorbents sorbents have been added, must not be placed in a landfill.

A. A container holding liquid waste or waste containing free liquids must not be placed in a landfill, unless:

(1) all free standing liquid has been removed by decanting, or other methods; has been mixed with absorbent sorbent or solidified so that free standing liquid is no longer observed; or has been otherwise eliminated;

[For text of subitems (2) to (4), see M.R.]

B. To demonstrate the presence or absence or presence of free liquids in either a containerized or a bulk waste, the following test must be demonstrated using the Paint Filter Liquids Test, used: Method 9095 (Paint Filter Liquids Test) as described in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods." EPA publication number SW-846, incorporated in part 7045.0065, item D.

[In item B, the MPCA rephrases existing language and makes corrections to information regarding the name of the EPA test methods for determining the presence of free liquids. The amendment is based on required RCRA Amendment 126.15: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 265.314(d). information can be found in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993; as amended at 59 FR 47980-47982, September 19, 1994.]//

C. Sorbents used to treat free liquids to be disposed of in landfills must be nonbiodegradable. Nonbiodegradable sorbents are materials listed or described in subitem (1) or materials that pass one of the tests in subitem (2).

(1) Nonbiodegradable sorbents:

- (a) inorganic minerals, other inorganic materials, and elemental carbon (for example, aluminosilicates, clays, smectites, Fuller's earth, bentonite, calcium bentonite, montmorillonite, calcined montmorillonite, kaolinite, micas (illite), vermiculites, and zeolites; calcium carbonate (organic free limestone); oxides/hydroxides, alumina, lime, silica (sand), and diatomaceous earth; perlite (volcanic glass); expanded volcanic rock; volcanic ash; cement kiln dust; fly ash; rice hull ash; and activated charcoal/activated carbon);
- (b) high molecular weight synthetic polymers (for example, polyethylene, high density polyethylene (HDPE), polypropylene, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyacrylate, polynorborene, polyisobutylene, ground synthetic rubber, cross-linked allylstyrene and tertiary butyl copolymers). This does not include polymers derived from biological material or polymers specifically designed to be degradable; or
 - (c) mixtures of these nonbiodegradable materials.
- (2) Tests for nonbiodegradable sorbents must use the following methods. The methods are incorporated by reference under part 7045.0538, subpart 10, item D, subitem <u>(2):</u>
- (a) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G21-70 (1984a), Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic

(b) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under ASTM Method G22-76 (1984b), Standard Practice for Determining Resistance of Plastics to Bacteria; or

(c) the sorbent material is determined to be nonbiodegradable under OECD test 301B: [CO₂ Evolution (Modified Sturm Test)].

[In subpart 7, the MPCA makes a number of changes to the regulations governing landfills. At several points, the MPCA changes the word "absorbent" to the broader term "sorbent," based on federal language. The MPCA also adopts specific requirements regarding the use of sorbents to treat free liquids. These changes are reasonable for the reasons discussed in part 7045.0538, subpart 10 and are based on language from required RCRA Amendment 118.3: "Liquids in Landfills II" = 40 CFR 265.314. Further information can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18, 1992.]//

[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. **Special requirements for disposal of laboratory packs.** Small containers of hazardous waste in overpacked drums, or laboratory packs, may be placed in a landfill if the requirements of items A to F are met:

A. Hazardous waste must be packaged in nonleaking inside containers. The inside containers must be of a design and constructed of a material that will not react dangerously with, be decomposed by, or be ignited by the waste held therein. Inside containers must be tightly and securely sealed. The inside containers must be of the size and type specified authorized in the United States Department of Transportation hazardous materials regulations under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 173, 178, and 179, and 180, as amended, if those regulations specify a particular inside container for the waste.

[In item A, the MPCA is amending the State rules on the advice of Minnesota's Department of Transportation. The amendments revise language to conform with amended U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. The language of this item is slightly different than the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 265.316, but the MPCA believes it is the more accurate and current reference to the applicable United States Department of Transportation requirements.]//

B. The inside containers must be overpacked in an open a removable head metal shipping container as specified in United States Department of Transportation regulations under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 173.12 and parts 178 and, 179, and 180, as amended, of no more than 416 liter (110 gallon) capacity, and. The inside containers must be surrounded by a sufficient quantity of absorbent chemically compatible sorbent material, determined to be nonbiodegradable in accordance with subpart 7, item C, to completely absorb sorb all of the liquid contents of the inside containers. The gross weight of the complete package must not exceed 205 kilograms (452 pounds). The metal outer container must be full after packing it has been packed with inside containers and absorbent sorbent material.

[In item B, the MPCA adopts language addressing changes to the corresponding federal EPA regulation regarding overpacking of containers and also to address changes made to the federal Department of Transportation regulations. The changes are based on required RCRA Amendment 118.4: "Liquids in Landfills II" = 40 CFR 265.316(b). Further information can be found in 57 FR 54452-54461, November 18,

1992. The MPCA is revising the federal language slightly to reflect revisions in the cited U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. The MPCA believes that these differences, taken on the advice of the Minnesota Department of Transportation, are a more accurate reference to the rules that actually apply.]//

C. The absorbent sorbent material used must not be capable of reacting dangerously with, being decomposed by, or being ignited by the contents of the inside containers, in accordance with part 7045.0562, subpart 2.

[In item C, the MPCA changes "absorbent" to "sorbent" for the same reasons discussed in subpart 7 of this part.]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

F. The disposal complies with parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390. Persons who incinerate lab packs according to part 7045.1360 in accordance with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.42(c)(1), as incorporated in part 7045.1390, may use fiber drums in place of metal outer containers. The fiber drums must meet the United States Department of Transportation specifications in Code of Federal Regulation, title 49, section 173.12, as amended, and be overpacked according to in accordance with item B.

[In item F, the MPCA replaces a reference to a repealed range of rules with the correct citation being adopted or incorporated by reference in this rulemaking. The MPCA also is amending the rules at this time to include the phrase "as amended" in regard to future changes to Department of Transportation specifications. This type of prospective adoption is reasonable for the reasons discussed in part IV of this Statement of Need and Reasonableness. Finally, the MPCA revises language at the end of the item for grammatical purposes.]//

7045.0643 APPENDICES TO INTERIM STATUS FACILITY STANDARDS.

Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The following appendices found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, as amended, are incorporated by reference:

[In subpart 1, items A to E, the MPCA incorporates by reference the appendices to Interim Facility Standards that are found in 40 CFR 265. In these appendices, the MPCA is adopting standards or tests that are referenced either in current rules or in rules that are being adopted or revised for interim status facilities in this rulemaking. By adopting these appendices by reference as amended, the MPCA will ensure that the most current standards are incorporated into the State rules. The MPCA's discussion of the reasonableness of incorporating federal regulations "as amended" is provided in Section IV of this Statement of Need and Reasonableness. Note: the EPA repealed its former Appendix II from the federal regulations which is why it is not included the these incorporated appendices.]//

A. Appendix I, Recordkeeping Instructions;

[In item A, the MPCA incorporates Appendix I, regarding recordkeeping. This Appendix was amended as described in required RCRA Amendment 131.2: "Recordkeeping Instructions; Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 265 Appendix I, Tables 1 and 2. Further information can be found in 59 FR 13891-13893, March 24, 1994.]//

B. Appendix III, EPA Interim Primary Drinking Water Standards;

[In item B, the MPCA incorporates Appendix III, a listing of drinking water standards. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to incorporate these standards, which are referred to in part 7045.0590, subpart 6, by reference in order to accommodate future revisions.]//

C. Appendix IV, Tests for Significance;

[In item C, the MPCA incorporates Appendix IV, which establishes tests to determine significance. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to incorporate this test, which is referred to in part 7045.0592, subpart 2, by reference in order to accommodate future revisions.]//

D. Appendix V, Examples of Potentially Incompatible Waste; and

[In item D, the MPCA incorporates Appendix V, which provides examples of incompatible wastes. The MPCA believes it is reasonable to incorporate this list of examples, which are referred to in part 7045.0630, subpart 8, by reference in order to accommodate future revisions.]//

E. Appendix VI, Compounds with Henry's Law Constant Less Than 0.1 Y/X.

[In item E, the MPCA adopts language regarding the use of Henry's Law Constant. This Appendix was amended as described in required RCRA Amendment 163.38: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 265 Appendix VI. Further information can be found in 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997. Appendix VI is referenced in 265.1081 which the MPCA is incorporating in this rulemaking as part of the air emission standards.]//

Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA provides a reference to part 7045.0090 which applies whenever regulations are incorporated by reference. Part 7045.0090, subpart 1f, specifically applies when federal interim status facility standards are incorporated by reference.]//

7045.0645 AIR EMISSION STANDARDS FOR TANKS, SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS, AND CONTAINERS.

Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The owners and operators of interim status facilities that treat, store, or dispose of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments, or containers must comply with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart CC, air emission standards for tanks, surface impoundments, and containers, sections 265.1080 to 265.1091, as amended, which are incorporated by reference subject to the exceptions in subpart 2.

