

Implementing ACE in Minnesota

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The Plan for Today

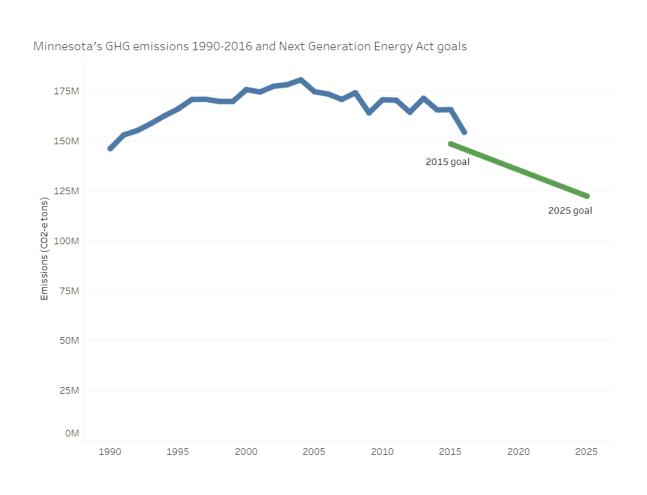
- Climate Change Response Action in Minnesota
- Summary of 111(d) plans and the ACE Rule
- ACE in Minnesota
- Compliance options and timeframe for implementation
- How to participate in plan development

Next Generation Energy Act of 2007

- Minn. Stat. § 216H.02
- Requires progressive reductions in GHG emissions (from 2005 levels):
 - 15% reduction by 2015
 - 30% reduction by 2025
 - 80% reduction by 2050



Next Generation Act GHG Reduction Goals





1/31/2020

MN Gov Walz creates Climate Subcabinet



Climate Change Subcabinet

- Establish a Climate Change Subcabinet to
 - Identify policies and strategies to put MN back on track to meet Next Gen goals;
 - Identify policies and strategies to enhance MN resiliency
- Establish an Advisory Council on Climate Change to advise the Subcabinet.
- The MPCA provides staffing and administrative support to the Subcabinet.

Subpart Ba—Adoption and Submittal of State Plans for Designated Facilities Contents §60.20a Applicability. §60.21a Definitions. §60.22a Publication of emission guidelines. §60.23a Adoption and submittal of State plans; public hearings. §60.24a Standards of performance and compliance schedules. §60.25a Emission inventories, source surveillance, reports. §60.26a Legal authority. §60.27a Actions by the Administrator. §60.28a Plan revisions by the State. §60.29a Plan revisions by the Administrator. SOURCE: 84 FR 32575, July 8, 2019, unless otherwise noted. **♣** Back to Top §60.20a Applicability. (a) The provisions of this subpart apply upon publication of a final emission guideline under §60.22a(a) if implementation of such final guideline is ongoing as of f or if the final guideline is published after July 8, 2019. (1) Each emission guideline promulgated under this part is subject to the requirements of this subpart, except that each emission guideline may include specific provisions in addition to or that supersede requirements of this subpart. Each emission guideline must identify explicitly any provision of this subpart that is superseded.

111(d) Plans and the ACE Rule

C or D, or any other authority of this Act), or a standard issued under State authority.

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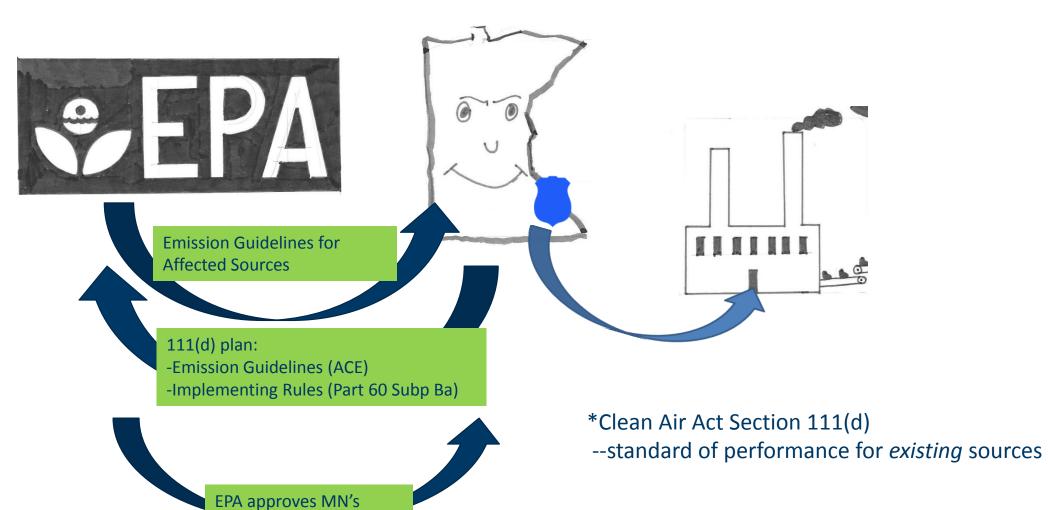
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ACE is an Emission Guideline*



