

# Reduce Reuse Recycle

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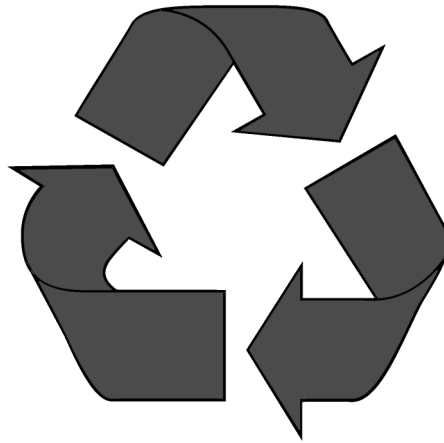
Edition B

Key Vocabulary Words  
Translated Into 6 Languages

Spanish \* Somali

Russian \* Farsi

Bosnian \* Arabic



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An ESL  
Textbook/Workbook

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*By Charles LaRue*

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# Reduce Reuse Recycle

*by Charles LaRue*

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## Table of Contents

Introduction .....	Page 2
What Do “Reduce, Reuse” and “Recycle” Mean?	
Chapter 1 .....	Page 4
How Can You Reuse Household Goods, Clothes, and Toys?	
Chapter 2 .....	Page 12
What Can You Recycle At Home? How Do You Recycle It?	
Chapter 3 .....	Page 25
When and Where Do You Recycle?	
Chapter 4 .....	Page 33
What Is Hazardous Waste? What Do Warning Labels Mean?	
Chapter 5 .....	Page 47
How Can You Dispose Of Household Hazardous Waste?	
Chapter 6 .....	Page 62
What Should You Do With Automobile Wastes?	
Chapter 7 .....	Page 70
How Do You Recycle Vehicle Batteries, Tires and Scrap Metal?	
Chapter 8 .....	Page 76
What Can You Do With Yard Waste? What Is Composting?	
Chapter 9 .....	Page 81
How Can You Be a Smart Shopper And Reduce Waste?	
Chapter 10 .....	Page 91
Have a “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle” Question? Who Do You Call?	
Chapter 11 .....	Page 97
What Items Are Made From Recycled Materials?	
Workbook Survey .....	Page
104	
Help Future Students By Answering Some Simple Questions.	

**Reduce - to create less waste, so that there is less that must be recycled or thrown away.**



**Example:**

Using an automatic hand dryer means there are no paper towels to throw away.

**Reuse - to buy things that can be used again and again, or to figure out another way that item can be used.**



**Example:**

Using your own ceramic cup at work means there are no plastic cups to throw away. You can wash it and reuse it every day.

**Recycle - instead of throwing an item in the garbage, to give it to a person or company who will use it, or make something else with it.**



**Example:**

Recycling your pop and food cans means there will be less trash in a resource recovery facility or landfill. Plus, a company can use the old cans to make new cans.

Why reduce? Why reuse? Why recycle?



What happens to garbage after we throw it away?

---



Why are recycling, reducing and reusing good ideas? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 1

## How Can You Reuse Household Goods, Clothes and Toys?



### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. Do you go to garage sales? What do you buy?
2. What do you do with clothes that are too small?
3. Have you bought anything from a newspaper classified ad?

## Vocabulary

1. charities (groups that help poor people or people in need)

donar cosas a la caridad

blagotvoritel;nost;

dobročinstvo

ha'ayd samo-fal

مؤسسة خيرية

الخيرين

2. consignment (to lend something to a store until they sell it for you)

consignación

komissionnyj tovar

pošiljka

ii iibi

امانت

المودعة

3. donation (something you give to a charity)

donaciones

po'ertvovaniq

poklon

deeq

بخشش

هبة

4. donate (to give something to a charity)

donar

poæertvovat;

pokloniti

ku deeq

بخشیدن

يمنح - يهب

5. garage sale (when people sell things they don't need anymore, usually in their garage, yard or driveway)

venta de garage

rasprodaæa domawnego imujestva v garaæe

korištena roba za prodaju

lib guri hortii lagu qabto

فروش وسایل اضافی خانه

المبيع في المرآب

6. household goods (the things you have in your house)

cosas para usar en la casa

predmety domawnego obixoda

domaćinske stvari

alaabta guriga

وسایل منزل

أثاث المنزل

7. classified ads (ads in the newspaper listing things people want to sell)

anuncios

ob=qvleniq v gazete

reklama

xayaysiis iib

آگهی های تجاری روزنامه

صحيفة إعلانات



# Household Goods

## 1. dishes

trastes o platos  
posuda  
posude  
saxamo/suxuun

ظروف آشپزخانه  
أطباق



## 2. furniture

muebles  
mebel;  
namještaj  
saabaan/alaabta guriga sida miis, iwm

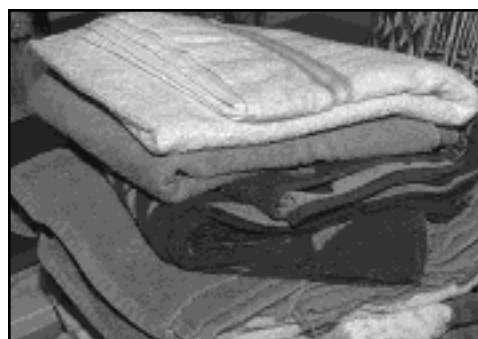
مبلمان  
أثاث



## 3. linens

ropa de cama  
bel;\n  
rublje  
maryaha guri

ملافه  
بياضات



## 4. mattress

colchones  
matracy  
madrac  
furaash/joodari

تشك  
فراش



# Household Goods

## 5. silverware

cubiertos para comer  
stolovoe srebro

srebreni pribor za jelo  
weelka lacagta ah

قاشق و چنگال

آنية المائدة المفضية



## 6. toys

juguetes  
igruwki

igračke  
caruur-maaweeliye

اسباب بازی

اللعاب



**Used household goods, clothes and toys can be reused and recycled. Household goods are furniture, dishes, silverware, glassware, linens and mattresses.**

Clean, usable household goods, clothes and toys can be donated to many organizations. Find out if your county has a Community Action Program that takes donations. Churches often take donations. Depending upon where you live, some organizations, like the Disabled Veterans and the Salvation Army, will come to your home to pick up donations.

Look in the Yellow Pages telephone book under “thrift shops” or “furniture used,” to find a place that takes donations. Some places only take furniture, others only clothes, or toys. Call ahead to find out if they will take your items.

You can sell your clothes, and sometimes toys, on consignment. To sell on consignment, you take the things you want to sell to a consignment store. The store does not pay you until after it sells your things. They will keep 20% to 60% of the sale price. To find a store that will sell your things, look in the Yellow Pages telephone book under “clothing consignment for resale.” Call them first, to find out if they are able to take your things, before bringing your items in.

You can sell things yourself at a garage sale. It is a good idea to go to a few garage sales first to see how they are handled. A few days before the garage sale, take all of the items you no longer need, and set them up neatly in the garage. Be sure to mark the sale price that you want for each item. It is a good idea to put an ad in the paper that will tell other people the day, date, and time of your sale. You will have to pay for the ad. Put some signs on the streets near your home, so the people who are driving by will know about your sale.

You can also sell used items through the want ads in your local newspaper. You will have to pay for the ad. Call your newspaper, tell them you want to place a classified ad, and what you want the ad to say. Include your phone number.

## Exercise 1

**Put the letter of the definitions next to the correct word.**

- |                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1. _____ classified ads  | A. to lend an item to a store who will sell it for you, then you are paid part of the sale price after the item is sold |
| 2. _____ household goods | B. newspaper advertisements about things people are selling   |
| 3. _____ garage sale     | C. to give away   |
| 4. _____ consignment     | D. a sale of household goods, toys and clothes at a person's house  |
| 5. _____ to donate       | E. furniture, dishes, beds, blankets  |

## Exercise 2

**Answer the questions from the reading.**

1. What kind of household goods, clothes and toys can be donated? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. What are the three ways you can sell furniture? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. What does a consignment store pay you for your items? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. If I don't want to sell things I no longer want, what can I do with them? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Where can you find a place that will take donations? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Exercise 3

**These sentences are false. Cross out the wrong word or words, and change these into true sentences.**

1. Dirty, useless household goods can be devoted to many organizations.
2. Some organizations will come to your school to pick up donations.
3. Look in the Yellow Pages, under “Gift Shops” or “Furniture Refinishing,” to find a place that will take your donations.
4. Some stores will sell things for you on conversation.
5. The consignment store will pay you before they sell your things.
6. A consignment store will keep 50% to 75% of the sale price.
7. You can also sell things yourself at a basement sale.
8. You could advertise your garage sale on TV.
9. You could also put fences on streets near your house.

## Exercise 4

1. You are talking with a friend. Finish the following dialog.

You: I don't know what to do with these clothes. The kids have outgrown them.

Friend: Why don't you

You: How can I do that?

Friend: It's easy. First you  
then

You: Thanks for the information.

Friend: You're welcome.

2. Repeat the same dialog starting with:

You: I don't know what to do with this old furniture now that we've bought new stuff.

3. Repeat the same dialog starting with:

You: I don't know what to do with these old toys. The kids don't play with them anymore.

## Chapter 2

### What Can You Recycle At Home? How Can You Recycle It?



#### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. Do you throw away empty cans and bottles?
2. What do you do with your old newspapers?
3. Did you recycle in your country?
4. If yes, what did you recycle?

# Vocabulary

1. community (city, town, or area where you live)  
 comunidad                      mesto æitelstva, rajon                      mjesna ili društvena zajednica  
 beel, xaafad                      جامعہ                      موطن
  
2. crush (to make something smaller, so it takes up less space)  
 aplastar las latas                      smqt;                      smrskati, zdrobiti  
 burburi                      له کردن                      يحطم
  
3. tear down and flatten (to make something flat)  
 desarmar las cajas de cartón                      spl[ʃ]it;                      spljoštiti, izravnati  
 sin                      پهن کردن                      یسطح
  
4. newspaper inserts and supplements (extra advertising booklets and papers that are added to the newspaper)  
 suplementos o papeles de los periódicos                      gazetnye vkladywi i priloæeniq  
 uvrstiti I dopuniti                      jariidad galis iyo boggaga dheeraadka ah ee wargees  
 ضما ئمروز نامه                      ملحقا ت صحف
  
5. labels (on a container, the paper or plastic on which the name of the product, and other information, is printed)  
 marquilla                      `tiketki                      etikete  
 warqadda magaca                      برچسب                      ملصقات
  
6. probably (usually true)  
 probablemente                      veroqtno                      vjerovatno  
 ay u dhawdahay/laga yaabaa                      به احتمال قوی                      من المحتمل
  
7. remove (to take something off)  
 remover                      udalit;                      ukloniti  
 ka qaad, ka jar                      برداشتن                      یزیدل



## Vocabulary Continued

8. rinse (to wash clean with water)

enjuagar

propoloskat;

ispirati

dhaqdhaq

شستن

يفسل

9. separate (to put like things in one place and different things in another place, to keep things apart)

separar

razdelit;

odvojiti

kala saar

جدا کردن

يفصل

10. sort (to arrange things according to kind, to put similar things together)

colocar las misma y el mismo color juntos

rassortirovat;

razvrstati, sortirati

isku du'u inta is leh

مرتب کردن

نوع

11. caps and lids (tops from bottles and jars)

tapa

probki i krywki

šarafi i poklopci

fur iyo dabool

لیوانها و سرلیوانها

اغطية قناني

# What You Can Probably Recycle From Your Home

## 1. drink cans

latas de gaseosa o cerveza  
'estqnye banki iz-pod napitkov

konzervirano piće  
daasad/qasac cabitaan

قوطی های نوشابه  
علب مشروبات



## 2. food cans

latas de comida  
konservnye banki  
konzervirana hrana  
daasad/qasac cunto

قوطی های کنسرو  
علب مأكولات



## 3. corrugated cardboard boxes

cajas de cartón  
korobka iz gofrirovannogo kartona  
narebriti kartoni  
sanduuq/kartoon warqad lakabyo adag ah

جعبه های کارتونی چند جداره ای  
علب گرتون مموج



## 4. glass bottles and jars

vidrios, botellas y jarras  
steklqnnye banki i butylki  
staklene flaše i galoni  
quraarad/qarsho iyo daasad/qasac

بطری شیشه ای  
قناني زجاجیه و مرطبانات



# What You Can Probably Recycle From Your Home

## 5. newspapers

periódicos  
gazety  
novine  
wargeesyo

روزنامه‌ها

صحف



## 6. plastic bottles

botellas plásticas  
plastmassovye butylki  
plastične flaše  
quraarad/qarsho caag ah