[In part 7045.0645, the MPCA incorporates federal requirements addressing air emission standards that apply to interim status facilities that treat, store or dispose of hazardous waste in tanks, surface impoundments or containers. The State rules previously only provided air emission standards for process vents and equipment leaks. The new standards, referenced in subpart 1 are based on federal regulations found in 40 CFR 265, subpart CC (40 CFR 265.1080 through 265.1090), "Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers." By incorporating these standards by reference, the MPCA also effectively incorporates language from these related RCRA Amendments:

- RCRA Amendments 154, 154-1.26, 154-2, 154-3, 154-4, 154-5, 154-6: "Consolidated Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers" = 40 CFR 265.1080-1091. Further information can be found in 59 FR 62896-62953, December 6, 1994; as amended by 60 FR 26828-26829, May 19, 1995; 60 FR 50426-50430, September 29, 1995; 60 FR 56952-56954, November 13, 1995; 61 FR 4903-4916, February 9, 1996; 61 FR 28508-28511, June 5, 1996; and 61 FR 59932-59997, November 25, 1996.]
- RCRA Amendment 177: "Organic Air Emission Standards: Clarification and Technical Amendments" = 40 CFR 265.1080(b)(5); 265.1084(a)(1)(i-ii); 265.1084(a)(3)(ii)(B,D); 265.1084(a)(3)(iii); 265.1084(b)(1)(i-ii); 265.1084(b)(3)(ii)(B,D); 265.1084(b)(3)(iii); 265.1085(h)(3)(i-ii); and 265.1087(e)(6). Further information can be found in 64 FR 3382, January 21, 1999.
- RCRA Amendment 163.28-37: "Organic Air Emission Standards for Tanks, Surface Impoundments, and Containers; Clarification and Technical Amendment" = 40 CFR 265.1080; 265.1081; 265.1082; 265.1083; 265.1084; 265.1085; 265.1086; 265.1087; 265.1088; and 265.1090. Further information can be found in 62 FR 64636-64671, December 8, 1997.]//
 - Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations.
- A. The agency does not incorporate the following Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart CC, provisions, as amended:
- (1) Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1080(d) to (g), governing specific exclusions; and
- (2) Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 265.1083(c)(4)(ii), governing authority that EPA cannot delegate to states.
- [In item A, the MPCA clarifies that it does not incorporate parts of the federal regulations governing specific exclusions and authority that does not apply in Minnesota. The exceptions to the adoption by reference are: (1) the MPCA does not adopt specific exclusions relating to peroxide manufacturers (described in 265.1080 (d)), and sites located in other states (described in 265.1080 (e) to (g)); and (2) the MPCA does not have the authority to grant variances to specific land disposal treatment standards (described in 265.1083 (c)(4)(ii)). See the discussion of the similar exclusion in part 7045.1390, subpart 5, item A of this document.]//
- B. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

 [In item B, the MPCA refers readers to the general State rule part governing adoption and incorporation by reference.]//

7045.0649 CONTAINMENT BUILDINGS.

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Subpart 1. **Incorporation of federal regulations.** The owners and operators of interim status facilities that store or treat hazardous waste in containment buildings must comply with Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 265, subpart DD, Containment Buildings, sections 265.1100 to 265.1110, as amended, which are incorporated by reference subject to the exceptions in subpart 2.

[In part 7045.0649, the MPCA incorporates the requirements of 40 CFR 265, subpart DD, "Containment Buildings" by reference, as amended. The MPCA believes that it is efficient and reasonable to adopt this section of the federal regulations by reference as amended. In the incorporated federal regulations, sections 265.1103-1110 are

"reserved." Since the MPCA incorporates these sections of RCRA as amended, if the EPA incorporates regulations into these reserved sections, they would be automatically incorporated into the State rules unless the MPCA amends its rules to provide exceptions to particular provisions. By adopting this rule, the MPCA also adopts amendments based on required RCRA Amendment 109.25: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 265.1100-1110. Further information can be found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.]//

Subp. 2. Additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporated regulations. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.

[In subpart 2, the MPCA provides exceptions to its incorporation by reference in subpart 1 by referring readers to the general State rule part governing adoption and incorporation by reference.]//

7045.0652 FACILITIES GOVERNED BY FACILITY STANDARDS.

Subpart 1. **General requirements.** Parts 7045.0652 and 7045.0655 apply in lieu of parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0642 <u>7045.0651</u> to the owner or operator of the following types of units or facilities:

[In subpart 1, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.] [For text of subp 2, see M.R.]

7045.0655 GENERAL FACILITY STANDARDS.

[For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. **Closure.** At closure, the owner or operator of an elementary neutralization unit, pretreatment unit, or wastewater treatment unit shall remove all hazardous waste and hazardous waste residues from the unit.

At closure, the owner or operator of a combustion waste facility shall analyze the waste present in the facility according to in accordance with parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155 and shall submit the waste analysis results and proposed closure methods to the commissioner. Based on the waste analysis and proposed closure methods, the agency shall determine which closure standards from parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0551, if any, apply to the facility.

[In subpart 6, the MPCA makes a grammatical change that does not alter the meaning of the rules. The MPCA also corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]

7045.0665 USE HAZARDOUS WASTES USED IN A MANNER CONSTITUTING DISPOSAL.

[In part 7045.0665, the MPCA revises the title to clarify the subject of this part.]//

Subpart 1. **Scope.** Items A and B apply This part applies to hazardous wastes that are used in a manner constituting disposal.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA revises language to clarify to what this entire part applies.]//

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2 B. Hazardous wastes are not used in a manner constituting disposal if: 3

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.]

(3) the products meet the applicable treatment standards in parts 7045.1350 to 7045.1360 or applicable prohibition levels in part 7045.1330 Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.49, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or, if no treatment standards have been established, meet the applicable prohibition levels in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.32, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, or RCRA section 3004(d) where no treatment standards have been established, for each recyclable material hazardous waste that they contain.

[In subitem (3), the MPCA is deleting citations to repealed State rules and replacing them with citations to equivalent federal rules that are being incorporated by reference in this rulemaking. The references to the deleted and replaced citations refer to the land disposal restrictions that are discussed in more detail in this Statement at part 7045.1390. This language in subpart 1, item B, now corresponds to 40 CFR 266.20(b) with the following exception. In the last sentence the MPCA has changed the term "recyclable material," which is used in the federal counterpart, to "hazardous waste." The MPCA believes that the treatment standards referred to only apply to hazardous wastes and would not necessarily apply to recyclable materials that may or may not be hazardous wastes. The term "hazardous waste" is more accurate and appropriate to this application.]//

Commercial fertilizers that are produced for the general public's use that contain recyclable materials also are not presently subject to regulation provided they meet the same treatment standards or prohibition levels for each recyclable material that they contain. However, zinc-containing fertilizers using hazardous waste K061 that are produced for the general public's use are not presently subject to regulation.