111(d) plan

ACE replaces the Clean Power Plan

	ACE (40 CFR Part 60 Subp. UUUUa)	CPP		
CO2 Emission	Approx. 8.9% reduction from no	35% from 2005 levels		
Reduction	policy baseline	19% from BAU		
Affected Units	Coal	Coal and Nat Gas Combined Cycle		
BSER	Technologies that apply only within fenceline—Heat Rate Improvements (HRI)	HRI, fuel-switching, fuel co-firing, unit or facility averaging, add-on controls, emissions trading		
Emission Limits	Not set in rule EPA says use HRI to comply. States develop rate-based CO2 limit.	Rate-based (Lb/MWh) or Mass-based (TPY) set in rule States and Utilities figure out how to comply		

HRI Measure	< 200 MW		200-500 MW		>500 MW	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Neural Network/Intelligent Sootblowers	0.5	1.4	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.9
Boiler Feed Pumps	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5
Air Heater & Duct Leakage Control	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4
Variable Frequency Drives	0.2	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.0
Blade Path Upgrade (Steam Turbine)	0.9	2.7	1.0	2.9	1.0	2.9
Redesign/Replace Economizer	0.5	0.9	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.0
Improved Operating and Maintenance Practices	Can range from 0 to > 2.0% depending on the unit's historical O&M practices					

Heat Rate Improvement Measures

ACE in Minnesota



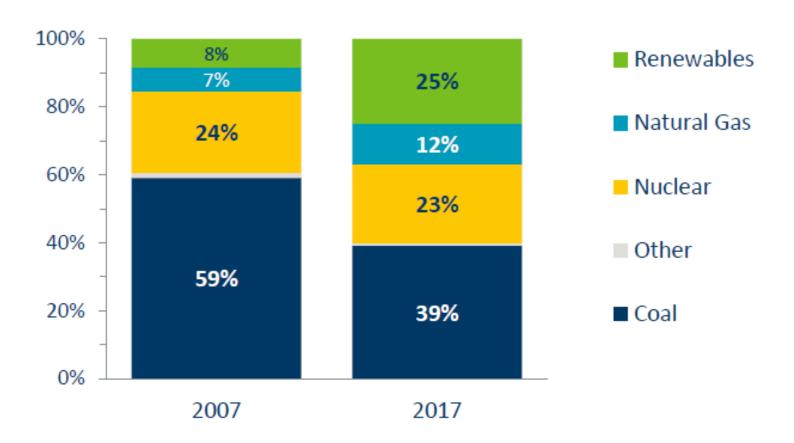


Facility	Size	Retirement Date					
Minnesota Power							
Boswell Energy Center 3	390 MW	No retirement date					
Boswell Energy Center 4	640MW	No retirement date					
Taconite Harbor Energy Center unit 2	76 MW	2020 – no coal					
Taconite Harbor Energy Center unit 3	83 MW	2020 – no coal					
Xcel Energy							
Sherburne County 1	680 MW	2026					
Sherburne County 2	682 MW	2023					
Sherburne County 3	900 MW	2030proposed					
Allen S. King	510 MW	2028proposed					

Electricity generation by fuel type

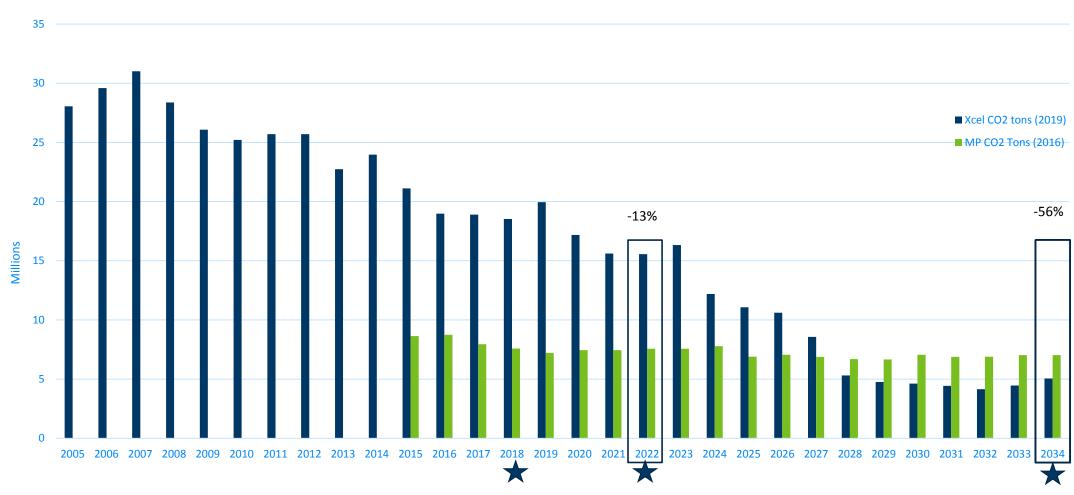
Minnesota's Electricity Generation Mix

(% Megawatthours, source: U.S. EIA)