بطری‌های پلاستیکی

قناني بلاستيکيه



## 7. plastic water and juice jugs

envases plasticos de agua o de jugo  
plastmassovye \mkosti iz-pod vody ili soka  
plastični vrčevi za vodu ili skove  
joogga/haanta caagga ah ee biyaha ama  
cabitaanka kale

ظروف پلاستیکی آب و آمبیوه

اباریق ماء أو عصیر بلاستيکيه



## 8. plastic milk jugs

envases plásticos de leche  
plastmassovye \mkosti iz-pod moloka  
plastični mliječni kanisteri  
joogga/haanta caagga ah ee caanaha

ظروف پلاستیکی شیر

اباریق حلب بلاستيکيه



## What You Can Probably Recycle From Your Home

### 9. aluminum foil and trays

lámina de aluminio o bandejas  
al[mini]evaḡ fol;ga ili lotki  
aluminijumska folija i tacne  
warqad ama saxan aluuminiiyoom ah

بشقاب یا کاغذهای آلومینیومی  
ورق المنیوم و صوانی



### 10. empty aerosol cans

latas de aerosol desocupadas  
pustye a`rozol;nye ballony  
prazne metalne boce od spreja  
daasad/qasac buufiye ah

اسپری خوش بو کننده خالی  
علب بخاخه



### 11. boxboard

cajas de cereal o galletas  
kartonnye korobki  
kartonska kutija  
sanduuq/kartoon warqad lakab kaliya ah

جعبه مقوایی  
ورق مقوی



### 12. mixed paper and junk mail

toda clase de papel o papel de correo que no utilice  
buma'naq produkciḡ, reklamnye materialy,  
posylaemye po pohte  
razni papiri i nevažna pošta  
waraaqo isku dhafan iyo waraaqo xayaysiis ama xashiis ah

انواع آگهی های تجارتي روزنامه  
اوراق مختلطة و خرده برید



# What You Can Probably Recycle From Your Home

## 13. magazines

revistas  
æurnaly  
časopisi  
wargeesyada duuban/majalad

مجلات  
مجلات



## 14. phone books

directorios telefónicos  
telefonnye knigi  
telefonske knjige  
buugga tilifoonnada

راهنمای تلفن  
دليل الهاتف



## 15. paper grocery bags

bolsas de papel usadas en el supermórcado  
buma'nye mewki dlq produktov  
papierne vrećice za namirnice  
kolleyga/dambiilaha warqada ah ee dukaannada

کیسه های کاغذی خرید  
اکیاس بقالة ورقية



WHAT YOU CAN RECYCLE	HOW TO RECYCLE IT
A. cans	You must rinse them clean. You may have to remove paper labels.
B. corrugated cardboard	It must be clean. You must remove staples. You must flatten or tear down into 3' x 3' bundles. You cannot recycle pizza or pop boxes. They must not be plastic coated boxes.
C. glass bottles and jars	You must rinse out food. You must remove caps and lids. You may have to remove foil labels. You may have to sort by color: clear, brown or green glass.
D. newspapers	They must be clean and dry. Newspaper supplements and inserts can be recycled. You must put them in a paper grocery bag or recycling bin.
E. plastic bottles	They must be pop, milk, juice or water bottles. You must rinse them clean. You must remove caps or lids. You may have to separate by type: milk, juice and water jugs, pop bottles, soap, shampoo, and detergent bottles. Your city may recycle other plastic bottles.
F. aluminum foil or trays	You must rinse off food.
G. aerosol cans	You must remove caps. They must be empty.
H. boxboard	You must remove any bags inside. You must flatten and put them in a paper grocery bag.
I. mixed paper and junk mail	You can recycle typing and computer paper. You can recycle envelopes, letters, ads and brochures. You must put them in a paper grocery bag.
J. magazines, catalogs and phone books	You must put them in a paper grocery bag.

## Exercise 1

Read the table on the previous page. Write down the name of what to recycle next to the phrase of how to recycle it.

There can be more than one correct answer.

1. glass bottles and plastic bottles Take off caps and rings.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Rinse out food.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ Flatten or tear down.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Put in a paper grocery bag.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Take off labels.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ Remove caps and lids.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ Sort by color.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ No pizza boxes.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ Remove any bags inside.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ Must be clean and dry.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ Must be empty.

## Exercise 2 - Fill in the Blanks



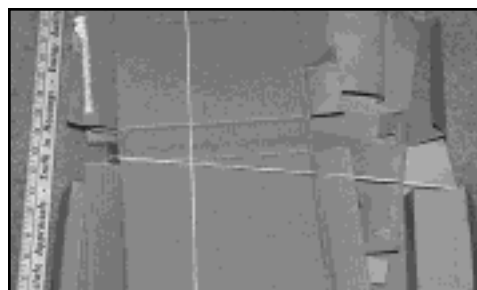
A. Cans



\_\_\_\_\_ labels and \_\_\_\_\_ them clean.



B. Corrugated cardboard



\_\_\_\_\_ or tear down. Must be  
\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_ pizza boxes.



C. Glass bottles and jars



Rinse \_\_\_\_\_ food. \_\_\_\_\_ caps,  
lids and rings. \_\_\_\_\_ by color.



D. Magazines and catalogs



\_\_\_\_\_ them in a paper grocery bag.



## Exercise 2 Continued - Fill in the blanks



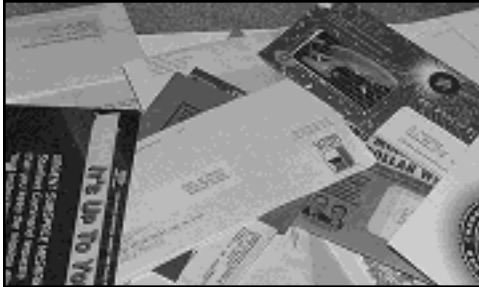
E. Newspapers

Must be \_\_\_\_\_ and dry. Put them in a \_\_\_\_\_ bin or \_\_\_\_\_.



F. Plastic bottles

\_\_\_\_\_ them clean. \_\_\_\_\_ caps and rings. Separate by \_\_\_\_\_.



G. Mixed paper and mail

You \_\_\_\_\_ recycle cards, \_\_\_\_\_, ads and brochures. Put them in a \_\_\_\_\_.



H. Boxboard

You must remove \_\_\_\_\_ inside. \_\_\_\_\_ and put them in a paper bag.



### Exercise 3

**NOTE:** To do this exercise, you will need information about recycling in your local community. If you don't know, ask your teacher to help you learn what you can recycle from your home.

Can you recycle these from your home?	Yes, I can / No, I can't
A. cans	
B. corrugated cardboard	
C. glass bottles and jars	
D. newspapers	
E. plastic bottles pop, milk, juice or water bottles	
F. other plastic bottles shampoo, ketchup, others	
G. aluminum foil or trays	
H. aerosol cans	
J. boxboard	
K. mixed paper and junk mail	
L. magazines and catalogs	
M. phone books	

## Exercise 4

Work with a partner. Look at the pictures. Use the information from the table on page 19, to tell your partner how to recycle it.



1. rinse them



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



7. \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 3

### When And Where Can You Recycle?



#### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. Do you live in an apartment or a house?
2. Do you recycle at your home?
3. Where do you put things for recycling?



Curb (the edge of the street, where it meets the yard)

If you live in a house, and are not sure where to put your recyclables, call the city and ask. You probably put the things you are going to recycle by the curb. The curb is the edge of the street, where it meets the yard. You can use the recycling bin that your garbage hauler provides, or paper grocery bags. Never use plastic grocery bags for this. Put the bins and bags next to the curb on the evening before recycling day, or before 7:00 in the morning.



If you live in an apartment and are not sure where to put your recyclables, call your landlord and ask. You probably have large recycling bins at the back of your apartment building. If so, you don't have to wait for a special recycling day. You can put things in the recycling bins whenever you want. The bins will be labeled. Sort your items carefully and put materials in the right bins. Don't put paper grocery bags in the same recycling bins as the cans or bottles. You can reuse the paper bags, or recycle them by putting them in the bin that holds newspapers.

## **Where do you keep things for recycling before recycling day?**

House with a curbside recycling program:

Keep them in paper grocery bags or recycling bins, in your house or garage. Carry them to the curb for recycling.

Apartment recycling program:

Every day is recycling day in an apartment. You can store things to recycle in paper bags, or put them in the recycling bins every day.

## **Where do I recycle the things that my garbage hauler won't take?**

If you don't have curbside or apartment recycling, you can take your recycling items to a drop-off center. You can bring newspapers, other papers, plastic, glass and cans all together to a drop-off center. You can separate them at the drop-off center and put them in the correct recycling bin. There is more information about what to take to drop-off sites, later in the book.

## **Do you have to recycle?**

No, but it's a good idea to recycle. It depends on the policies of the community in which you live, but in some communities you will save money if you recycle.

## **Why is recycling a good idea?**

It's good for your community, which means it's good for you. The recyclables are sold to companies that can use them to make new products we all use. It saves our natural resources when we can recycle something. Reusing and recycling also reduces the garbage. Besides, it's so easy to do.

## Exercise 1

**These sentences are false. Cross out the wrong word or words, and change these into true sentences.**

1. If you live in an apartment you probably recycle at the curb.
2. You can put your recyclables in bins or plastic garbage bags, and put them at the curb.
3. You should put your bins and bags outside before noon on recycling day.
4. Apartment buildings usually have one large recycling bin.
5. You don't have to put things in the right bin.
6. You can put paper grocery bags in the same bin with the glass bottles.
7. If your garbage hauler does not pick up recyclables, you should just throw everything in the trash.
8. You shouldn't recycle because it is bad for your community.
9. It is against the law to put recyclable aluminum cans in the garbage.
10. Recycling will put more garbage in the landfill or resource recovery facility.

## Exercise 2

Look at the calendar and fill in all the missing words.

September						
Su	M	T	W	Th	F	Sa
	1 Monday	2 First Tuesday	3	4	5	6
7 Sunday	8 Second Monday	9 Tuesday	10	11 Second Thursday	12	13 Saturday
14 Second Sunday	15 Monday	16 Tuesday	17 Third	18	19	20
21 Sunday	22 Fourth Monday	23 Tuesday	24	25 Fourth Thursday	26	27
28 Fourth Sunday	29 Fifth Monday	30 Tuesday				

## Exercise 3

Answer the questions.

1. What is the date of the first Wednesday? \_\_\_\_\_
2. What is the date of the second Thursday? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What is the date of the fifth Tuesday? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What are the dates of the first and third Mondays? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What are the dates of the second and fourth Fridays? \_\_\_\_\_



# Recycling Days

## **Once a month**

Some neighborhoods pick recyclables up, at the curb, once a month. It's the same day every month, for example, the third Friday or the fourth Tuesday.

## **Twice a month**

Some neighborhoods pick recyclables up, at the curb, twice a month, for example, the first and third Wednesdays. If there are five Wednesdays in a month, they will not pick up on the fifth Wednesday, because that would be every other week and not twice a month.

## **Every other week**

Some neighborhoods pick recyclables up, at the curb, every other week. The first week they pick up, the second week they don't. The next week they pick up, and the week after that they don't.

## **Once a week**

Some neighborhoods pick recyclables up, at the curb, the same day every week. For example, they will pick up every week on Friday or every week on Monday.

## **Holidays**

If your usual recycling day is a holiday, like Thanksgiving or Christmas, in most communities the recyclables will be picked up the day after the holiday, unless that day is a Sunday. After that it returns to the usual recycling schedule.

# Calendar

September						
Su	M	T	W	Th	F	Sa
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

October						
Su	M	T	W	Th	F	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

## Exercise 4

1. What is the date of the second Monday in October? \_\_\_\_\_
2. What is the date of the fourth Wednesday in September? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What is the date of the third Thursday in September? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Your recycling days are the first and third Tuesdays.
  - (a) What are the dates in September? \_\_\_\_\_
  - (b) What are the dates in October? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Your recycling days are twice a month, on the 9th and 23rd of September. When is your next recycling day? \_\_\_\_\_
6. Your recycling days are every other week, on the 9th and 23rd of September. When is your next recycling day? \_\_\_\_\_
7. Your recycling days are on the 3rd and 17th of September. When is your next recycling day? \_\_\_\_\_
8. Your recycling day is once a month, on the 19th of September. When is your next recycling day? \_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 5

**Work with a partner. Answer the questions about how you recycle.**

- A: Do you live in a house or an apartment?  
B: I live in \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: What do you recycle?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: Where do you put things for recycling?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: When do you recycle?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_.

## Chapter 4

### What Is Household Hazardous Waste? What Do Warning Labels Mean?



### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. Did you use chemicals at home in your country?
2. Do you use household chemicals here?
3. Why are some chemicals dangerous?
4. What hazardous chemicals are in your house?