The MPCA is deleting the last paragraph of item B addressing the regulation of fertilizers and is providing new requirements addressing fertilizers in item D. subitems (1) and (2) below.]//

C. Antiskid/deicing uses of slags, which are generated from high temperature metals recovery (HTMR) processing of hazardous waste K061, K062, and F006, in a manner constituting disposal are not covered by the exemption in item B and remain subject to regulation.

[In item C, the MPCA adopts language from required RCRA Amendment 136.2: "Removal of the Conditional Exemption for Certain Slag Residues" = 40 CFR 266.20(c): Further information about the Amendment can be found at 59 FR 43496-43500, August 24, 1994.]//

- D. Fertilizers that contain recyclable materials are not subject to regulation provided that:
- (1) they are zinc fertilizers that meet the requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 261.4(a)(21), as amended; or
- 42 (2) they meet the applicable treatment standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.40 to 268.49, as incorporated in part 7045.1390, for each hazardous 43 44 waste that they contain.
 - [Item D, addressing the use of fertilizers, is added to incorporate a paragraph that was formerly at the end of item B, subitem (3), along with certain modifications to

make it consistent with the federal counterpart found at 40 CFR 266.20(d). The change is based on RCRA Amendment 200: "Zinc Fertilizers Made from Recycled Hazardous Secondary Materials" = 40 CFR 266.20(d). Further information can be found at 67 FR 48393-48415, July 24, 2002.]//

[For text of subps 1a to 3, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. Standards applicable to facilities managing wastes that are to be used in a manner that constitutes disposal. Facilities managing wastes in a manner that constitutes disposal are subject to the following requirements:

A. owners or operators of facilities that store recyclable wastes that are to be used in a manner that constitutes disposal, but who are not the ultimate users of the wastes are subject to all applicable provisions of parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0450 to 7045.0534, 7045.0544 7045.0551, and 7045.0552 to 7045.0632 7045.0651, and chapter 7001: and

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that the MPCA repealed in a prior rulemaking. The MPCA also corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

B. owners or operators of facilities that use recyclable wastes that are to be used in a manner that constitutes disposal are subject to all applicable provisions of parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0450 to 7045.0538, 7045.0544 7045.0551, 7045.0552 to 7045.0638 7045.0651, and 7045.1390 and chapter 7001.

[In item B, the MPCA makes several changes. First, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that the MPCA repealed in a prior rulemaking. Second, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added in this rulemaking. Finally, the MPCA adopts a reference to the land disposal restrictions that would also apply to facilities managing wastes to be used in a manner that constitutes disposal using the cite revised in this rulemaking.]//

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7045.0686 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MANAGEMENT OF SPENT OR WASTE HOUSEHOLD BATTERIES.

Subpart 1. **Scope.** The requirements of this part apply to operators who collect, store, transport, or reclaim spent or waste household batteries as a part of a household battery management program.

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. Operators who collect, transport, or store spent or waste household batteries which are sent for recycling but who do not reclaim them are subject to regulation under subparts 2 and 3, but are not otherwise subject to regulation under parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050, 7045.0205 to 7045.1380 7045.1390, and chapter 7001 for such collection, transportation, and storage.

[In item B, the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that the MPCA repealed in a prior rulemaking. The MPCA also corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 2 to 4, see M.R.]

7045.0692 HAZARDOUS WASTE BURNED FOR ENERGY RECOVERY. [For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.] Subp. 5. Standards applicable to marketers of hazardous waste fuel. Marketers are

subject to the requirements in items A to F.

[For text of items A and B, see M.R.]

C. If a marketer is a generator, or becomes a generator by initiating a shipment of hazardous waste fuel, the marketer must comply with parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0320. If the marketer operates a facility, the marketer must comply with parts 7045.0450 to 7045.0534 7045.0551. If the marketer is operating a facility under interim status, the marketer must comply with parts 7045.0552 to 7045.0632 7045.0651. If the marketer stores hazardous waste, the marketer must comply with the agency's permitting procedures in chapter 7001 and parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050 for storage of hazardous waste.

[In item C, the MPCA corrects two citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added. The MPCA also deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that the MPCA repealed in a prior rulemaking.]//

[For text of items D and E, see M.R.]

F. In addition to the applicable record keeping requirements of parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0320, 7045.0450 to 7045.0534 7045.0551, and 7045.0552 to 7045.0632 7045.0651, a marketer must keep a copy of each certification notice received or sent for three years from the date the marketer last engaged in a hazardous waste fuel marketing transaction with the person who sent or received the certification notice.

[In item F, the MPCA corrects citations to ranges of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

Subp. 6. **Standards applicable to burners of hazardous waste fuel.** Owners and operators of industrial furnaces and boilers identified in subpart 2, item B, that burn hazardous fuel are subject to the requirements in items A to F.

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

- E. Generators who accumulate waste for longer than the time periods in item D, and burners who receive waste from off-site and store it, must comply with the following requirements:
- (1) the agency's permitting procedures in chapter 7001 and parts 7023.9000 to 7023.9050 for hazardous waste storage facilities, parts 7045.0205 to 7045.0536, 7045.0544, 7045.0552 to 7045.0632, 7045.1000 to 7045.1030, and 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 7045.1390; and
- [In subitem (1), the MPCA deletes a citation to chapter 7023 that the MPCA repealed in a prior rulemaking. The MPCA also provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of subitem (2), see M.R.]
[For text of item F, see M.R.]

41 7045.0800 MIXTURES OF USED OIL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE.

[For text of subps 1 and 2, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **Rebuttable presumption of mixing.** Except as provided in items A to C, used oil containing more than 1,000 ppm total halogens is presumed to have been mixed with a halogenated hazardous waste listed in part 7045.0135, and thus is subject to

regulation as a listed hazardous waste. Persons may rebut this presumption by
demonstrating that the used oil does not contain hazardous waste. Demonstration must
either involve applying knowledge of the source of halogens or the use of an analytical
method from Environmental Protection Agency document SW-846, Edition III, (such as
method 8010A or 8021) as incorporated by reference in part 7045.0065, item D, to show
that the used oil does not contain greater than 100 ppm of any individual halogenated
hazardous constituent listed in part 7045.0139.

In subpart 3, the MPCA revises language to more accurately identify the prescribe

[In subpart 3, the MPCA revises language to more accurately identify the prescribed analytic method. The MPCA also provides a clearer reference to where it is incorporated into these rules.]//

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

Subp. 4. **Characteristic waste.** Mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste that solely exhibits one or more of the hazardous waste characteristics identified in part 7045.0131 and mixtures of used oil and hazardous waste that is listed in part 7045.0135 solely because it exhibits one or more of the characteristics of hazardous waste identified in part 7045.0131 are subject to:

[For text of item A, see M.R.]

B. except as provided in item C, regulation as used oil under parts 7045.0790 to 7045.0990 and regulation under the land disposal restrictions of parts 7045.1300 to 7045.1380 part 7045.1390, if the resultant mixture does not exhibit any characteristic of hazardous waste identified in part 7045.0131; or

[In item B, the MPCA provides the replacement citation for a repealed range of rules.]//

[For text of item C, see M.R.]

7045.0805 WASTE CONTAINING OR CONTAMINATED WITH USED OIL.

A. Waste contaminated with used oil that is destined for disposal is subject to evaluation under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155 to determine if it is hazardous waste, and the appropriate solid or hazardous waste management standards based on the results of the evaluation, unless the waste is:

[In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subitems (1) and (2), see M.R.] [For text of items B to E, see M.R.]

7045.0855 STANDARDS FOR USED OIL GENERATORS.

[For text of subpart 1, see M.R.]