MN Utility System CO2 emissions—Planned reductions are greater than what ACE requires

MN Utility CO2 emissions



Do nothing

EPA develops Federal Plan

Benefits:

No MPCA resources expended

Drawbacks:

No control on outcome for MN

Utility resources still needed

ACE compliance

CO2 emissions rate through rule or AO

Benefits:

Control on how ACE implemented in Minnesota

Drawbacks:

Expected no environmental benefit

ACE Compliance w/strengthening

CO2 emissions rate through rule or AO w/IRPs, shutdowns

Benefits:

Control on how ACE is implemented in Minnesota

Environmental benefits greater because of strengthening

Drawbacks:

Sets up conflict with EPA about approvable plan

Rulemaking or administrative orders

Bold Plan

Regional EGU emissions trading program

Benefits: Captures current planned reductions, offers future reduction mechanism to meet NextGen for other MN economic sectors

Drawbacks:

Sets up conflict with EPA about approvable plan

Regulatory Mechanisms unclear

Potential Strengthening Measures

- Could include in MN's regulatory vehicle:
 - Mass emission limits
 - System wide emission limits
 - Fuel-switching, generation shifting
 - Facility closures
 - Current Integrated Resource Planning
 - Other?
- Modeled on Minnesota's Regional Haze SIP
- A strengthened ACE plan could incorporate planned CO2 reductions, or result in greater reductions.

Tasks and decisions

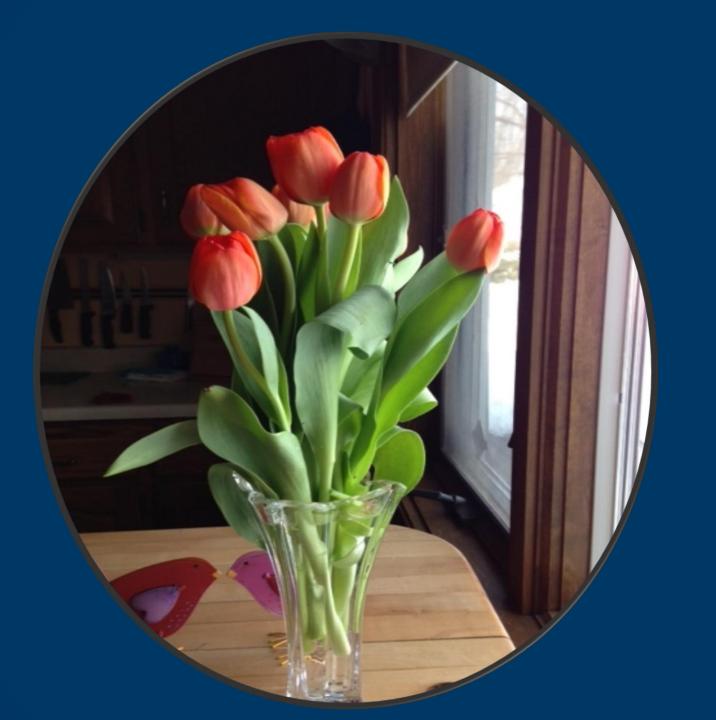
- Develop HRI assessment
 - Technical assessment
 - Cost evaluation
 - Initial Request for Information sent to utilities January 2020
- Evaluate the form of a standard
 - ACE requires:
 - emission limit for each unit
 - an emissions rate: CO2 lb/MWh
- Identify administrative vehicles to create enforceable conditions
 - Administrative Order—Minn. Stat. 116.07, subp. 9

Timeline of actions



Public Input by March 6, 2020

- Which of the four 111(d) plan options do you prefer and why?
- Do you see a reason for the MPCA to conduct rulemaking instead of using administrative orders to develop enforceable emission limits?
- What are your thoughts on ongoing public engagement for this rule? Would technical stakeholder meetings or webinars be useful? If so, what topics should we address? What frequency and what kind of information/detail would be appropriate?
- Given the other processes influencing power sector GHG emissions, how important is the ACE rule to your organization?
- Email MPCA.ACErule@state.mn.us by March 6, 2020



Thank you!