# Vocabulary

## 1. burns (injury to the skin from heat, fire or chemicals)

quemaduras

oæogi

opekline

gubniin

سوختن

حروق

## 2. flammable (something that will catch fire and burn easily)

inflamable

ogneopasnyj

izgoretine

guban kara

قابل اشتعال

سريع الاشتعال

## 3. toxic (something will make you sick if you eat, drink or breathe it)

veneno o toxico

qdovityj

toxičnost

sun ah

سمی

سام

## 4. corrosive (a liquid that will burn your skin or eyes upon contact and, if you drink it, it will burn your mouth and throat)

corrosivo

edkij

sredstvo koje nagriza

wax milaya/wax jara

مواد سوزنده

مادة أكالة

## 5. caution - mild hazard (this is a little dangerous to use, so be careful)

precaución (poco peligro)

predostereæenie vozmo'no neblagopriqtnoe vozdejstvie

predostrožnost

is jir - khatar sahlán

توجه خطر ملايم

تنبيه

## 6. warning - moderate hazard (this is dangerous to use, so be very careful)

advertencia (moderado peligro)

predupre'denie, povywennaq opasnost;

neblagopriqtnogo vozdejstviq

upozorenje, opomena

digniin - khatar dhexdhexaad ah

اخطار خطر ملايم

تحذير

## 7. danger - extreme hazard (this is extremely dangerous to use, so take every precaution.)

peligro (mucho peligro)

Opasen

opastnost

khatar - khatar culus

خطر جدی

خطر

## Vocabulary Continued

8. inhale (to breathe in)
 

inhalat	vdyxat;	udisati
jiiid neef/hawo jiiid	تنفس کردن	یستنشاق
  
9. absorb (to enter your body through your skin)
 

absorber	pronikat;	upiti
liq/u gudub/ ku dux	جذب کردن	یمتص
  
10. swallow (to drink, eat or inject something)
 

tragar o pasar	proglotit;	progutati
liq	بلعیدن	یبتلع
  
11. chemical (man-made substance used for cleaning, gardening, etc.)
 

quimicos	ximiheskie ve]estva	kemikalije
maado kiimiko ah	مواد شیمیایی	کیمائیات

## Hazardous Household Products

### 1. aerosol containers - flammable

aerosoles  
 a`rozol;nye ballonhiki  
 boce pod pritiskom sprejovi  
 daasad/qasac buufiye ah  
 ظروف حاوی مواد آئروسل  
 اوعیة بخاخة



# Household Hazardous Products

## 2. cleaning solvents - flammable

solventes para limpiar

histqlje rastvory

čišćenje otopinom

nadiifiye mile ah sida baansiin ama baatroot

محلولهای پاک‌کننده

منظفات مذيبة



## 3. gasoline - flammable

gasolina

benzin

benzin

baansiin/baatroot

بنزين

بنزين



## 4. kerosene - flammable

kerosene

kerosin

petrolej, kerozin

gaas

نفث

کيروسين



## 5. oil-based paint - flammable

pintura do aceite

maslqnye kraski

uljana temeljna farba

rinji ku samaysan saliid

رنگ‌روغنی

زيت دهان



## Household Hazardous Products

### 6. paint thinner - flammable

aguarras o tiner  
razbavitel; dlq krasok  
razredivač farbe  
rinji furfure  
مواد رقیق کننده  
مخفف للدهان



### 7. paint stripper - toxic

liquido para quitar pintura  
sredstvo dlq udaleniq kraski  
čistač farbe  
rinji fujiye  
مواد رزگ  
مزیل للدهان



### 8. wood preservative - toxic

pintura para presevar la mader  
propitohnyj sostav dlq dereva  
specialna farba za zaštitu drveta  
loox biyo ka-dhawre  
محافظ چوب  
دهان واق للخشب



### 9. pesticides - toxic

pesticidas  
pesticity  
pesticidi  
sun dulin ama cayayaan  
حشره کش ها  
مبيدات للحشرات





## Household Hazardous Products

### 10. rodent poison - toxic

veneno para ratas o roedores  
krysinyj qd  
otrov za glodavce  
sun jiir ama dooli

سم موش  
سم للجرذان



### 11. battery acid - corrosive

acido para baterias  
`lektrolit  
baterija sa kiselinom  
asiidh dhagax/aashito baytari

اسيد باطرى  
بطارية اسيدية



### 12. drain cleaners & toilet bowl cleaners - corrosive

liquido para desinfectar o limpiar baños  
sredstva dlq histki stokov i unitazov  
suhi čistači i kupasti čistači WC-a  
nadiifiye marin biyo iyo musqulaha ama baytalmayga

تميز كندهاى دستشوبى وتوالت  
منظفات للبلاعات و منظفات للمرحض



### 13. oven cleaners - corrosive

quimicos para limpiar hornos  
sredstva dlq histki kuxonnyx plit  
čistač kutije od špareta  
nadiifiye foorno ama muufo

تميز كندهاى فريا آون  
منظفات للفرن



# **Be Careful!**

**Household hazardous products can hurt your children, pets and you.**

**Be very careful when using all hazardous products, even ordinary household cleaning products.**

Many household products are hazardous because they are flammable, toxic, or corrosive. Household hazardous products are chemicals. They can be dangerous to people and the environment. They can be very dangerous if they are swallowed, inhaled, mixed with other chemicals, thrown away or spilled.

**Never mix 2 chemicals together. Even if they are relatively safe, mixing them may cause a toxic gas, that you would inhale.**

Bleach and ammonia, as an example, are extremely poisonous if mixed together. Always read warning labels to be sure you are not mixing together cleaners with these chemicals.

**When you are using a product, never leave it unattended, even for a moment. Both children and pets are very curious. As soon**



**as you are finished, store the product safely away. Be careful with it. Store it away from heat so it will not start a fire. It is important to keep all chemicals up high and out of the reach of children.**

If you must use a product that is hazardous, try not to buy extra. Buy only what you need for the job. This is one instance when you do not want to buy a big container to save money. Safety is more important. Remember, it's better to use all of a product for its proper purpose, than to throw it away.

## Look for products that are safe to use.

There are many products that are very safe to use. Some examples would be vinegar and baking soda. You might want to check on what products are safe, and use those products instead of hazardous household chemicals. They will be safer for your family, and you will not have to worry about recycling hazardous waste.

### What Do Warning Labels Mean?

Read the label to see if a household chemical is hazardous. Words like **caution**, **warning**, and **danger** tell how hazardous a product is.

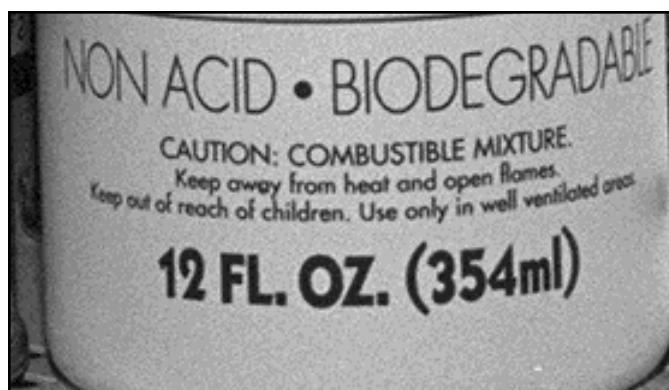


“**Caution**” means it’s a little hazardous to use, so be careful.

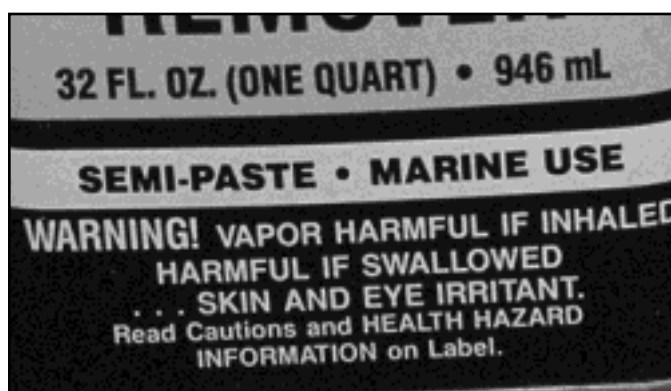
“**Warning**” means it’s hazardous to use, so be very careful.

“**Danger**” or “**poison**” means it’s very hazardous, so be extremely careful!

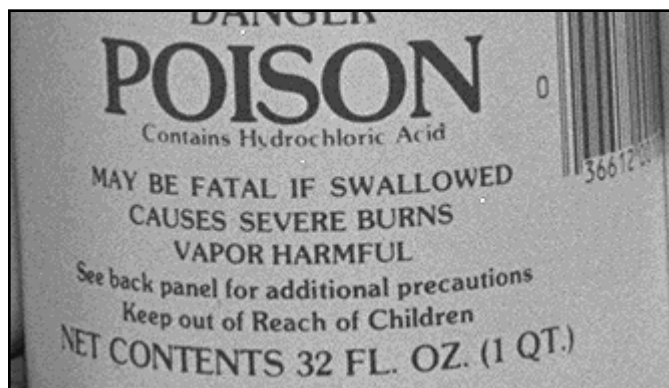
**Flammable** - If the label says “fire,” “heat,” “flame,” “combustible,” or “contains petroleum distillate,” it is flammable.



**Toxic** - If the label says “poison,” “fatal or harmful if swallowed,” “harmful if inhaled,” or “harmful if absorbed through the skin,” the product is toxic.



**Corrosive** - If the label says “acid,” “lye,” “burns,” or “burns skin or eyes,” it is corrosive.



Some products are a combination. They may be **flammable and toxic**, or **toxic and corrosive**.

## Exercise 1

**Fill in the missing words.**

1. Flammable chemicals can start a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Toxic chemicals are harmful if \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Corrosive chemicals can \_\_\_\_\_ your skin.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ means that product is dangerous.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ means that product is a little dangerous.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ means that product is extremely dangerous.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ means you breathe something in.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ means something goes into your body through your skin.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ is what you do when you eat or drink something.
10. It's better to use a product that is not \_\_\_\_\_.
11. If you must use a hazardous product, buy \_\_\_\_\_.
12. It's better to use all of the toxic product in a container, than it is to \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Always be \_\_\_\_\_ with hazardous products.

## Exercise 2

Read the labels. Circle the words that tell you the product is flammable, toxic or corrosive. Write the words you circled.



1. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_

Toxic harmful, fatal, swallowed

Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_



2. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_

Toxic \_\_\_\_\_

Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_



3. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_

Toxic \_\_\_\_\_

Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_



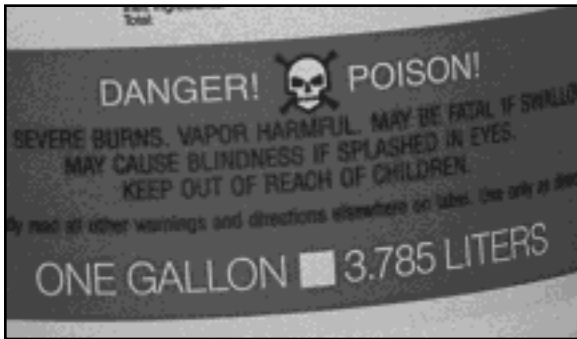
4. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_

Toxic \_\_\_\_\_

Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 2 Continued

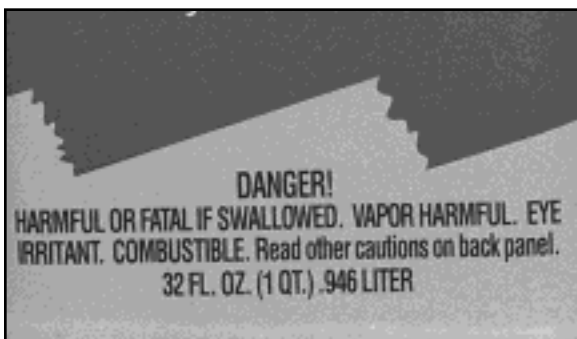
Read the labels. Circle the words that tell you the product is flammable, toxic or corrosive. Write the words you circled.



5. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Toxic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



6. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Toxic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



7. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Toxic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



8. Flammable \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Toxic \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Corrosive \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 3

Practice the dialog. Look at the pictures and listen to what your partner needs to buy. Then explain why it's hazardous.



1. flammable

Example

A: I need to buy some paint thinner.

B: How much do you need?

A: I don't know.

B: You should figure it out. It's flammable. If you buy too much you can't just throw it away.

A: You're right. Thanks for reminding me.



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



7. \_\_\_\_\_



## Exercise 4

Think about what hazardous products you have in your home. List them under the headings below.

What is it?