39 Subp. 2. Storage.

A. Used oil generators shall comply with all applicable spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 112, as amended, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil generators shall also comply with the underground storage tank standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 280, chapter 7150 for used oil stored in underground tanks, whether or not the

used oil exhibits any characteristic of hazardous waste, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a reference to the federal underground storage tank standards and replaces it with language to clarify that the State rules governing storage tank standards found in chapter 7150 apply to used oil generators who store used oil in underground tanks. The federal regulations governing underground tanks were in effect before the adoption of the State rules governing underground tanks and a reference to the federal regulations was reasonable. However, now that the State rules are in effect, it is reasonable to delete the redundant reference to the federal regulations. None of these references to existing rules and statutes change the effect of this item.]//

B. Used oil generators who store used oil for more than seven days in aboveground tanks of at least 110 gallons in size are subject to parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 chapter 7151, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil generators who store at least 10,000 gallons of used oil at one time are subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115E, to prepare and maintain a discharge prevention and response plan, in addition to the requirements of this part. All used oil generators shall comply with the storage and use requirements of article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item B, the MPCA removes obsolete and superfluous time and size limits. Appropriate limits are provided in applicable chapter 7151 rules. The MPCA also corrects a citation to repealed chapter 7100 rules that were previously changed and moved to chapter 7151. The MPCA also corrects an obsolete reference to provide the current State Fire Code. These changes maintain the original intent of the rule that above ground storage tank rules, spill prevention and response rules, and State Fire Codes apply to those storing used oil.]//

[For text of items C and D, see M.R.]

Subp. 3. **On-site burning in small burning units designed to burn used oil.** Generators who store used oil in vessels directly connected to burning units shall comply with article 61 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510. Generators may burn used oil in burning units designed to burn used oil provided that:

[In subpart 3, the MPCA corrects a reference to the State Fire Code.]//

[For text of items A to D, see M.R.]

E. the unit is used in accordance and its operation comply with the Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.015 Fire Code.

[For text of subps 4 and 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. Closure.

A. Generators who store or process used oil in aboveground tanks must to the extent practical, at closure of the tank system, remove or decontaminate visible residues in tanks, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

B. Owners and operators who store used oil in containers must, at closure, remove containers holding used oils or residues of used oil from the site. The owner or operator must remove or decontaminate used oil residues, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 7, see M.R.]

7045.0865 STANDARDS FOR USED OIL TRANSPORTERS AND TRANSFER FACILITIES.

[For text of subps 1 to 6, see M.R.]

Subp. 7. Used oil discharges.

[For text of items A to C, see M.R.]

D. An air, rail, highway, or water transporter who has discharged used oil must give notice, if required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 171.15, as amended, to the National Response Center (800) 424-8802, and report in writing as required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 171.16, as amended, to the Director, Office of Hazardous Materials Regulations, Materials Transportation Bureau Information Systems Manager, PHH-63, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590-0001, or submit an electronic hazardous materials incident report to the Information Systems Manager, DHM-63, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration, Department of Transportation, Washington, D.C. 20590-0001 at http://hazmat.dot.gov.

[In item D, the MPCA follows advice from Minnesota's Department of Transportation to revise language to conform with amended U.S. Department of Transportation regulations.]//

[For text of subp 8, see M.R.]

Subp. 9. **Used oil storage at transfer facilities.** This subpart applies to used oil transfer facilities where used oil is stored for more than 24 hours and no more than 35 days. Transfer facilities where used oil is stored for more than 35 days are subject to regulation under part 7045.0875.

A. Used oil transporters shall comply with all applicable spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 112, as amended, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil transporters shall also comply with the underground storage tank standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 280, as amended, chapter 7150 for used oil stored in underground tanks, whether or not the used oil exhibits any characteristic of hazardous waste, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a reference to the federal underground storage tank standards and replaces it with language to clarify that the State rules governing storage tank standards found in chapter 7150 apply to used oil transporters who store

used oil in underground tanks. The federal regulations governing underground tanks were in effect before the adoption of the State rules governing underground tanks and a reference to the federal regulations was reasonable. However, now that the State rules are in effect, it is reasonable to delete the redundant reference to the federal regulations. None of these references to existing rules and statutes change the effect of this item.]//

B. Used oil transporters who store used oil for more than seven days in aboveground tanks of at least 110 gallons in size are subject to parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 chapter 7151, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil transporters who store at least 10,000 gallons of used oil at one time are subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115E, to prepare and maintain a discharge prevention and response plan, in addition to the requirements of this part. All used oil transporters shall comply with the storage and use requirements of article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item B, the MPCA removes obsolete and superfluous time and size limits. Appropriate limits are provided in applicable chapter 7151 rules. The MPCA also corrects a citation to repealed chapter 7100 rules that were previously changed and moved to chapter 7151. The MPCA also corrects an obsolete reference to provide the current State Fire Code. These changes maintain the original intent of the rule that above ground storage tank rules, spill prevention and response rules, and State Fire Codes apply to transporters who store used oil.]//

C. Used oil transporters shall not store used oil in units other than containers or tanks and shall ensure that the following requirements for containers and tanks are met. Containers and tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities must be in good condition, not leaking, and closed. Containers must be equipped with a secondary containment system consisting of dikes, berms, or retaining walls and a floor that covers the entire area within the dikes, berms, or retaining walls, or an equivalent secondary containment system. The entire containment system, including walls and floors, must be sufficiently impervious to used oil to prevent any used oil released into the containment system from migrating out of the system to the soil, groundwater, or surface water. Containers, aboveground tanks, and fill pipes of underground tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities must be marked with the words "Used Oil." Aboveground tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities are may also be subject to the secondary containment requirements of parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 and other requirements in chapter 7151. Double walled tanks meet this secondary containment requirement.

[In item C, the MPCA clarifies that the storage tank standards found in chapter 7151 apply to transfer facilities that store used oil in aboveground tanks. This change does not add new regulation but only clarifies that certain requirements of the above ground tank standards may also apply. The MPCA also is removing a statement that double walled tanks meet the secondary containment requirement for above ground tanks. The requirements for the application of secondary containment are addressed in more detail in chapter 7151 and the MPCA believes it is more appropriate to refer readers to that chapter rather than to simply identify double walled tanks, which is only one of the options allowed for secondary containment.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

2 Subp. 13. Closure.

A. Owners and operators who store or process used oil in aboveground tanks must, at closure of the tank system, remove or decontaminate residues in tanks, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155. If the owner or operator demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed or decontaminated as required in this item, then the owner or operator must close the tank system and perform postclosure care in accordance with the closure and postclosure care requirements of part 7045.0638, subpart 4, that apply to hazardous waste landfills.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

B. Owners and operators who store used oil in containers must, at closure, remove containers holding used oils or residues of used oil from the site. The owner or operator must remove or decontaminate used oil residues, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 14, see M.R.]

7045.0875 STANDARDS FOR USED OIL PROCESSORS AND REREFINERS.

[For text of subps 1 to 4, see M.R.]

Subp. 5. Used oil storage and management.

