



I. Introduction

An owner or operator may fill in this form in replacement of a highlighted copy of the New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) located in 40 CFR 60, Subpart JJJ—Standards of Performance for Petroleum Dry Cleaners.

Please be aware that all facilities subject to this NSPS are also subject to 40 CFR 60 Subpart A - General Provisions. Where this NSPS refers to portions of Subpart A (§60.1 to §60.19), please copy those referenced portions of Subpart A and check off the specific items that apply to your facility.

You can find the most recent version of 40 CFR 60, subpart A on EPA's website at <http://www.epa.gov/epacfr40/chapt-I.info/chi-toc.htm/>. A formatted version of subpart A (Form NSPS-A) with check off boxes is available on the MPCA's website, at <http://www.pca.state.mn.us/air/permits/forms.html>.

NSPS PROVISION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if APPLICABLE
Location and Language	
Section 60.620 Applicability and designation of affected facility.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(a) The provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities located at a petroleum dry cleaning plant with a total manufacturers' rated dryer capacity equal to or greater than 38 kilograms (84 pounds): Petroleum solvent dry cleaning dryers, washers, filters, stills, and settling tanks.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(1) When the affected facility is installed in an existing plant that is not expanding the manufacturers' rated capacity of its petroleum solvent dryer(s), the total manufacturers' rated dryer capacity is the summation of the manufacturers' rated capacity for each existing petroleum solvent dryer.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(2) When the affected facility is installed in a plant that is expanding the manufacturers' rated capacity of its petroleum solvent dryers, the total manufacturers' rated dryer capacity is the summation of the manufacturers' rated dryer capacity for each existing and proposed new petroleum solvent dryer.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(3) When the affected facility is installed in a new plant, the total manufacturers' rated dryer capacity is the summation of the manufacturers' rated dryer capacity for each proposed new petroleum solvent dryer.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(4) The petroleum solvent dryers considered in the determination of the total manufacturers' rated dryer capacity are those new and existing dryers in the plant that will be in service at any time after the proposed new source or modification commences operation.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Any facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction or modification after December 14, 1982, is subject to the requirements of this subpart with the following exception. A dryer installed between December 14, 1982, and September 21, 1984, in a plant with an annual solvent consumption level of less than 17,791 liters (4,700 gallons), is exempt from the requirements of this subpart.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Section 60.621 Definitions.	
As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.	
<i>Cartridge filter</i> means a discrete filter unit containing both filter paper and activated carbon that traps and removes contaminants from petroleum solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.	
<i>Dryer</i> means a machine used to remove petroleum solvent from articles of clothing or other textile or leather goods, after washing and removing of excess petroleum solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.	

NSPS PROVISION Location and Language	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if APPLICABLE
Section 60.621 Definitions. (continued)	
<p><i>Manufacturers' rated dryer capacity</i> means the dryer's rated capacity of articles, in pounds or kilograms of clothing articles per load, dry basis, which is typically found on each dryer on the manufacturer's name-plate or in the manufacturer's equipment specifications.</p> <p><i>Perceptible leaks</i> means any petroleum solvent vapor or liquid leaks that are conspicuous from visual observation or that bubble after application of a soap solution, such as pools or droplets of liquid, open containers or solvent, or solvent laden waste standing open to the atmosphere.</p> <p><i>Petroleum dry cleaner</i> means a dry cleaning facility that uses petroleum solvent in a combination of washers, dryers, filters, stills, and settling tanks.</p> <p><i>Settling tank</i> means a container that gravimetrically separates oils, grease, and dirt from petroleum solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.</p> <p><i>Solvent filter</i> means a discrete solvent filter unit containing a porous medium that traps and removes contaminants from petroleum solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.</p> <p><i>Solvent recovery dryer</i> means a class of dry cleaning dryers that employs a condenser to condense and recover solvent vapors evaporated in a closed-loop stream of heated air, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.</p> <p><i>Still</i> means a device used to volatilize, separate, and recover petroleum solvent from contaminated solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.</p> <p><i>Washer</i> means a machine which agitates fabric articles in a petroleum solvent bath and spins the articles to remove the solvent, together with the piping and ductwork used in the installation of this device.</p>	
Section 60.622 Standards for volatile organic compounds.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(a) Each affected petroleum solvent dry cleaning dryer that is installed at a petroleum dry cleaning plant after December 14, 1982, shall be a solvent recovery dryer. The solvent recovery dryer(s) shall be properly installed, operated, and maintained.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) Each affected petroleum solvent filter that is installed at a petroleum dry cleaning plant after December 14, 1982, shall be a cartridge filter. Cartridge filters shall be drained in their sealed housings for at least 8 hours prior to their removal.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Each manufacturer of an affected petroleum solvent dryer shall include leak inspection and leak repair cycle information in the operating manual and on a clearly visible label posted on each affected facility. Such information should state: To protect against fire hazards, loss of valuable solvents, and emissions of solvent to the atmosphere, periodic inspection of this equipment for evidence of leaks and prompt repair of any leaks is recommended. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency recommends that the equipment be inspected every 15 days and all vapor or liquid leaks be repaired within the subsequent 15 day period.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Section 60.623 Equivalent equipment and procedures.	<input type="checkbox"/>
(a) Upon written application from any person, the Administrator may approve the use of equipment or procedures that have been demonstrated to his satisfaction to be equivalent, in terms of reducing VOC emissions to the atmosphere, to those prescribed for compliance within a specified paragraph of this subpart. The application must contain a complete description of the equipment or procedure; the testing method; the date, time and location of the test; and a description of the test results. Written applications shall be submitted to the Administrator, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460.	<input type="checkbox"/>

NSPS PROVISION Location and Language	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> if APPLICABLE
Section 60.623 Equivalent equipment and procedures. (continued)	<input type="checkbox"/>
(b) The Administrator will make a preliminary determination of whether or not the application for equivalency is approvable and will publish a notice of these findings in the Federal Register. After notice and opportunity for public hearing, the Administrator will publish the final determination in the Federal Register.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Section 60.624 Test methods and procedures.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Each owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the provisions of §60.622(a) shall perform an initial test to verify that the flow rate of recovered solvent from the solvent recovery dryer at the termination of the recovery cycle is no greater than 0.05 liters per minute. This test shall be conducted for duration of no less than 2 weeks during which no less than 50 percent of the dryer loads shall be monitored for their final recovered solvent flow rate. The suggested point for measuring the flow rate of recovered solvent is the outlet of the solvent-water separator. Near the end of the recovery cycle, the entire flow of recovered solvent should be diverted to a graduated cylinder. As the recovered solvent collects in the graduated cylinder, the elapsed time is monitored and recorded in periods of greater than or equal to 1 minute. At the same time, the volume of solvent in the graduated cylinder is monitored and recorded to determine the volume of recovered solvent that is collected during each time period. The recovered solvent flow rate is calculated by dividing the volume of solvent collected per period by the length of time elapsed during the period and converting the result with appropriate factors into units of liters per minute. The recovery cycle and the monitoring procedure should continue until the flow rate of solvent is less than or equal to 0.05 liter per minute. The type of articles cleaned and the total length of the cycle should then be recorded.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Section 60.625 Recordkeeping requirements.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Each owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the provisions of this subpart shall maintain a record of the performance test required under §60.624.	<input type="checkbox"/>