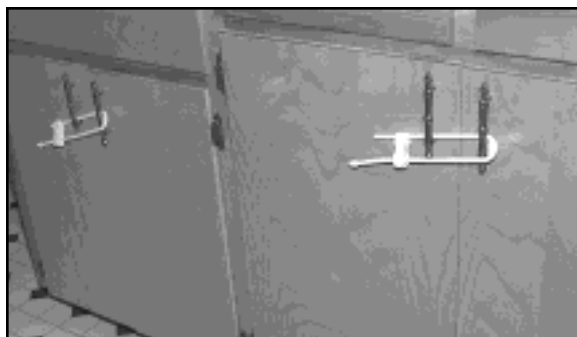
Why is it dangerous?

Where do you  
keep it?

gasoline

flammable

garage



## Chapter 5

### How Can You Dispose Of Household Hazardous Waste?



#### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. What toxic products do you have in your home?
2. Do you have flammable products in your home?  
What are they?
3. How do you get rid of hazardous waste?

# Vocabulary

## 1. cat litter (product used to fill the box where a cat can urinate)

productos para camas de gatos	granuly dlq otxo'ix mest dlq kowek	maciji otpati
gogol/wax bisaddu ku dul kaadido	توالت گربه	سريير القطة

## 2. dispose (to throw away)

disponer	vybrosit;	raspolaganje
tuur	دورانداختن	يرمي

## 3. dry (to allow moisture to evaporate, to allow paint to get hard)

secar	suwit;	sušiti
engeji	خشك کردن	يجفف

## 4. fire (when something is burning)

fuego	ogon;	vatra, požar
dab	آتش	نار

## 5. flame (the part of the fire that you can see)

llama	plamq	plamen
olol	شعله	شعلة

## 6. flush (to make water run through the toilet)

bajar el agua	smyt;, slit; vodu	crvenilo
ku fur biyo	سیفون کشیدن	يجري الماء (في الحمام)

## 7. problem materials (things that are not safe to throw away with regular trash)

problema con materiales	nebezopasnye dlq okru'a[]ej sredy materialy
materijalni problem	alaabo aan la raacin karin qashinka caadiga ah
مواد خطرناك	مواد خطرة

## 8. sand (very small pieces of stones)

arena	pesok	pijesak
siid	شن	رمل

## Vocabulary Continued

9. sawdust (very small pieces of wood from sawing)

aserrin

opilki

piljevina

qashin faarad

خاك اره

نشارة الخشب

10. sanitary sewer system (water pipes that carry the dirty water away from your house, to a processing plant)

sistema santiario

kanalizaciq

odvodni sanitarni sistem

habka iyo dhuumaha qaada wasakhda guryaha (dhuumaha bulaacaddaha)

سیستم فاضلاب بهداشتی

تمديدات صحية

11. septic system (a tank, buried in your yard, that collects dirty water from your house, if your house is not connected to a sanitary sewer system)

sistema septico

septiheskaq sistema

kanalizacija

hogga musqusha/baytalmayga

چاه فاضلاب

حفرة مراحيض

12. storm sewer (pipes that carry rain water from the yard or street directly to the river, and not to a processing plant)

sistema de alcantarillado

livnevaq kanalizaciq

kanali za odvod

dhuumaha/tuubooyinka qaada biyaha roobka فاضلاب خيابان

تمديدات لماء المطر

13. splash (to make liquid jump by pouring something too fast)

salpicar

razbryzgivat;

mrlja, fleka

duul-duuli, firdhi biyo

ترشح کردن

یرشش

## More Hazardous Household Products

### 1. ammonia type cleaners

ammoniacos  
ammiahnye histqlie sredstva  
višenamjenski čistači  
nadiifiye ay ku jirto amooniya

پاك‌كننده‌های آمونیومی  
منظف نشادري



### 2. appliances

electrodomesticos  
bytovoe oborudovanie  
aparati  
qalabka guriga

اسباب‌خانه  
أدوات كهربائية



### 3. bathroom cleaners

limpiador de baño  
sredstva dlq histki tualetov  
čistači WC-a  
nadiifiye musqul/baytalmay

تميز‌كننده‌های توالت  
منظفات حمام



### 4. floor polish

cera para pisos  
sredstva dlq natiraniq polov  
sredstvo za poliranje poda  
baalashka/asalka looxa dhulka guriga

واکس پارکت  
ملمع للارض

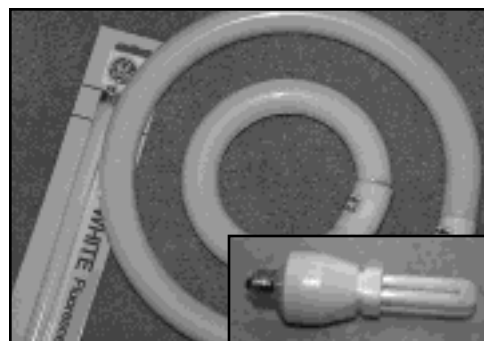


## More Hazardous Household Products

### 5. fluorescent lights

luces flourescentes  
lampy dnevnogo sveta  
fluoroscenta rasvjeta  
laydhka/nalka dheer

لامپ های فلورسنتی  
مصباح فلوري



### 6. hair permanent lotion

loción para hacer permanente de pelo  
'idkost; dlq zavivki volos  
losion za kosu  
dawada beddesha nooca timaha

لوسيون فر كنزده مو  
غسول لتجعيد الشعر



### 7. insecticides

insectidas  
insektidy  
insekticidi  
sun cayayaan

حشره کش ها  
مبيد للحشرات



### 8. latex paint

pintura de agua  
lateksnaq kraska  
vodena boja  
rinji saabuunta ku go'a

رنگ آبی  
دهان اللثی (عصاره المشجر)



## More Hazardous Household Products

### 9. lighter fluid

liquido de ensendedor

æidkost; dlq za'igalok

upaljač

hoore/dareere fudud

گازفندك

زبت إضاءة



### 10. liquid bleaches

lejía o blanqueadores

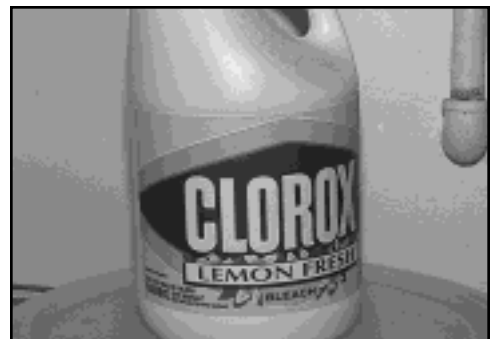
æidkie otbelivateli

tekuči izbjelivač

cadeeye/midab cadeeye hoore ah

مايع سفيد كننده

سائل مبيض



### 11. medicines

medicinas

lekarstva

lijekovi

dawo

داروها

أدوية



### 12. mercury thermostats

termometro de mercurio

rtutnye termostaty

živin termostat

kulbeeg/kulayl cabire ay ku jirto maaddada merkuuriga

ترموستاتهای جیوه‌ای

میزان حرارت زئبقی



## More Hazardous Household Products

### 13. nickel-cadmium batteries

baterias de níquel /cadmium  
nikel;-kadmievye batarei

punjenje strujom baterije ponovo  
dhagaxaan ama baytariyo diib loo isticmaali karo

بطاريات نيكيل-كادميوم  
بطارية قابلة للشحن



### 14. shoe polish

lustre para zapatos  
krem dla obuwi  
laštilo za cipele  
baalashka kabaha

واكس كفش  
ملمع للحذاء



### 15. solvents

solventes  
rastvoriteli

sredstva za čišćenje kemikalija  
mile/shay wax milaya

محلولها  
مذيبات



### 16. tile cleaner

limpiadores de azulejos  
sredstvo dla histki kafel;nyx plitok  
čistač za pločice  
nadiifiyaha marmarka

تميز كذنده كف پوش  
منظف للفخار





## How to dispose of household hazardous waste

Remember:

- It's better to use safer products instead of hazardous chemicals.
- If you must use a hazardous chemical, it's better to use all of it than to throw it away.
- If you must throw something away, you must dispose of it properly.

Some things are so dangerous, you can't throw them away or pour them in the sink. You must keep them in a safe place until you can take them to a household hazardous waste collection site.

Some things have dangerous chemicals inside. You can't throw these away: appliances, fluorescent lights and mercury thermostats. In some communities, fluorescent lights can be taken to a hardware store, and they will be recycled for you. Call a hardware store in your area to see if that service is available. If you can't find a hardware store to take them, you must save fluorescent bulbs until you can take them to a household hazardous waste collection site, or special city recycling day.

A company called Honeywell collects mercury thermostats. If you live in MN, Honeywell will take back any thermostat. If you live outside of MN, they will only accept Honeywell brand thermostats. There is no charge for this service. Call 1-800-345-6770, ask for extension 733, and give them your name and address. They will send you a postage paid envelope. Put the thermostat in the envelope, and drop the envelope in the mailbox. If you do not send the thermostats back to Honeywell, they must be taken to a household hazardous waste collection site, not thrown away.

Some things you can pour down the sink or the toilet, if **you live in a city or town and have a sanitary sewer system**. If you don't have a sanitary sewer system, you have a septic tank system. If you are in a septic system never pour waste down the sink or toilet. Take it to a friend's house or hazardous waste collection site. If you are not sure whether you have a sanitary sewer system or septic system, call your town hall or city offices and they can tell you.

## **Save for household hazardous waste collection**

The following products are flammable, corrosive, or toxic.

aerosols (not empty)	mercury thermostats (or send to Honeywell)
appliances	nickel - cadmium batteries
bug sprays	oil-based paint (more than 1 cup)
drain cleaner (more than 8 oz)	paint stripper
fluorescent lights (or bring to hardware store if possible)	paint thinner
floor polish	rodent poison
insecticides	shoe polish
kerosene	swimming pool chemicals
lighter fluid	solvents (oil-based cleaners)
	tile cleaner

## **Put in the sanitary sewer system**

You must only use a sanitary sewer system, not a storm sewer, to dispose of these household wastes. Be careful. Protect your eyes and hands when you pour chemicals in the sink or toilet. **DO NOT MIX CHEMICALS.** Dispose of only one kind of waste at a time. Flush the waste down the toilet, or pour it down the sink with a lot of water. Pour slowly and carefully so you don't splash.

all purpose cleaners (non-flammable)	liquid bleach *
ammonia type cleaners *	medicines (not cancer treating drugs)
bathroom cleaners *	toilet bowl cleaner
drain cleaner (if less than 8 oz)	window cleaner *
hair permanent lotion	shampoo / soap

\* **DO NOT** mix products containing bleach with products containing ammonia or acids. A toxic gas can form! Read the labels carefully to see if the product contains bleach or ammonia. To be safe, do not dispose of more than one chemical a day. If you are not sure that an item can be poured into the sewer system, don't pour it down the sink.

## Exercise 1

1. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



2. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



3. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



4. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



## Exercise 1 Continued

5. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



6. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



7. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

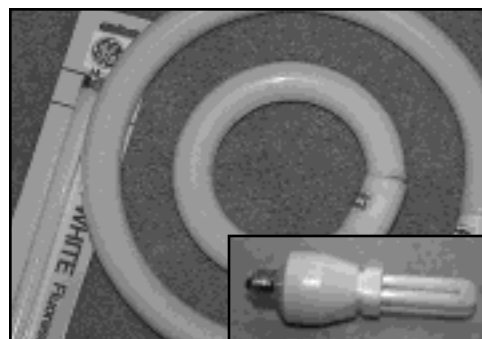


8. What is it? \_\_\_\_\_

How do you dispose of it? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



## Exercise 2

Practice the dialog with a partner. Listen to the question and decide how you should dispose of the wastes.

Examples: A: Can I throw pesticides in the trash?

B: No, you can't. You have to save them for a household hazardous waste collection day.

A: Can I throw liquid bleach in the trash?

B: No, but you can flush it down the toilet if you have a sanitary sewer system.

A: Can I throw latex paint in the trash?

B: Yes you can. But you have to dry it out first.



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_

## How to safely dispose of paint

There are two types of paint, oil-based and latex. Oil-based paint is flammable. Latex paint has water in it.

### Oil-based Paint

You cannot dispose of large amounts of oil-based paint at home. A large amount is more than one cup of paint, or more than one inch in the bottom of a can. Take large amounts of oil-based paint to a household hazardous waste collection site. Do not throw it away at home.

You can dry out, and then throw away, small amounts of oil-based **paint** at home. A small amount is less than one cup of paint, or less than one inch in the bottom of a can. If you are drying oil-based paint, you may want to purchase a product from a paint store that will make the paint dry faster.

### Latex Paint

You can dry out, and then throw away, small and large amounts of latex paint at home.

## Getting ready to dry paint

Paint should never be dried inside the home. Latex paint has some solvent in it, which is an indoor health issue. Some older paints contain mercury, which is also toxic. Paint should only be dried outside, and in a safe place.