A. Used oil processors/rerefiners shall comply with all applicable spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 112, as amended, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil processors/rerefiners shall also comply with the underground storage tank standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 280, as amended, chapter 7150 for used oil stored in underground tanks, whether or not the used oil exhibits any characteristic of hazardous waste, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a reference to the federal underground storage tank standards and replaces it with language to clarify that the State rules governing storage tank standards found in chapter 7150 apply to used oil processors and rerefiners who store used oil in underground tanks. The federal regulations governing underground tanks were in effect before the adoption of the State rules governing underground tanks and a reference to the federal regulations was reasonable. However, now that the State rules are in effect, it is reasonable to delete the redundant reference to the federal regulations. None of these references to existing rules and statutes change the effect of this item.]//

B. Used oil processors/rerefiners who store used oil for more than seven days in aboveground tanks of at least 110 gallons in size are subject to parts 7100.0010 to

7100.0090 chapter 7151, in addition to the requirements of this part. Used oil processors/rerefiners who store at least 10,000 gallons of used oil at one time are subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115E, to prepare and maintain a discharge prevention and response plan, in addition to the requirements of this part. All used oil processors/rerefiners shall comply with the storage and use requirements of article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item B, the MPCA removes obsolete and superfluous time and size limits. Appropriate limits are provided in applicable chapter 7151 rules. The MPCA also corrects a citation to repealed chapter 7100 rules that were previously changed and moved to chapter 7151. The MPCA also corrects an obsolete reference to provide the current State Fire Code. These changes maintain the original intent of the rule that above ground storage tank rules, spill prevention and response rules, and State Fire Codes apply to those storing used oil.]//

C. Used oil processors/rerefiners shall not store used oil in units other than containers or tanks and shall ensure that the following requirements for containers and tanks are met. Containers and tanks used to store used oil at processing/rerefining facilities must be in good condition, not leaking, and closed. Containers must be equipped with a secondary containment system. The secondary containment system must consist of, at a minimum, dikes, berms, or retaining walls, and a floor which covers the entire area within the dike, berm, or retaining wall. An equivalent secondary containment system may be used for containers. The entire containment system, including walls and floor, must be sufficiently impervious to used oil to prevent any used oil released into the containment system from migrating out of the system to the soil, groundwater, or surface water. Containers, aboveground tanks, and fill pipes of underground tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities must be marked with the words "Used Oil." Aboveground tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities are may also be subject to the secondary containment requirements of parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 and other requirements in chapter 7151. Double-walled tanks meet this secondary containment requirement. In item C, the MPCA clarifies that the storage tank standards found in chapter 7151 apply to used oil processors and rerefiners that store used oil in aboveground tanks. This change does not add new regulation but only clarifies that certain requirements of the aboveground tank standards may also apply in accordance with the requirements of those rules. The MPCA also is removing a statement that double walled tanks meet the secondary containment requirement for above ground tanks. The requirements for the application of secondary containment are addressed in more detail in chapter 7151 and the MPCA believes it is more appropriate to refer readers to that chapter rather than to list just one of the options.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]

E. Closure:

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(1) Owners and operators who store or process used oil in aboveground tanks must, at closure of the tank system, remove or decontaminate residues in tanks, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155. If the owner or operator demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practicably

removed or decontaminated as required in this subitem, then the owner or operator must close the tank system and perform postclosure care in accordance with the closure and postclosure care requirements of part 7045.0638, subpart 4, that apply to hazardous waste landfills.

[In subitem (1), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

(2) Owners and operators who store used oil in containers must, at closure, remove containers holding used oils or residues of used oil from the site. The owner or operator must remove or decontaminate used oil residues, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In subitem (2), the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subps 6 to 11, see M.R.]

7045.0885 STANDARDS FOR USED OIL BURNERS WHO BURN OFF-SPECIFICATION USED OIL FOR ENERGY RECOVERY.

[For text of subps 1 to 5, see M.R.]

Subp. 6. Used oil storage.

A. Applicability of federal storage regulations. Used oil burners must comply with all applicable spill prevention, control, and countermeasures requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 112, as amended, in addition to the requirements of this subpart. Used oil burners must comply with the underground storage tank standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 280, as amended, chapter 7150 for used oil stored in underground tanks, whether or not the used oil exhibits any characteristic of hazardous waste, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item A, the MPCA deletes a reference to the federal underground storage tank standards and replaces it with language to clarify that the State rules governing storage tank standards found in chapters 7150 apply to used oil burners who store off-specification used oil for energy recovery in underground tanks. The federal regulations governing underground tanks were in effect before the adoption of the State rules governing underground tanks and a reference to the federal regulations was reasonable. However, now that the State rules are in effect, it is reasonable to delete the redundant reference to the federal regulations. None of these references to existing rules and statutes change the effect of this item.]//

B. Used oil burners who store used oil for more than seven days in aboveground tanks of at least 110 gallons in size are subject to parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 chapter 7151, in addition to the requirements of this subpart. Used oil burners who store at least 10,000 gallons of used oil at one time are subject to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115E, to prepare and maintain a discharge prevention and response plan, in addition to the requirements of this part. All used oil burners shall comply with the storage and use requirements of article 79 of the Minnesota Uniform State Fire Code, as incorporated by reference in part 7510.3510 chapter 7510, in addition to the requirements of this part.

[In item B, the MPCA removes obsolete and superfluous time and size limits. Appropriate limits are provided in applicable chapter 7151 rules. The MPCA also corrects a citation to repealed chapter 7100 rules that were previously changed and moved to chapter 7151. The MPCA also corrects an obsolete reference to provide the current State Fire Code. These changes maintain the original intent of the rule that above ground storage tank rules, spill prevention and response rules, and State Fire Codes apply to those storing used oil.]//

C. Used oil burners shall not store used oil in units other than containers or tanks and must ensure that the following requirements for containers and tanks are met. Containers and tanks used to store used oil at burning facilities must be in good condition, not leaking, and closed. Containers must be equipped with a secondary containment system. The secondary containment system must consist of, at a minimum, dikes, berms, or retaining walls, and a floor which covers the entire area within the dike, berm, or retaining wall. An equivalent secondary containment system may be used for containers. The entire containment system, including walls and floor, must be sufficiently impervious to used oil to prevent any used oil released into the containment system from migrating out of the system to the soil, groundwater, or surface water. Containers, aboveground tanks, and fill pipes of underground tanks used to store used oil at transfer facilities must be marked with the words "Used Oil." Aboveground tanks used to store used oil at burning facilities are may also be subject to the secondary containment requirements of parts 7100.0010 to 7100.0090 and other requirements in chapter 7151. Double walled tanks meet this secondary containment requirement.

[In item C, the MPCA clarifies that the storage tank standards found in chapter 7151 apply to used oil burners who store used oil in aboveground tanks. This change does not add new regulation but only clarifies that certain requirements of the aboveground tank standards may also apply in accordance with the requirements of those rules. The MPCA also is removing a statement that double walled tanks meet the secondary containment requirement for above ground tanks. The requirements for the application of secondary containment are addressed in more detail in chapter 7151 and the MPCA believes it is more appropriate to refer readers to that chapter rather than to simply identify double walled tanks, which is only one of the options allowed for secondary containment.]//

[For text of item D, see M.R.]
[For text of subps 7 to 9, see M.R.]

Subp. 10. Closure.

A. Owners and operators who store or process used oil in aboveground tanks must, at closure of the tank system, remove or decontaminate residues in tanks, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155. If the owner or operator demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed or decontaminated as required in this item, then the owner or operator must close the tank system and perform postclosure care in accordance with the closure and postclosure care requirements of part 7045.0638, subpart 4, that apply to hazardous waste landfills.

[In item A, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

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B. Owners and operators who store used oil in containers must, at closure, remove containers holding used oils or residues of used oil from the site. The owner or operator must remove or decontaminate used oil residues, contaminated containment system components, contaminated soils, and structures and equipment contaminated with used oil, and manage them as hazardous waste unless the materials are not hazardous waste under parts 7045.0102 to 7045.0143 7045.0155.

[In item B, the MPCA corrects a citation to a range of rules that changed as parts were added.]//

[For text of subp 11, see M.R.]

7045.1390 LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS.

Subpart 1. Incorporation of federal land disposal restrictions. Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 268, as amended, land disposal restrictions, is incorporated by reference, except as provided in subparts 2 to 5.