Be very concerned about safety. Keep drying paint away from children, pets and other animals. Paint can take from several days to several weeks to dry. The time it takes depends upon the type of paint and how much paint you have. Do it only during the summer months in Minnesota, since it will not dry in cold weather. Drying paint must also be kept out of the rain.

### **Drying small amounts of oil-based and latex paints**

(less than one cup of paint or less than one inch in the bottom of the can)

- \*Find a safe place out of the reach of children and animals.  
Take off the lid and let the paint dry in the sun.  
Stir the paint occasionally to make it dry faster.

**or**

- \*Purchase a product from the paint or hardware store that is made to speed up the drying time.  
Follow directions on the package.

**or**

- \* Or, brush paint in thin layers on to newspapers or cardboard, to speed drying. When dry put into the garbage.

### **Drying large amounts of latex paints**

(more than one cup of paint, or more than one inch in the bottom of the can)

- \*Find a safe place out of the reach of children and animals.  
Put plastic inside a cardboard box.  
Put one inch of paint onto the plastic. Let the paint dry.  
Pour another inch of paint on the dry paint. Let the paint dry.  
Repeat this until the paint is dry.

**or**

- \* Put plastic inside a cardboard box.  
Mix the paint with cat litter, sawdust, or sand.  
Pour the paint mixture onto the plastic and let it dry.  
When dry put into the garbage.

Throw the completely dried paint, cans and other materials in the trash. Do not put the lids on the dried paint cans. If the garbage collectors see that the paint is dry, they will take the paint cans.

### Exercise 3

**These sentences are false. Cross out the wrong word or words, and change these into true sentences.**

1. There are three types of paint: red, blue and green.
2. You can dispose of large amounts of oil-base paint at home.
3. You should dry out paint inside the house.
4. Take large amounts of oil-based paint to a paint store to recycle.
5. You can dry out large amounts of oil-based paint at home, and throw it away.
6. A large amount of paint is more than a gallon, or more than 6 inches in the bottom of the can.
7. You should keep paint away from animals, children and trees.
8. Paint will take from several months to several years to dry.
9. Put the lids back on dried paint cans, so that the garbage collectors can't see if the paint is wet or dry.
10. If paint is wet the garbage collectors will take it.



## Chapter 6

### What Should You Do With Automobile Wastes?



#### Pre-Reading

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. Do you change the oil in your car? If not, does someone in your family change the oil?
2. What do you do with the oil?
3. What do you do with the oil filter?

# Vocabulary

## 1. accept (to let someone give you something)

acceptar	prinimat;	prihvatiti
ka qabo, ka oggalaw	قبول کردن	يقبل

## 2. air-tight (sealed so that air cannot reach it)

aire comprimido	vozduxonepronicaemyj	hermetički
aan lahayn meel hawo ka baxsato ama ka soo gasho	کیپ	مختوم

## 3. automobile fluids:

fluidos para carros	'idkosti dlq avtomobilej	ulje za auto
hooraha ama saliiddaha baabuurta	روغن های ماشین	زیت سیارات

### a. brake fluid

liquido de frenos	tormoznaq æidkost;	ulje za kočnice
Saliidda biraygyada ama fariinooyinka	روغن ترمز	زیت المكابح

### b. transmission fluid

liquido de transmición	æidkost; dlq avtomatiheskoj transmissii	
ulje za prenosni sistem	saliidda biraha wareegga sida sabaradda baabuurka ama albarada	
روغن جعبه دنده		زیت المحول

### c. power steering fluid

liquido para el volante	æidkost; dlq rulevoj sistemy	ulje za volan
saliidda shookaanta ama shukaanta	روغن فرمان	زیت عجلة القيادة

## 4. burn (to make a fire)

quemarse	s'igat;	opekotina
gub	سوزاندن	يشعل

## 5. collect (to gather together certain kinds of things)

collectar	sobirat;	skupiti
ururi	تحويل گرفتن	يجمع

## Vocabulary Continued

6. contaminants (dirt & other things that get into a product, when they don't belong there)

contaminantes	zagrqniteli	(zemli, vody, produktov)	zagađivači
wasakh/wax ku darsamay wax saafi ahaa	آلودگی‌ها		شوائب

7. drain (to take fluids out)

desaguar	spuskat;	curiti
ka sii daa hoore/saliid	بیرون آوردن	یفرغ

8. illegal (against the law)

ilegal	protivozakonnyj	nezakonit
sharci-daro	غیرقانونی	غیرقانونی

9. label (to write on a container, the name of the product, and other information)

etiquetar	nakleivat; `tiketku	staviti etikete
ku dul qor magac	برچسب زدن	ملصق

10. mix (to combine two or more things)

revolver	smewivat;	miješati
isku walaaq	مخلوط کردن	یمزج

11. pollutants (chemicals that can get into the air, water or ground, and can hurt people, animals and plants)

contaminantes o polución	zagrqniteli	(zemli, vody, produktov)	zagađivači
wasakheeye/wax ku darsamay wax saafi ahaa	آلوده کننده ها		دخان المعوادم

12. sealed container (a container with a cover, that keeps the product inside)

botella sellada	germetihno zakrytyj kontejner	zatvoreni kontejner
weel daboolan	ظروف سردار	وعاء مختوم

## Vocabulary Continued

### 13. used (old items)

usado

otrabotannyj

upotrijebljen

la isticmaalay

استفاده شده

مستعمل

### 14. fee (money you pay someone to accept something)

cuota

sbor, plata

naplata honorarna

kharash

حق الزحمة

رسم - اجر

## Automotive Wastes

### 1. anti-freeze

anticongelante

antifriz

antifriz

lidka barafawga

ضديخ زدن

مقاوم المتجمد



### 2. motor oil

aceite para motores

motornoe maslo

motorno ulje

saliidda baabuurka

روغن موتور

زيت المحرك



### 3. oil filter

filtro para el aceite

maslqnyj fil;tr

filter za ulje

shaandhada saliidda

فيلتر روغن

زيت المرشحة



## Motor oil

Used motor oil has pollutants in it. If you put oil in the trash, on the ground or in a sewer system, the oil and the pollutants may get into the ground water. Once it is in the ground water, it will spread to lakes and rivers. If the oil gets into the water it can kill fish, birds and animals, and make people sick. It can also kill the plant life in the lakes. It is illegal to put motor oil or used oil filters anywhere in the trash, on the ground or in the water.

Industries can reuse motor oil, burn it as fuel, or recycle it into new motor oil. Places that sell motor oil in Minnesota, like automotive supply stores, must collect used motor oil or put up a sign that tells you where used motor oil can be recycled.

After you change oil in your car or other vehicle, you must dispose of both the used oil and the used oil filter properly. Used oil filters contain contaminated oil, so they cannot be thrown in the trash. The same place that takes your used oil will also take your oil filter.

Most car service stations and quick oil change centers also accept oil and oil filters. In addition, some of them may accept anti-freeze. Check for one in your neighborhood.

**Exercise 1 - These sentences are false. Cross out the wrong word or words, and change these into true sentences.**

1. Motor oil doesn't have pollutants in it.
2. If you put oil in the trash, it won't get you into trouble.
3. If oil gets in the water, it can make boats sick.
4. Used motor oil can be recycled into cooking oil.
5. Places that sell motor oil must collect it or throw it in the trash.
6. Used oil filters don't have any oil left in them.
7. It is legal to put motor oil or filters in the trash, on the ground, or in the garage.

## Automotive Waste

### How To Recycle It

A. anti-freeze	Don't mix it with other fluids. Store it in a sealed container and label it. Take it to a place that accepts it for recycling. (You may have to pay a small fee)
B. automotive fluids (brake fluid, transmission fluid, power steering fluid)	<del>Don't mix them with other fluids.</del> Store in a sealed container and label them. Take them to a place that accepts them for recycling. (You may have to pay a small fee)
C. Gasoline	Don't mix it with other fluids. Put in an air-tight, approved gasoline storage container.
D. motor oil	Take it to a household hazardous waste collection site, or a site that reuses it.  Don't mix it with other fluids. Store it in a sealed container and label it. Take it to a place that accepts motor oil. (You may have to pay a small fee)
E. oil filter	Drain the filter for 24 hours into a container. Take the oil and filter to a place that accepts them for recycling. (You may have to pay a small fee)

## Exercise 2

Work with a partner. Practice asking and answering the questions.

1. A: How do you properly dispose of \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Store it in a \_\_\_\_\_ container and \_\_\_\_\_ it.



2. A: How do you properly dispose of \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Do not \_\_\_\_\_ it with other fluids. There may be a \_\_\_\_\_.



3. A: How do you properly dispose of \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Put it in an \_\_\_\_\_ approved gasoline storage container. Take it to a household \_\_\_\_\_ collection site.



4. A: How do you properly dispose of \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Do not mix it with \_\_\_\_\_. Store it in a \_\_\_\_\_ container and \_\_\_\_\_ it.



### Exercise 3

Practice the dialog with a partner. Look at the pictures. Tell your partner how to properly dispose of each item.

Example:

A: Hey, wait a minute.

B: What's the matter?

A: You can't put that \_\_\_\_\_ in the trash.

B: Why not?

A: \_\_\_\_\_.

B: What can I do with it?

A: \_\_\_\_\_.



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



## Chapter 7

### How Do You Recycle Vehicle Batteries, Tires and Scrap Metal?



#### Discussion Questions

**Answer these questions with your partner.**

1. What do you do with old tires?
2. Have you bought a new car battery? What did you do with the old one?
3. Do you repair your cars yourself? What do you do with the old parts?

# Vocabulary

## 1. drop-off center (a place that accepts things to recycle)

centro donde se recicla

priemnye punkty otxodov

otpad center

xarunta la geeyo wixii la tuurayo

مركز اسقاطى

مركز إعادة التصنيع

## 2. dump (throw something away illegally)

tirar basura

vybrasyvat; musor v nepolo'ennyx mestax

izbaciti

ku tuur wax meel aan sharcigu oggolayn

آب کردن کالای

نفاية

## 3. landfill (place where they bury trash)

tierra y escombros

svalka

mjesto za spaljivanje smeća

godka qashinka

محل سوزاندن زباله

طمر النفاية

## 4. metal (iron, steel, etc.)

metal

metall

metal

macdan

فلزات

معدن

## 5. private property (land not owned by the government)

terreno o propiedad privada

hastnaq sobstvennost;

privatno vlasništvo

dhul mulki gaar ah

مالك خوضى

ممتلكات خاصة

## 6. required (something you must do)

requerir

trebuemyj

tražiti

la rabo in la sameeyo

احتياج داشتن

يفرض

# Automotive Waste Materials

## 1. lead-acid battery / car battery

bateria para carro

akkumulqtor

akomulator

dhagaxa ama baytariga nooca macdan-aashito/ baytariga baabuurka

باطرى ماشين باطرى سربى اسيدى

بطارية سيارة



## 2. tires

llantas

winy

gume

shaagag/taayiro

تاير ماشين

إطارات



## 3. scrap metal

desecho metalico

metallolom

stari metal

macdanta dib loo shubi karo

قطعات فلزى

خردة المعادن



## 4. metal rims

rines

metalliheskie oboda

ovičeni metal

wareegga ama giftinka macdanta ah

حاشيه هاى فلزى

إطارات معدنية



## Read the paragraphs.

Lead-acid Batteries (for cars, other vehicles, lawn mowers, motorcycles)

It is illegal to put lead-acid batteries in the trash. Leave the caps on the battery, and take it to a business that sells batteries. They must accept the old battery and recycle it for free. When you purchase a new battery, you must either bring in the old one so they can recycle it, or pay a \$5.00 deposit until you do.

Tires

Do not throw tires in the trash. It is illegal to dump them on private property, public property like ditches or parks, or in landfills. You may have to take the tires off the metal rims. Take used tires to a business that sells tires. They must accept your tires for recycling if you buy new tires there, but you may have to pay a fee.

Scrap Metal

Most metals can be recycled. Take off all the non-metal materials. Call a scrap metal drop-off center to find out what kinds of metal they take.

## Exercise 1

Read the sentences. Circle the answer.

- |   |     |    |       |
|---|-----|----|-------|
| 1. I can throw away tires on my property.                           | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 2. Businesses that sell car batteries must accept old ones.         | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 3. You must pay a \$5 deposit to recycle your old battery.          | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 4. Non-metal scrap cannot be recycled with scrap metal.             | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 5. There is a fee for recycling tires.                              | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 6. Businesses that sell tires do not have to recycle them.          | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 7. A scrap metal drop-off center recycles all kinds of scrap metal. | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 8. I can put car batteries at the curb for recycling.               | Yes | No | Maybe |
| 9. I can recycle tires with the rims on them.                       | Yes | No | Maybe |

## Exercise 2

**Write a dialog with your partner. What do you say?**

1. You are at a store that sells car batteries. You have a car battery you want to recycle.

Store clerk: Can I help you ?

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: You can put it over there.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: You're welcome.

2. You are at a store that sells tires. You want to recycle tires.

Store clerk: Can I help you?

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: How many do you have?

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: We can't take tires with rims.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: We charge \$1.00 a tire.

You: OK. Here's

Store clerk: You can put them in that bin.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Store clerk: You're welcome.

3. You are on the telephone. You want information about recycling scrap car parts.

Clerk: Acme Scrap Metal. Can I help you?

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk: You can drop it off. It has to be clean.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk: If you have a lot, we can weigh it and pay you for it.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk: We're open 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

You: \_\_\_\_\_

### Exercise 3

Write your name and your partner's name in the appropriate boxes.

Read the question and write your answer in the first column.

Ask your partner the question. Write your partner's answer in the second column.

Questions	Your Name: _____	Partner's Name: _____
1. What country are you from?		
2. What do people do with old tires in your country?		
3. What do people do with old car batteries in your country?		
4. What do people do with scrap metal in your country?		

## Chapter 8

### What Can You Do With Yard Waste?

#### What Is Composting?



### Discussion Questions

**Answer these questions with your partner.**

1. Who cuts the grass at your house or apartment?
2. What do they do with grass clippings when they finish mowing?
3. Do you have a garden?
4. What do you do with your garden waste?

## Vocabulary

1. brush (bushes and shrubs, or a pile of cut and broken branches)

maleza	kustarnik	grmlje
geedo yaryar ama ood iyo laamo burbursan	بڼه	شجيرة

2. compost (to make a pile from a mixture of decaying organic substances, like grass clippings, dead leaves, etc., used for fertilizing soil)

abonar	kompostirovat;	sastaviti ili komponovati
qudhmi/huuri wax si bacrimiye (nafaqeeeye) dhul u noqdo	کودگياهی درست کردن	یسمد

3. garden waste (parts of vegetables and flowers you want to throw away)

desperdicios de jardin	sadovo-ogorodnye otxody	vrtni odpad
qashinka geedaha beerta guriga	آشغالهای باغ	نفایة الحديقة

4. soft-bodied plant material (parts of plants that are not wood)

partes suaves de las plantas	mqgkie hasti rastenij	meki biljni materijal
qayb jilicsan ee geed	موادگیاهي چوبی نشده	آزهار و اوراق المزرع

5. stump (the bottom of the tree after you cut off the top)

tocón	pni	panj
jirrid	کنده درخت	المجدة

6. tree trimmings (parts that you cut off a tree to throw away)

ramas del árbol	otrezannye vetki derev;ev	obrezivanje
u qusayn geed/gaagaabin geed	هرس کردن درخت	شذابة المشجر

7. weeds (plants you don't want growing in your yard or garden)

mala hierba	sornqki	korov, kukolj
geedo qashin ah	علفهای هرزه	أعشاب ضارة

8. yard waste (grass clippings, leaves, weeds)

desperdicios del patio	dvorovyj musor	otpad iz dvorišta
qashinka beerta ama xerada guriga	زباله های حیاط	نفایة فناء المنزل



# Yard and Tree Waste

## 1. compost pile

amontonar el abono

kompostnaq kuha

hrpa đubriva

tuul ama urur wax la huurinayo si ciidda loogu nafaqeeyo

تپه کود گیاهی

كومة خلیط ورق المشجر



## 2. grass clippings

prado o sacate

skowennaq trava

kosilica

caws jarjarmay

کوتاه کردن چمن

قصاصات العشب



## 3. leaves

hojas

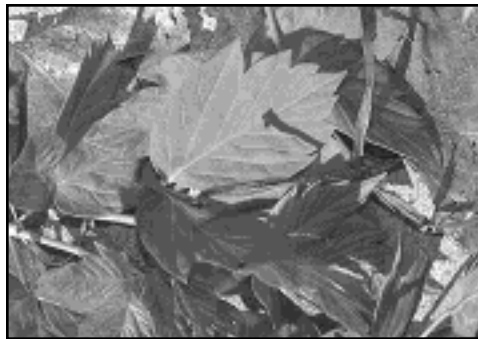
list;q

lišće

caleen

برگهای درختان

ورق المشجر



## 4. logs

leña o troncos

br\vna

debla, panjevi

jirid jiifta/dogob

الوار

زند المخشب



## **Yard and Garden Waste**

Yard and garden wastes include grass clippings, leaves, weeds and soft-bodied plant materials. These cannot be put in the garbage. Do not put sticks or brush with the yard and garden waste. Sticks and brush take too long to compost. Even though grass clippings can be taken to a compost site, it is better to leave them on the ground instead of raking them up. It's good for the grass.

If your city allows it, you can make a compost pile in your yard, and put yard and garden waste in it. You can also put vegetables and fruit waste in your own compost pile. You cannot add meat, fish, scraps or dairy products, or you will have animals digging in your compost pile for food.

You can put grass clippings, leaves and weeds in plastic bags, and take them to a compost site in your area. At the compost site take the waste out of the plastic bags, and take the bags home to reuse. Or, fill the bags with compost that is ready to go, and use it to feed plants in your own garden. Some communities may charge a small fee to accept yard waste for composting.

## **Tree Waste**

Tree waste is brush, tree trimmings, logs and stumps. Tree waste must be kept separate from yard and garden waste.

Some communities will accept tree waste, which they will grind up into wood chips. Do not take tree waste to a community compost site unless you have checked to be sure they will accept it. If they won't, ask if they have a tree waste site where you can take your brush, tree trimmings, logs and stumps. There is usually a fee for recycling tree waste.

In some communities your garbage hauler may pick up brush and tree trimmings for a fee. Check with your garbage hauler to find out if they will pick it up and, if so, when you need to put it out for pickup.

## Exercise 1

Put the letter of the definition next to the correct word.

- |                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1. _____ garbage hauler  | A. weeds, grass clippings, leaves                   |
| 2. _____ garden waste    | B. branches cut from trees                          |
| 3. _____ tree trimmings  | C. person or company that takes away your garbage   |
| 4. _____ tree waste      | D. weeds, soft-bodied plants, fruits and vegetables |
| 5. _____ yard waste      | E. grass that is cut off when you mow the lawn      |
| 6. _____ grass clippings | F. branches, logs and stumps                        |

## Exercise 2

Answer the questions from the reading.

1. Can you bring vegetable scraps to the county compost site?
2. Can you put brush in a compost pile? Why or why not?
3. Can you put fish scraps in a compost pile? Why or why not?
4. Where can you take tree waste?
5. Where can you put tree waste for the garbage hauler?
6. What do you do with the plastic bags, after you take the garden waste out of them, at the compost site?

## Chapter 9

### How Can You Be A Smart Shopper And Reduce Waste?



#### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. What foods do you buy a lot of every month?
2. Do you take lunches to work or to school in reusable containers?
3. Do you buy used things sometimes? If so, what do you buy used instead of new?

# Vocabulary

1. borrow (take something to use and then return it when finished)

prestado	odolæit;	posuditi
amaaho	قرض گرفتن	يستهير

2. bulk (a large amount of something)

bulto	bol;woe nedelimoe kolihestvo	obujam
jumlo/jumlad	قسمت عمده	حجم

3. concentrates (drinks with most of the water removed, made to be mixed with water before drinking)

concentrados	koncentraty	koncentrat
cabitaan ``biyihii laga miiray ama adag	تغليذ کردن	مكثف-مركز

4. durable (something sturdy enough to be used many times)

durable	tovary dlitel;nogo pol;zovaniq	trajan
adag	بادوامر	متين

5. economy-size (a large package of something, which is cheaper than if you bought the same thing in several smaller packages)

tamaño-economico	bol;waq upakovka	ekonomska strana
cabir-weyn oo jaban	اقتصادي	مقاس إقتصادي

6. energy-efficient (uses less energy to operate than other kinds)

eficiente en energia	`nergo`ffektivnyj	energetski sposoban
tashiilaya/shidaalka dhawraya	باصرفه	طاقة فعالة

7. mercury (heavy liquid metal)

mercurio	rtut;	živa
merkuuri	جيوه	زئبق

## Vocabulary Continued

8. packaging (the paper and plastic containers and coverings on things that you buy)
- |                 |           |           |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|
| empacar         | upakovka  | pakovanje |
| duub/gal alaabo | پاکت کردن | توضیب     |
9. returnables (bottles, bags and other packaging that can be returned to the store for reuse)
- |                    |                 |                     |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| retornables        | vozvratnaq tara | ponovo u potrebljiv |
| weel la celin karo | برگرداندنی      | مرتجع               |
10. second-hand (things that have been used by someone else first)
- |                             |             |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| segunda mano                | poderæannyj | rabljen, korišten |
| ku-dhac, wax la isticmaalay | دست دوم     | مستعمل            |
11. single item (one thing)
- |             |                     |             |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------|
| un objecto  | edinihnyj `kzemplqr | jedna stvar |
| shay kaliya | يك چيز              | مادة واحدة  |
12. maintain (to take care of something)
- |                 |                         |           |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| mantenar        | soderæat; v ispravnosti | održavati |
| dhawr, dayactir | نگهداشتن                | صيانة     |
13. warranty (a promise, from the company that made an item you purchased, to fix the product if it's no good)
- |                 |          |           |
|-----------------|----------|-----------|
| garantias       | garantiq | garancija |
| ballan hagaajin | ضمانت    | ضمانة     |
14. wasteful (doing things that make more waste, instead of being careful)
- |                   |                |           |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------|
| derrocahdor       | rastohitel;nyj | rasut     |
| wax khaasaarinaya | هدر رفتنی      | مخرب-مبذر |

## Vocabulary Continued

### 15. wrapping paper (paper used to wrap boxes or presents)

papel para envolver

obertohnaq bumaga

papir za pakovanje

warqadda duubka

کاغذ کا دو

ورق تغلیف

## Use Digital Products and Reduce Mercury Use

### 1. digital thermometer

termometro digital

cifrovoj termometr

digitalni toplomjer

kulbeeg tiro-sheeg ama elegtarooniya

ترمومتر الکترونیکی

میزان حرارت رقمی



### 2. digital thermostat

termostato digital

cifrovoj termostat

digitalni termostat

kulayl fure elegtarooniya

ترمواستات الکترونیکی

منظم الحرارة



## Reuse Tools

### 1. garden tiller

rastrillo  
sadovyj kul'tivator  
obradivanje vrta  
ciid burburiye beer guri

ما شين شخم زني  
المحراث



### 2. ladder

escalera  
pristavnaq lestnica  
lotre  
sallaan, jaranjaro

نردبان  
سلم



### 3. rug cleaner

limpiador de carpeta o tapete  
mawina dlq histki kovrov  
čistač za tepihe  
mishiinka nadiifiya qadiifadda

تميز كنده فرش  
منظف المسجاد





You can make less waste by practicing the 3 Rs:

## **Reduce, Reuse, Recycle**

### **Reduce**

1. Buy things in returnable containers, things without packaging, the largest size you can use, or concentrates.
  - \* Buy things to drink in returnable containers.
  - \* Buy fresh fruit or vegetables without packaging or bags.
  - \* Buy the largest size packages you and your family can use.
  - \* Buy fruit juices and detergents in concentrates.
2. Choose or wrap products with the least wasteful packaging.
  - \* Whenever possible, buy products that are not packaged.
  - \* Buy products that are packaged simply.
  - \* Don't buy products that are wrapped with extra plastic.
  - \* Don't buy products that are double packaged, such as a box inside a box.
3. Use less energy.
  - \* Buy energy-efficient appliances and maintain them.
  - \* Buy fluorescent lights, instead of incandescent.
  - \* Buy long-lasting tires and maintain them.
  - \* Keep your house cooler in the winter, and wear sweaters.
  - \* Keep your house warmer in the summer, and wear cool clothes.
4. Use less toxic chemicals when you can.
  - \* Buy digital thermometers and thermostats, because they don't contain mercury.
  - \* Use safe household cleaners instead of hazardous chemicals.

## Reuse

1. Buy durable items and use them.
  - \* Bring your own washable cup to work or school.
  - \* Use cloth napkins and towels instead of paper.
  - \* Use the air hand dryer in public bathrooms, instead of paper towels.
  - \* Use ceramic or plastic plates instead of paper plates.
  - \* Bring your own thermos to work for hot or cold drinks.
2. Reuse bags, boxes, and other containers.
  - \* Reuse paper and plastic bags.
  - \* Reuse boxes and wrapping paper.
3. Borrow, rent, or share things you don't use often.
  - \* Rent or borrow tools such as ladders, rug cleaners and garden tillers.
  - \* Share magazines and newspapers. Bring them to work, give them to friends, or give them to your doctor's office.
4. Buy, sell and donate used and second-hand items such as clothes, furniture and appliances.
  - \* Donate items to organizations like churches or thrift shops.
  - \* Buy and sell second-hand items at garage sales or consignment stores.