[In subpart 1, the MPCA incorporates 40 CFR 268, Land Disposal Restrictions, by reference, as amended. The MPCA has gone through a long process of addressing the federal land disposal restrictions in the State rules. The MPCA has amended the rules several times over many years to add new elements of the federal land disposal restrictions to the State rules as they were issued by EPA. Up to this point the MPCA has used a combination of incorporation by references and adopting the federal language into the State rules. In this rulemaking, the MPCA has decided to repeal the previously adopted land disposal restriction language and to simply incorporate all of the federal land disposal restrictions by reference. The MPCA believes this is reasonable for three reasons.//

First, the MPCA is required to adopt the land disposal restrictions to maintain hazardous waste program authorization. The land disposal restrictions are more stringent elements of the hazardous waste program and therefore required (while the MPCA may decline to adopt federal amendments that reduce the stringency of existing land disposal restrictions, the main body of land disposal restrictions is a required element). Secondly, the federal land disposal restrictions are at this time essentially complete. Although the EPA will continue to amend and refine the requirements, there are no longer any major elements that remain to be adopted. The MPCA's piecemeal process of addressing different elements of the land disposal restrictions can now be more appropriately replaced by a single incorporation by reference to the full set of federal land disposal restrictions. Finally, for the reasons discussed in Part IV of this Statement, the MPCA believes that incorporating by reference is a reasonable and effective way to keep the State rules consistent with those aspects of the federal regulations that the MPCA does not anticipate modifying to meet State only concerns.//

One significant exception to the MPCA's incorporating the land disposal restrictions by reference is that the MPCA considered and rejected the federal language found at 40 CFR 268.2(g) and 268.2(h), the definitions of debris and hazardous debris, and in other sections of 40 CFR part 268 that would allow hazardous debris to be disposed in landfills. The MPCA is concerned that hazardous debris may easily be contaminated

with mercury that would be listed or TCLP hazardous waste and that disposal of such mercury contaminated debris in landfills is not adequately protective. Minnesota's environment is sensitive to mercury contamination. The MPCA has placed a high priority on efforts to reduce mercury in the environment. The MPCA believes that it is reasonable to decline to adopt these federal amendments that would reduce the management standards for hazardous debris which could easily be contaminated with mercury. Even though the federal regulations that address the management of hazardous debris are not optional provisions, RCRA allows authorized states to be more stringent than EPA. Since the MPCA finds unacceptable the potential risk for releasing mercury allowed by the EPA's hazardous debris exclusion, it is choosing not to incorporate that exclusion.//

In this rulemaking to amend the land disposal restrictions, the MPCA is incorporating language from the following RCRA Amendments except as described in subparts 2-5 (note that later RCRA amendments has supplanted certain content of earlier amendments):

- Required RCRA Amendment 95: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Electric Arc Furnace Dust (K061)" = 40 CFR 268.41(a)/Table CCWE, 268.41(b), and 268.42(a)/Table 2; regarding the need for and reasonableness of this amendment, the MPCA agrees with and is relying on the EPA's rationale found in 56 FR 41164-41178, August 19, 1991. Some tables and other content from this amendment have been supplanted by subsequent amendments. For example, the information formerly in 40 CFR 268.41 is now in 40 CFR 268.40. Also, some tables have since been repealed.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 109: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Newly Listed Wastes and Hazardous Debris" = 40 CFR 268.5(h)(2)(ii, iv-vi); 268.7(a)(1)(iii-v); 268.7(a)(2); 268.7(a)(3)(iv-vi); 268.7(a)(4); 268.7(b)(4); 268.7(b)(5); 268.7(d); 268.7(d)(1); 268.7(d)(1)(i-iii); 268.7(d)(2); 268.7(d)(3); 268.7(d)(3)(i-iii); 268.9(d); 268.9(d)(1)(i-iii); 268.9(d)(2); 268.14(a-c); 268.36(a-h); 268.36(h)(1-4); 268.36(i); 268.40(b, d); 268.41(a); 268.41(a)/Table CCWE; 268.41(c); 268.42/Table 2; 268.42(b-d); 268.43/Table CCW; 268.45(a); 268.45(a)(1-5); 268.45(b); 268.45/Disposal Companion of the found in 57 FR 37194-37282, August 18, 1992.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 116: "Hazardous Soil Case-By-Case Capacity Variance" = 40 CFR 268.35(c-e) and 268.35(e)(1-2). Further information can be found in 57 FR 47772-47776, October 20, 1992.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 123: "Land Disposal Restrictions; Renewal of the Hazardous Waste Debris Case-by-Case Capacity Variance" = 40 CFR 268.35(e)(1-5); 268.35(e)(5)(i-ii); and 268.35(e)(5)(ii)(A-H). Further information can be found in 58 FR 28506-28511, May 14, 1993.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 124: "Land Disposal Restrictions for Ignitable and Corrosive Characteristic Wastes Whose Treatment Standards Were Vacated" = 40 CFR 268.1(e)(4-5); 268.2(i); 268.7(a); 268.7(a)(1)(ii); 268.7(b)(4)(ii); 268.9(a); 268.37(a); 268.37(b); 268.40(b); 268.41(a)/Table CCWE; 268.42(a)/Table 2; and 268.43(a) Table CCW. Further information can be found in; 58 FR 29860-29887,

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- Required RCRA Amendment 126: "Testing and Monitoring Activities" = 40 CFR 268.7(a); 268.40(a); 268.41(a); 268 Appendix I; and 268 Appendix IX. Further information can be found in 58 FR 46040-46051, August 31, 1993.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 134: "Correction of Beryllium Powder (P015) Listing" = 40 CFR 268.42(a)/Table 2. Further information can be found in 59 FR 31551-31552, June 20, 1994.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 136: "Removal of the Conditional Exemption for Certain Slag Residues" = 40 CFR 268.41(a)/Table CCWE. Further information can be found in 59 FR 43496-43500, August 24, 1994.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 137: "Universal Treatment Standards and Treatment Standards for Organic Toxicity Characteristic Wastes and Newly Listed Wastes" = 40 CFR 268.1(c)(3)(ii-iii); 268.1(e)(4-5); 268.2(g, i); 268.7(a); 268.7(a)(1); 268.7(a)(1)(i-vi); 268.7(a)(2)(i); 268.7(a)(2)(i)(A-D); 268.7(a)(2)(ii);268.7(a)(3); 268.7(a)(3)(i-v); 268.7(a)(3)(v)(A-B); 268.7(a)(3)(vii-vii); 268.7(a)(4); 268.7(a)(5-10); 268.7(b)(4)(ii); 268.7(a)(4)(i-iii); 268.7(b)(5)(iv); 268.7(d)(1); 268.9(a); 268.9(d)(1)(i-ii); 268.9(d)(2)(i-ii); 268.38(a-d); 268.38(d)(1-4); 268.38(e); 268.40(a); 268.40(a)(1-3); 268.40(b-d); 268.40(d)(1-3); 268.40(e-f); 268.40/Table; 268.41 and Table CCWE; 268.42 note; 268.42(a); 268.42(a)/Tables 1-3; 268.42(c)(2); 268.42(d); 268.43; 268.43/Table CCW; 268.45(b)(2); 268.46; 268.48(a); 268.48/Table UTS; 268/Appendix IV; 268/Appendix V; and 268/Appendix X. Further information can be found in 59 FR 47982-48110, September 19, 1994 as amended at 60 FR 242-302, January 3, 1995.//
 - Required RCRA Amendment 151, 151-1, 151-2, 151-3, 151-4, 151-5, and 151-6: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase III—Decharacterized Wastewaters, Carbamate Wastes, and Spent Potliners" = 40 CFR 268.1(c)(3); 268.1(c)(3)(i-iii); 268.1(c)(4); 268.1(c)(4)(i-iv); 268.1(e)(3-4); 268.1(e)(4)(i-ii); 268.1(e)(5); 268.2(f); 268.2(f)(1-3); 268.2(i-l); 268.3(a-c); 268.3(c)(1-6); 268.7(a); 268.7(a)(1)(ii); 268.7(a)(1)(iv-vi); 268.7(a)(2)(i)(B); 268.7(a)(3)(ii); 268.7(b)(4)(ii); 268.7(b)(5)(iv-v); 268.8; 268.9(a); 268.9(d); 268.9(d)(1)(i)-(ii); 268.9(d)(3); 268.9(d)(3)(i)-(iv); 268.9(e-g); 268.39(a-f); 268.39(f)(1-4); 268.39(g); 268.40(a, e); 268.40(e)(1-4); 268.40(g); 268.40/Table; 268.42 Table 1; 268.44(a); 268.48(a)/Table UTS; and 268 Appendix XI. Further information can be found in 61 FR 15566-15660, April 8, 1996; as amended at 61 FR 15660-15668, April 8, 1996; 61 FR 19117, April 30, 1996; 61 FR 33680-33690, June 28, 1996; 61 FR 36419-36421, July 10, 1996; 61 FR 43924-43931, August 26, 1996; and 62 FR 7502-7600, February 19, 1997.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 155Error! Bookmark not defined.: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase III -- Emergency Extension of the K088 National Capacity Variance" = 40 CFR 268.39(c). Further information can be found in 62 FR 1992-1997, January 14,1997.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 160: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase III Emergency Extension of the K088 National Capacity Variance, Amendment" = 40
 CFR 268.39(c). Further information can be found in 62 FR 37694-37699, July
 14.1997.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 161: "Emergency Revision of the Carbamate Land Disposal Restrictions" = 268.40(g) and 268.48(a)/Table. Further information can