## Recycle

1. Use the recycling bins at home, work and school.
2. Buy products that can be recycled.
3. Look for and buy products made from recycled products. Look for the label that says "This product is made from recycled material."

## Exercise 1

**Put the letter of the definition next to the correct word.**

- |                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. _____ second-hand    | A. containers you take back to the store when you finish the product in them |
| 2. _____ returnables    | B. a large amount of product that has not been divided into smaller packages |
| 3. _____ concentrates   | C. used to wrap gifts or boxes   |
| 4. _____ bulk           | D. used  |
| 5. _____ wrapping paper | E. small amounts of a product that must be mixed with water to use properly  |

## Exercise 2

**Answer the questions from the reading.**

1. What can you do to reduce waste at school? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. What are three things you can reuse? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. How do you know if a product is made from recycled materials? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Why is it good to buy concentrates? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Why should you buy digital thermostats? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Exercise 3

**These sentences are false. Cross out the wrong word or words, and change these into true sentences.**

1. Buy the smallest size package your family can use.
2. Buy things to drink in reversible containers.
3. Buy products wrapped with extra plastic.
4. Keep your house cooler in the summer.
5. Don't buy energy efficient appliances.
6. Use more toxic chemicals whenever you can.
7. Bring your own reusable chair to school.
8. When you receive a gift, throw the wrapping paper away.
9. Buy things you don't use very often instead of renting them.
10. Buy everything new and don't shop at garage sales or consignment stores.
11. It's better to buy things that are not made from recycled material.
12. Bring your own chickens to the supermarket.

## Exercise 4

Practice these dialogs. Compliment your partner on what they are doing to reduce waste.

Example:

A: Now that's smart.

B: What?

A: Bringing your lunch in a reusable container.

B: Yeah! I like to reduce waste.

A: It's a good idea.

B: I think so. Why don't you bring your lunch in a reusable container, too?



1. reusable container



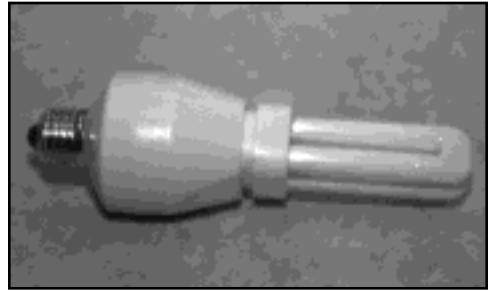
2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



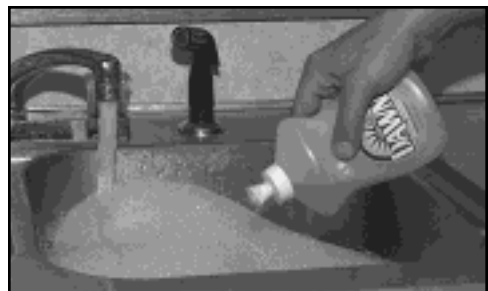
4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



7. \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 10

### Have A “Reduce, Reuse, Recycling” Question? Who Can You Call?



#### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with you partner.

1. Do you talk on the telephone in English?
2. Do you use the telephone book?
3. Have you called a County or State office?  
Who did you call?

# Vocabulary

## 1. federal (the US government)

federal	federal;nyj	savezni
dawladda federaaliga/dawladda Maraykanka	متحد	الحكومة الأميركية

## 2. listing (the name of a person, business or government office along with the phone number)

lista	zapis; v spiske	popisivati
liis magacyo	ليست کردن	جدول-قائمة

## 3. heading (the title of a group of listings)

encabezamiento	zagolovok	naslov, rubrika
magaca guud ee liisyo	عنوان	عنوان

## 4. index (a list of headings)

índice	indeks	pokazatelj
tusmada magacyada	فهرست	فهرس

## 5. residential (home)

residente	'iloj	koji boravi
hoy	مسكونی	مسكن

## **How To Find Recycling Information**

Your community may send information about recycling to you in the mail. It will tell you what you can recycle from your home, and how to prepare it. Save this information. It usually lists telephone numbers to call for more information.

To find a telephone number look in the telephone book. There are two different telephone books in every community; the “White Pages” and the “Yellow Pages.”

### **The White Pages**

The White Pages lists home telephone numbers for people. These are called residential listings. There are also sections in the book with different colored pages.

The blue section lists government offices. These telephone numbers are listed under city, county, state, or U.S. Government (federal) headings. This is where you can find the number for your city hall and information about recycling in your area.

The gray section in the White Pages is for business telephone numbers. They are listed in alphabetical order by the name of the business.

### **The Yellow Pages**

The Yellow Pages is a telephone book in which businesses advertise. The businesses are listed first by their type of business, and then in alphabetical order. So, if you are looking for the telephone number of a garage to fix your car, you would look under the heading “automobile repair.” There is also an index in the front of the telephone book to help you find the right heading. Businesses must pay to be listed in the Yellow Pages, so not all businesses are listed.



## Exercise 1

Look in your community's Yellow Pages. Find a telephone number to call for the businesses below. Write the heading, the telephone number, and the name of the business you found.

1. A store that sells automobile batteries \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

2. A store that takes clothes on consignment \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

3. A store that sells used furniture \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

4. A place that takes scrap metal \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

5. A store that sells tires \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

6. A place that buys aluminum cans \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

7. A place that takes used toys \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

## Exercise 2

Practice these dialogs with your partner. Use the information from Exercise 1 to complete these dialogs.

Example

A: I can't find a store that sells automobile batteries, in the Yellow Pages.

B: You have to look under "Automobile Parts & Supplies New."

A: Oh, thanks.

B: Here's one. It's Champion Auto Store.  
The telephone number is 555-1234.

A: I can't find a store that:

1. takes clothes on consignment
2. sells used furniture
3. takes scrap metal
4. sells tires
5. buys aluminum cans
6. takes used toys

### Exercise 3

**Read the listings below. Write A, B, C or D next to the listing, to show where you would find it in a telephone book.**

- A. the blue section of the White Pages
- B. the residential section of the White Pages
- C. the gray section of the White Pages
- D. the Yellow Pages

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Anoka County Integrated Waste Management
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Minnesota Office of Environmental Assistance
3. \_\_\_\_\_ a store that sells automobile batteries
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Frank A. Hollingshead
5. \_\_\_\_\_ Goodwill Industries
6. \_\_\_\_\_ information on curbside recycling in your neighborhood
7. \_\_\_\_\_ a consignment store for second hand clothes
8. \_\_\_\_\_ Main Street Gas Station

### Exercise 4

**Look in the blue section in your community's White Pages. Find a telephone number to call for the information below. Write the telephone number and the name of the office or business.**

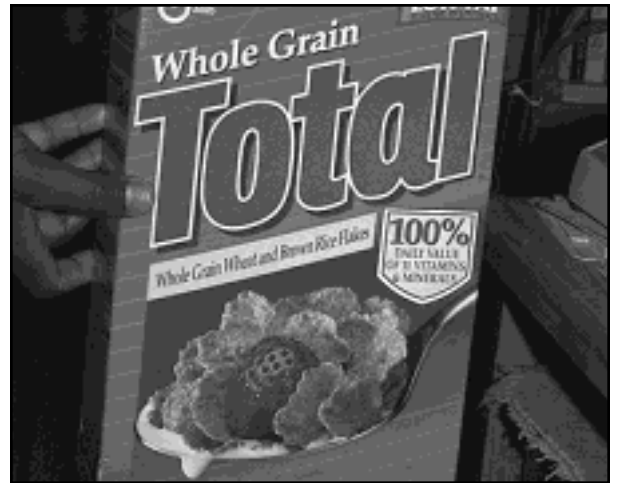
1. Information on curbside recycling in your neighborhood \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Information on compost site hours and locations \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Information on household hazardous waste \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 11

## What Items Are Made From Recycled Materials?



into



### Discussion Questions

Answer these questions with your partner.

1. What happens to your recycled aluminum cans?
2. What do they do with the plastic bottles?
3. What products do you use that are made of recycled materials?
4. How do you know they are recycled?

# Vocabulary

## 1. newsprint (paper used to make newspaper)

papel para periodico o prensa

gazetnaq bumaga

novinski papir

waraaqaha wargeesyada laga sameeyo

کاغذ چاپ

ورق المصحف

## 2. stationery (paper used for writing letters)

papel de escribe

pishaq bumaga

papir za pisanje pisama

waraaqaha qoraalka

کاغذ نامه

ورق خطابات

## 3. carpeting (a woven rug which covers an entire floor)

piso

kovrovoe pokrytie dlq polov

tepison

qadiifad/dhul-qariye

موکت

سجاد

## 4. insulation (material used to protect the inside of a building from heat & cold)

insolación

izolqciq

izolator

joojiye dhacan ama kulayl

عایق

عازل

## 5. steel (strong metal used for buildings, cars, etc.)

acero

stal;

čelik

birta cad

استیل

فولاد

## 6. floor mats (small rugs used in cars to protect the carpet)

tapetes

poloviki

podmetač ispod nogu u auto

darmooyinka dhulka

پادری

ممسحة

## 7. sandals (summer shoes with straps)

sandalias

sandalii

sandale

dacas, kabo dul furan

دمپایی

خف-صندل

## 8. carpet underlay (padding put under a carpet to make the floor feel softer)

esponnnja debajo del tapete osnovanie pod kovrovoe pokrytie

podloga ispod tepisona

qadiifad ama dhul-qariye ka hooseeye

نمد زیرموکت

بطانة المسجاد

## Vocabulary Continued

### 9. parking curbs (curbs used in parking lots)

bloques para frener al aparcar

bord[ry avtomobil;nyx stoqnok

ivičnjak

geeska cago-saarka baarkin

جدول پارکینگ

موقف سيارات

## Made From Recycled Materials

### 1. paper towels

toallas de papel

bumaənye polotenca

peškiri papirni

masaxe warqad ah

حوله کاغذی

مناشف ورقية



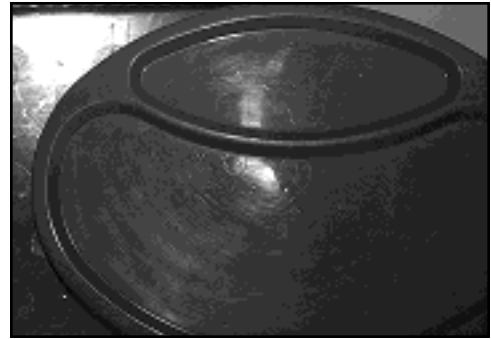
## Made From Recycled Materials

### 2. plastic trays

charolas o bandejas de plastico  
plastmassovye podnosy  
plastične tacne  
saxamo/suxuun caag ah

سەبەد پەلا سەتەیکە

صواني بلاستيكية

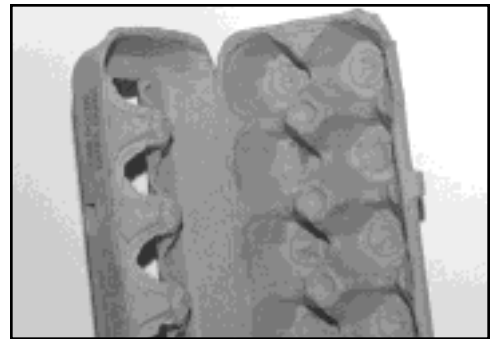


### 3. molded fiber packaging

paquete de fibra  
otformovannaq upakovka iz buma'noj massy  
tvrdo pakovanje  
duubka laga sameeyay waraaqo dib loo isticmaalay

بەسەنە بەندەى ھەى شەکل گەرفەنە

قالب ليفي للتغليف



### 4. pallet parts

tablas cuadradas para soporte  
poddon  
paletni dijelovi  
xubin ka mid ah looxa hoose ee lagu dalaco alaabooyinka