be found in 62 FR 45568, August 28, 1997.//

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- Optional RCRA Amendment 162: "Clarification of Standards for Hazardous Waste LDR Treatment Variances" = 40 CFR 268.44(a) intro and 268.44(a)(1); 268.44(a)(2) intro and (i-ii); 268.44(h) intro; 268.44(h)(1); 268.44(h)(2) intro; 268.44(h)(2)(i-ii); 268.44(h)(3); 268.44(m); and 268.44(p). Further information can be found in 62 FR 64504-64509, December 5, 1997.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 167a: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV Treatment Standards for Metal Wastes and Mineral Processing Wastes" = 40 CFR 268.2(i); 268.3(d); 268.34(a); 268.34(b); 268.34(c); 268.34(d) intro; 268.34(d)(1-4); 268.40(e); 268.40(h); 268.40/Table Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes; and 268.48(a)/Table UTS. Further information can found in 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998. The revised numerical Universal Treatment Standards (UTS) for metal constituents Barium, Lead, Selenium, Beryllium, Nickel, Thallium, and Vanadium are less stringent than existing standards and are optional for State adoption. The revised UTS for Cadmium, Chromium, Silver, Antimony and Zinc are more stringent so are required. In this rulemaking the MPCA is adopting both the required and optional treatment standards.//
- Optional RCRA Amendment 167b: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV Hazardous Soils Treatment Standards and Exclusions" = 40 CFR 268.2(k); 268.7(a)(1); 268.7(a)(2); 268.7(a)(2)(i); 268.7(a)(2)(ii); 268.7(a)(3) intro; 268.7(a)(3)(ii); 268.7(a)(4); 268.7(a)(4)/table; 268.7(a)(5); 268.7(a)(6); 268.7(b)(1-3); 268.7(b)(3)(ii)/Table; 268.7(b)(4) intro; 268.7(e) intro; 268.7(e)(1-2); 268.44(h)(3) intro; 268.44(h)(3)(i); 268.44(h)(3)(i)(A-B); 268.44(h)(3)(ii); 268.44(h)(4-5); 268.49(a-b); 268.49(c) intro; 268.49(c)(1) intro; 268.49(c)(1)(A-C); 268.49(e)(2); 268.49(e)(3) intro; 268.49(e)(3)(A-B); 268.49(d); 268.49(e) intro; 268.49(e)(1); 268.49(e)(2) intro; and 268.49(e)(2)(A-B). Further information can be found in 63 FR 28556-28753, May 26, 1998.//
- Conditionally required RCRA Amendment 167c: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV Corrections" = 40 CFR 268.4(a)(2)(ii-iii); 268.7(a)(4)/table; 268.7(a)(7); 268.7(b)(3)(ii)/Table; 268.7(b)(4)(iv); 268.7(b)(4)(v); 268.7(b)(5-6); 268.40(e); 268.40/table Treatment Standards for Hazardous Wastes; 268.42(a); 268.42(a)(1–3); 268.45(a) intro; 268.45(d)(3); 268.45(d)(4); 268.48(a)/table UTS; Appendix VII Table 1-2; and Appendix VIII. Further information can be found in 63 FR 28556-28753, June 8, 1998. These changes are conditionally required. If, as Minnesota has done, the State has adopted the optional revisions to the recordkeeping and paperwork requirements in Revision Checklist 157, then the State is required to adopt the changes to 40 CFR 268.7 in this checklist with the exception of adding the entries for contaminated soils in the Tables at 268.7(a)(4) and 268.7(b)(3)(iii).//
- Optional RCRA Amendment 170: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Zinc Micronutrient Fertilizers, Amendment" = 40 CFR 268.40(i) (first entry). Further information can be found in 63 FR 46332-46334, August 31, 1998.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 171: "Emergency Revision of the Land Disposal Restrictions (LDR) Treatment Standards for Listed Hazardous Wastes from Carbamate Production" = 40 CFR 268.40(g), 268.40(i), 268.40/Table, and 268.48(a)/Table. Further information can be found in 63 FR 47410-47418, September 4, 1998.//

• Optional RCRA Amendment 172: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Extension of Compliance Date for Characteristic Slags" = 40 CFR 268.34(b)-(f). Further information can be found in 63 FR 48124-48127, September 9, 1998.//

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- Required RCRA Amendment 173: "Land Disposal Restrictions; Treatment Standards for Spent Potliners from Primary Aluminum Reduction (K088); Final Rule" = 40 CFR 268.39(c) and 268.40/Table. Further information can be found in 63 FR 51254-51267, September 24, 1998.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 179: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections and Clarifications to Treatment Standards" = 40 CFR 268.2(h, k); 268.7(a)(4)/Table; 268.7(b)(3)(ii)/Table; 268.7(b)(4)(iv); 268.9(d)(2) intro; 268.9(d)(2)(i); first 268.40(i-j); 268.40/Table; 268.48(a)/Table; 268.49(c)(3) intro; 268.49(c)(3)(A); 268.49(c)(3)(B). Further information can be found in 64 FR 25408-25417, May 11, 1999.//
- Optional RCRA Amendment 183: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Technical Corrections" = 40 CFR 268.7(a)(3)(iii); 268.40(j); 268.40/Table; and 268.49(c)(1)(A-B). Further information can be found in 64 FR 56469-56472, October 20, 1999.//
- Optional RCRA Amendment 185: "Organobromine Production Wastes Vacatur" = 40 CFR 268.33; 268.40/table; and 268.48(a)/table. Further information can be found in 65 FR 14472-14475, March 17, 2000.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 187: "Petroleum Refining Process Wastes Clarification" = 40 CFR 268 Appendix VII. Further information can be found in 64 FR 36365-36367, June 8, 2000.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 189: "Chlorinated Aliphatics Listing and LDRs for Newly Identified Wastes" = 40 CFR 268.33(a); 268.33(b) intro; 268.33(b)(1-5); 268.33(c); 268.33(d) intro; 268.33(d)(1-2); 268.40/Table; and 268.48(a)/Table. Further information can be found in 65 FR 67068-67133, November 8, 2000.//
- Optional RCRA Amendment 190: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase IV -- Deferral for PCBs in Soil" = 40 CFR 268.32(a); 268.32(b) intro; 268.32(b)(1)(i-ii); 268.32(b)(2)(i-ii); 268.32(b)(3-4); 268.48(a)/Table UTS; 268.49(d); and 268 Appendix III. Further information can be found in 65 FR 81373-81381, December 26, 2000.//
- Required RCRA Amendment 192b: "Land Disposal Restrictions Correction" = 40 CFR 268 Appendix VII, Table 1. Further information can be found in 66 FR 27266-27297, May 16, 2001.]//
- Subp. 2. General additions, modifications, or exceptions to incorporation of regulations.
- [In subpart 2, the MPCA provides general exceptions to its incorporations in subpart 1.]//
 - A. Part 7045.0090, adoption and incorporation by reference, also applies.
 - [In item A, the MPCA refers readers to the general rule part that governs adoption and incorporation by reference.]//
- B. The agency does not incorporate the definitions of debris or hazardous debris in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.2, or the regulations related to debris and hazardous debris throughout Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 268,
- 46 including the treatment standards for hazardous debris in section 268.45. Wastes that

would be federally regulated as debris or hazardous debris are regulated as hazardous
 waste.

[In item B, as discussed in the introduction to this part, the MPCA is specifically declining to incorporate the land disposal restrictions relating to hazardous debris. The effect of this will be that hazardous debris will not be excluded from land disposal treatment standards in Minnesota.]//

Subp. 3. Exceptions or additions to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, subpart A.

A. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.1(c)(3), allowing disposal into an injection well.

[In item A, the MPCA is declining to allow the subsurface injection of hazardous waste because of Minnesota's existing laws banning disposal of waste into the saturated or unsaturated zones (see the discussion in Part 7045.0071). The use of an injection well for waste disposal is not allowed in Minnesota. Thus, it is reasonable to clarify that although injection is referenced in the EPA's land disposal restrictions, Minnesota prohibits this practice and is not adopting the EPA regulations in 40 CFR part 268 related to injection wells.]//

B. References to "EPA" in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, sections 268.1(e)(3) and 268.2(j) mean the federal Environmental Protection Agency.

[In item B, the MPCA clarifies that in the cited sections, 40 CFR 267.1(e)(3), Wastes identified or listed as hazardous after November 8, 1984 for which EPA has not promulgated land disposal prohibitions or treatment standards, and 40 CFR 268.2(j), Inorganic metal-bearing waste is one for which EPA has established treatment standards for metal hazardous constituents, and which does not otherwise contain significant organic or cyanide content which are referenced in 40 CFR 268.3(c)(1), and is specifically listed in appendix XI of this part. In these sections, the term 'EPA' will continue to refer to the EPA and will not, through operation of part 7045.0090, be considered to refer to the MPCA. This is reasonable because the activities referenced at each of these two provisions (establishing treatment standards) are EPA actions that cannot be conducted by a state.]//

C. The agency does not incorporate the definitions found in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.2, paragraph a, c, d, e, f, g, or h.

[In item C, the MPCA is not adopting certain definitions found in 40 CFR 268.2. For the definitions in 268.2(a-f), the MPCA already has definitions of these terms in part 7045.0020. In some instances, those definitions differ from the EPA'S definitions in 40 CFR 268.2. The MPCA believes that it is appropriate to continue to use in the land disposal restrictions the same definitions that the MPCA uses for its other hazardous waste rules to ensure that the same types of waste are consistently regulated. The MPCA is also not adopting the EPA's definitions for the terms "debris" or "hazardous debris," in 40 CFR 268.2 (g) and (h). As noted in subpart 2 above, the MPCA is not adopting the EPA's exclusions related to debris and hazardous debris. The MPCA is incorporating the EPA's definitions of the terms in 40 CFR 268.2(i-k) because the MPCA does not have definitions for these terms. These definitions are related to required RCRA Amendment 151: "Land Disposal Restrictions Phase III-Decharacterized Wastewaters, Carbamate Wastes, and Spent Potliners" = 40 CFR 268.2; as supported at 61 FR 15566-15660, April 8, 1996; as amended at 61 FR 15660-

15668, April 8, 1996; 61 FR 19117, April 30, 1996; 61 FR 33680-33690, June 28, 1996; 61 FR 36419-36421, July 10, 1996; 61 FR 43924-43931, August 26, 1996; and 62 FR 7502-7600, February 19, 1997.]//

 <u>D. References in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.7(a)(9)(iii), to D001 to D043 do not include D009.</u>

[In item D, the MPCA follows the EPA's advice to states incorporating federal regulations by reference to correct an error that appeared in 40 CFR 268.7(s)(9)(iii). The EPA is in the process of correcting a number of errors in the CFR. Until that process is completed, this simply clarifies the EPA's intent for this range or waste codes in this provision.]//

<u>E. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.5, governing procedures for case-by-case extensions to an effective date. That section is administered by the EPA.</u>

[In item E, the MPCA cannot incorporate 40 CFR 268.5, because the RCRA does not allow the EPA to delegate to the states its authority to issue these extensions.]//

<u>F. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.6, governing petitions to allow land disposal of a waste prohibited under subpart C. Part 7045.0075, subpart 9, applies.</u>

[In item F, the MPCA cannot incorporate 40 CFR 268.6, because the RCRA does not allow the EPA to delegate to the states its authority to issue no-migration petitions. While the EPA approves federal petitions, State rules require that no-migration petitions also be approved by the MPCA through a petition process found in part 7045.0075, subpart 12.]//

G. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.4(a)(3)(ii) and (iii), relating to waivers or modifications of surface impoundment requirements.

[In item G, the MPCA chooses not to incorporate 40 CFR 268.4(a)(3)(ii) to allow waivers or modifications of the liner requirements applicable to surface impoundments. The MPCA believes that existing part 7045.0532, subpart 3, provides an equivalent standards to those offered under 268.4(3)(ii). The MPCA does not want to establish a new process by which it will issue waivers to those requirements. In Minnesota, a person can seek a variance to hazardous waste rule requirements through the process established in part 7045.0060. Similarly, the MPCA chooses not to incorporate 40 CFR 268.4(a)(3)(iii) which allows waivers based on a demonstration of no migration. Existing State rules provide the owners or operators of any land disposal facility the ability to demonstrate no migration through the petition process in part 7045.0075, subpart 12. The MPCA finds it unnecessary to duplicate this existing mechanism, so is declining to incorporate 40 CFR 268.4(a)(3)(iii) by reference.]//

Subp. 4. Exceptions or additions to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, subpart B. The agency does not incorporate the EPA schedule in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.13, for wastes identified or listed after November 8, 1984. That

43 <u>section is administered by the Environmental Protection Agency.</u>

In subpart 4, the MPCA cannot incorporate 40 CFR 268.13, because the RCRA does not allow the EPA to delegate to the states its authority to provide the schedule by which the EPA must evaluate wastes for land disposal restrictions.]//

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Subp. 5. Exceptions or additions to Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, subpart D.

A. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.42(b), governing the demonstration of an alternative treatment method. That section is administered by the EPA.

[In item A, the MPCA cannot incorporate 40 CFR 268.42(b), because the RCRA does not allow the EPA to delegate to the states its authority to review and approve alternative treatment methods.]//

B. The agency does not incorporate Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 268.44, paragraphs (a) to (g) or (o), governing variance from a treatment standard and wastes excluded in various states. That section is administered by the EPA.

[In item B, the MPCA cannot incorporate 40 CFR 268.44(a)-(g), because the RCRA does not allow the EPA to delegate to the states its authority to provide generators the option of seeking a variance from a specific treatment standard. The MPCA chooses not to incorporate 40 CFR part 268.44(o) relating to other state activities because it is not relevant to any MPCA function.]//

REPEALER. Minnesota Rules, parts 7045.0020, subpart 45a; 7045.0075, subparts 8 and 10; 7045.0135, subparts 1, 2, 2a, 3, and 4; 7045.0139, subpart 2; 7045.0141, subparts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, and 23; 7045.0143, subparts 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 23, 25, and 27; 7045.0544, subparts 2 and 3; 7045.1300; 7045.1305; 7045.1309; 7045.1310; 7045.1315; 7045.1320; 7045.1325; 7045.1330; 7045.1333; 7045.1334; 7045.1335; 7045.1339; 7045.1350; 7045.1355; 7045.1358; 7045.1360; and 7045.1380, are repealed.

[Finally, in the REPEALER, the Revisor of Minnesota Statutes, who's office is responsible for keeping the official source of Minnesota Rules, provides a compilation of the provisions removed during the course of this rulemaking.]//