چەھار چۆب چۆبى

حشية قش



### 5. picnic table

mesas para picnic  
stoly dlq piknikov  
izletnički sto  
miisaska laydhsiga

مەزە پەك نەك

طاوولات للنزهه



# What they make from recycled materials

Recycled Materials	Products Made From Them
A. aluminum cans	new aluminum cans
B. car batteries	lead
C. corrugated cardboard	boxboard for cereal,
D. vegetable scraps, leaves and grass clippings	cake and shirt boxes, grocery bags, compost
E. glass bottles and jars	new glass bottles and jars
F. newspaper	newsprint,
	molded fiber packaging,
G. paper	boxboard for cereal, cake and shirt boxes, toilet paper, facial tissue, paper towels, stationary, book and magazine paper
H. plastic milk jugs and other plastic jugs	trays for food, picnic tables, padding under carpet, toys and other plastic items,
I. scrap metal and food cans	car parts
J. plastic soda bottles	new food cans and steel jacket and sleeping bag stuffing, carpeting and insulation
K. tires	new tires, floormats, parking curbs,
L. tree waste	road underlayment, sandals and garden hoses, pallet parts
M. yard waste	wood chips, compost



## Exercise 1

Read the information on the table. Match the letter of what you can recycle with what it is recycled into. Some of the letters can be used twice

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| A. aluminum cans                   | G. paper                                 |
| B. car batteries                   | H. plastic milk jugs, other plastic jugs |
| C. corrugated cardboard            | I. scrap metal                           |
| D. vegetable scraps and yard waste | J. plastic soda bottles                  |
| E. glass bottles and jars          | K. tires                                 |
| F. newspaper                       | L. tree waste                            |

1. \_\_\_\_\_ new aluminum cans
2. \_\_\_\_\_ lead
3. \_\_\_\_\_ grocery bags
4. \_\_\_\_\_ jacket stuffing
5. \_\_\_\_\_ stationery
6. \_\_\_\_\_ steel
7. \_\_\_\_\_ compost
8. \_\_\_\_\_ new glass bottles and jars
9. \_\_\_\_\_ floor mats
10. \_\_\_\_\_ pallet parts
11. \_\_\_\_\_ wood chips
12. \_\_\_\_\_ padding under carpet
13. \_\_\_\_\_ newsprint
14. \_\_\_\_\_ boxboard for cereal
15. \_\_\_\_\_ road underlayment

## Exercise 2

Work with a partner. Look at the pictures and complete the following dialogs. Tell what each item or container is, and what it is recycled into.

Example:

1. A: What are you doing?  
 B: I'm throwing away this cardboard box.  
 A: But you can recycle that!  
 B: They don't really do anything with this, do they?  
 A: Sure they do. They make boxboard for cereal.  
 B: Oh, well I guess I'll recycle it!



1. boxboard for cereal



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4. \_\_\_\_\_



5. \_\_\_\_\_



6. \_\_\_\_\_



7. \_\_\_\_\_

### Exercise 3 - Workbook Survey

**Send us your answers to these questions, and you will get a free English dictionary.**

After studying from this book, please answer these questions as completely as possible. Your answers will help us improve how we teach this subject to other students in the future, and you will get a free English dictionary (while supplies last). Even though the questions are translated (see pages 105,106 and 107), your answers must be written in English.

1. How many hours of time did you spend studying this book? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. What do you recycle now, that you did not recycle before? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Are there things that you have stopped buying or using because they are wasteful or toxic? \_\_\_\_\_ If yes, what are they? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Have you called to find out where to go, in your community, to dispose of household hazardous and toxic waste? \_\_\_\_\_ If yes, have you gone there yet? \_\_\_\_\_ What did you dispose of? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. Now that you have learned about waste reduction and proper waste management, how has your behavior changed most? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. What is the most important thing that you have learned from this book?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. If we print a new edition, what changes would make this a better textbook?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Copy or carefully tear this page out, and proceed to Exercise 4, page 108.**

Envíenos las respuestas a estas preguntas y usted obtendrá gratis un diccionario de inglés.

Después de haber estudiado este libro, por favor responda estas preguntas lo más completas posible. Sus respuestas nos ayudarán a mejorar el sistema de enseñanza sobre este tema a otros estudiantes en el futuro, y al mismo tiempo usted obtendrá gratis un diccionario de inglés. Aunque las preguntas están traducidas, las respuestas deberán escribirse en inglés.

1. ¿Cuántas horas usted utilizó para estudiar este libro?
2. ¿Qué recicla usted ahora, que anteriormente usted no reciclaba?
3. ¿Hay cosas que usted pare de comprar o usar debido a que son innecesarias o tóxicas? Si su respuesta es sí, ¿Cuáles son estas?
4. ¿Usted ha llamado para ver dónde puede ir en su comunidad a dejar o llevar productos que usted usa en su casa que son peligrosos o basura tóxica?
5. Ahora que usted ha aprendido sobre cómo reducir la basura y un manejo positivo de ella, ¿Cuál parte de su comportamiento ha cambiado más?
6. ¿Cuál es la cosa más importante que usted ha aprendido en este libro?
7. ¿Si nosotros hacemos una nueva edición, qué cambios harían este libro un mejor libro de enseñanza?

Príwlyte nam otvety na sledu[]ie voprosy i my besplatno príwlem vam anglijskij slovar;

Posle togo, kak vy prohtete `tu knigu, prosim po vozmo'nosti dat; podrobnye otvety na ni'esledu[]ie voprosy. Vawí otvety pomogut nam v budu]em uluhwit; obuhenie `tomu predmetu drugix studentov, a vy za `to poluhite v podarok anglijskij slovar;. Nesmotrq na to, hto `ti voprosy perevedeny, otvety dol'ny byt; napisany po-anglijski.

1. Skol;ko vremeni vy potratili na izuhenie `toj knigi\*
2. Hto imenno vy utilizirujete teper; iz togo, hto vy do `togo vybrasyvali\*
3. Prekratili li vy pokupat; ili ispol;zovat; nekotorye tovary, potomu hto oni toksihny ili potomu hto `to privodit k bol;wim otxodam\* Esli da, to hto imenno\*
4. Pytalis; li vy uznat;, gde v vawem rajone prinima[t toksihnye ili opasnye dlq zdorov;q ili okru'a[]ej sredy otxody produktov bytovoj ximii\* Esli da, to byli li vy tam u'e\* Hto imenno vy sdali\*
5. Hto bol;we vsego izmenilos; v vawem obraze 'izni posle togo, kak vy uznali o sokra]enii otxodov i ix utilizacii\*
6. Hto, po vawemu mneni[, samoe va'noe iz togo, hto vy uznali iz `toj knigi\*
7. Esli budet gotovit;sq novoe izdanie `toj knigi, to, po vawemu mneni[, kakie izmeneniq v nej sdelali by ee bolee xorowim uhebnym posobiem\*

Pošaljite nam vaša pitanja od ovih odgovora i vi ćete dobiti besplatno Engleski riječnik.

Poslije učenja iz ove knjige, molimo odgovorite ova pitanja kao kompletno kao vjerovatno. Vaša pitanja pomoći će nama poboljšanju kako podučavamo ovaj predmet (sadržaj) do drugih studenata u budućnosti i vi ćete dobiti besplatno Engleski riječnik. Čak premda pitanja su prevedena, odgovori moraju biti pisana na Engleskom.

1. Koliko ste sati upotrijebili učeći ovu knjigu?
2. Šta vi izdvajate za ponovo prerađivanje sad, to što ti nisi izdvajao prije?
3. Dali imate stvari što ste prestali kupovanje ili upotrebljavanje zato što su ne izdvojive (rasipne) ili otrovne? Ako da, šta su one?
4. Da li ste nazivali da nađete van, gdje ići u vašoj mjesnoj zajednici rasporediti (raspolagati) od kućnih opasnosti i otrovnih otpadi? Ako da, da li ideš tamo još?
5. Sada da li ste naučili o smanjenju (reduciranju) otpadi i pozitivnom otpadnom upravljanju kako vaše ponašanje ima najveće promjene?
6. Šta je najznačajnija stvar što ste naučili iz ove knjige.
7. Ako mi pišemo novo izdanje, koje bih promjene napravile bolji sadržaj ove knjige?

Noo soo dir jawaabahaaga ad kaga jawaabaysid su'aalahan, waxa ad heli doontaa af-garab ama qaamuus Ingiriisa oon lacaggi kaaga bixin.

Ka dib markii ad wax ka baratid buuggan, fadlan ka jawaab su'aalahan oo uga jawaab si buuxda intii kuu suurogal ah.

1. Immisa saacadood ayaa ad wax ka baranaysay buuggan?
2. Maxaa ad imminka dib-u-dhaqangalin ama dib-u-isticmaalid ku samaysaa ee aanad hore dib-u-dhaqangalin jirin?
3. Ma jiraan wax ad joojisay isticmaalkiisa ama iibsashadiisa sababtoo ah waa wax sun ah ama laga maarmi karo isticmaalkiisa?
4. Ma wacday meel si ad u heshid meesha ad beeshaada ama xaafaddada lagu tuuro waxyaabaha khatarta ah ama sunta ah? Haddii jawaabtu haa tahay, ma tagtay meesha loogu talagalay kaydka ama tuuris waxa sunta ah? Maxaa ad gaysay ama ku soo tuurtay meesha?
5. Imminka kol haddii ad wax ka baratay yaraynta khasaara tuurka iyo maamulka wareegga dib-u-dhaqangalinta waxa la tuurayo, sidee ayay wax isaga bedeleen, halka ugu badan, dhaqankaaga maalmeed--maxaa ad imminka samaysaa oo aanad hore u samayn jirin?
6. Sheeg waxa ugu muhiimsan ee ad ka baratay buuggan?
7. Haddii ay noqoto in annu dib u soo daabacno buuggan, maxaa ad jeceshahay in lagu daro ama laga bedelo si buuggani u sii fiicnaado?

جواب های این سؤالات را برای ما بفرستید و يك ديكشنری بگيريد بعد از مطالعه اين كتاب، لطفاً به اين سؤالات جواب دهيد .  
جواب های شما به ما كمك خواهد كرد كه چطور اين موضوعات را به ديگر دانش آموزان ياد دهيم و شما يك ديكشنری انگليسی خواهيد گرفت . اگر چه سوالها ترجمه شده است جوابها بايستی به زبان انگليسی نوشته شده باشد .

برای مطالعه اين كتاب چند ساعت وقت صرف کرده ايد چه چيزی را ريسا يکل می كنيد كه قبلاً نمی كرديد  
آيا چيزهایی وجود دارند كه به خاطر سمی يا مضر بودن از خريد و مصرف آنها جلوگيری کرده ايد اگر جواب بله هست چه چيزهایی هستند  
آيا شما با جایی تماس گرفته ايد تا در ياد ياد مواد سمی و چيزهای خطرناك داخل خانه را كجا بايستی دور بيندازيد اگر جواب بله هست آيا تا كنون آنجا رفته ايد چه موادی را دور انداخته ايد  
حالا شما در باره مواد زائد و مفيد آموخته ايد، نظر شما چگونه تغيير کرده است  
مهمترين چيزی كه از اين كتاب ياد گرفته ايد چيست  
اگر چاپ جديدی از كتاب تهيه كنيم چه تغييراتی در اين كتاب باعث بهتر شدن آن می شود

ارسل المينا اجاباتك على هذه الاسئلة و ستحصل على قاموس انكليزي دون مقابل

بعد دراستك هذا الكتاب ،  
رجاء احب على هذه الاسئلة اجابة كاملة قدر المستطاع  
إن اجاباتك سوف تساعدنا على تحسين تدريسنا هذه المواضيع  
للطلاب الآخرين في المستقبل و ستحصل على قاموس انكليزي  
دون مقابل .و مع ان الاسئلة مترجمة ، فالاجوبة يجب  
تكتب باللغة الانكليزية

كم ساعة انفقت في دراسة هذا الكتاب ؟  
ما الذي قمت بتصنيعه الآن لم تقم به قبلاً ؟  
هل هناك أشياء توقفت عن شرائها أو إستعمالها لأنها تالفة  
او سامة ؟ إذا كان الجواب نعم ، ماهي ؟  
هل إتصلت بأهالي منطقتك لإيجاد طريقة للتخلص من المواد  
المنزلية الخطرة أو الفضلات السامة ؟ إذا كان الجواب نعم  
الم تذهب هناك بعد ؟ ما الذي تخلصتم منه ؟  
والآن وقد تعلمت كيفية تخفيض النفایات و التنظيم الايجابي لها  
كيف تغير سلوكك ؟

ما المشي الأكثر أهمية الذي تعلمته من هذا الكتاب ؟  
إذا طبعنا نسخة جديدة ، أية تغييرات تجعل هذا الكتاب  
المدرسي أفضل ؟

## Exercise 4

After you have torn Exercise 3 out of your book, put it in an envelope. Send us your answers, and if you are one of the first 2000 people to respond, we will send you a free English dictionary.

Print your name and address on an envelope, add a stamp, and mail your answers to:

your name	<div>stamp</div>
your street address	
city, state, zip code	
<div>“Free Dictionary” The MN Literacy Council 756 Transfer Road St. Paul, MN 55114</div>	

**Thank you for your assistance!**